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#### 31 December 1952

MEMORANDUM POR:	Doputy Director for Plans			
Subject:	Background Material for January 7th.	visit on Wednesday,		



Security Information

- 2 -

THOMAS W. ERADEN, Chief, International Organizations Division

Attachments: a/s
IO/TONIC:WFD/cmm
Distribution:
Orig - Addressee
1 cc - CIO
1 cc - IO/TONIC
1 cc - RI

14-00000

Security Information

SECURITY INFORMATION

31 December 1952

MEMORALDUM FOR: DEFUTY DIRECTOR (FLANS)

VIA: Chief, Political and Esychological Marriage

SUBJECT:

14-00000

NCFE Cooperation with CIA

The cooperation of NCFE in certain matters should be brought to your attention.

3. Inaddition, NOFÉ has done some specific research for us with skill and great speed.

THOMAS 4. BRADEN Chief International organizations Division

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SECURITY INFORMATION

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Chief, Cover Division, Plans/FI

19 December 1952

Chief, Contact Division, On

HII-591

Crusade for Freedom

The attached extract from the 12 December 1952 issue of Fifth Army's Domestic Intelligence Report is forwarded as being of possible interest to your office.

Encl: 1

14-00000

E. H. ASSICHAFT

CHALL ASON

Confidential

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SEUNET SELIN

2010 1689

16 Locember 1952

MEMORANDUM FOR: DEPUTY DIRECTOR (PLANS)

SUBJECT:

Edward W. Barrett and NCFE

REFERENCE &

Your Note Lated 11 December 1952

I'm informed by Admiral Miller that the matter of Edward W. Barrett joining NCFE as a director, was discussed at an Executive Committee meeting a month ago.

No formal decision was made because of considerable opposition so the matter has been tabled.

THOMAS W. BRADEN
Chief
International Organizations Livision

, O P Y

15 Docember 1952

Dear Archie:

I much enjoyed our chance for a talk, and Bill Durkee, who assists me in the subject we discussed, is tremendously enthusiastic, as I am, about the possibility that you will consider favorably the appointment Frank mentioned.

Let me state again what seems to me most important in the facts under discussion. The job is of national and world-wide importance. It can help achieve greatness. It can endanger us all. It requires a man of imagination and ideas but also a man of deep and thoughtful responsibility to discharge it well.

I should like you to consider that I am at your service at any time to give you any facts you would like to have or any opinions for that matter. All of us here consider that we would be greatly privileged to be able to help you if you undertook the job.

Sincerely,

Thomas W. Braden

Mr. Archibald Alexander 11:30 - 33rd Street, N. W. Washington, D. C.

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		ROUTING	AND REC	ORD SHEET
INSTRUCTIONS: Of and each comment before further routi	licer des grations numbered to corre ng. This Routin	should be used in the "T spond with the number in g and Record Sheet show	O'' column, Un i the "TO" colum Id be returned to	der each comment a line should be drawn across s in. Each officer should initial (check mark insuffice Registry.
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July 8,1952

Note: Nelson please deliver this to Allen.

To: Allen Dulles

14-00000

You recently asked me for our views on Yugoslavia. The enclosed memorandum is a consensus formed from all of our key staff members. It also meets with the approval of John Hughes. I think this is a fair statement of what we are doing to date and what our views are. I hope this will be of some use to you.

Leonal

Enclosure

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#### MEMORARISUM

The liational Committee for a free Europe's policy in respect to Yugoslavia and Yuroslav exile activities may be summarized in the following ptatements.

- 1. The Committee uses not now, nor loss it plan to interfere, by radio or otherwise, with the domestic siraira of the Yugoslav people or of the Titoist regime.
- 2. In so far as our anti-Staliniat sins and activities coincide, we see no reason to obstruct such functional and mutually beneficial arrangements as may from time to time present themselves. Specifically, we have no objection to exchanging with Radio Folgrade certain types of radio materials in respect to the countries under Soviet desipation which might enhance the effectiveness of our radio programs or otherwise and the work of the Matienal Committee for a Free Europe.
- 3. As an anti-Communist organization tedicated to the concepts of democracy and of individual freedom refeel it is entirely consistent and proper to extend aid to democratic Yugoslavu exiled from their nemelands, within the budgetary and other limitations under which we operate. To this end a tetal of some 69 Yugoslavu are retained by the Committee and engaged in five types of work.
  - a) In Radio Free Europe, which has no Yugoslav dook, 13 Yuwoslavs have been engaged as information analysts, program advisors and translators because of their technical abilities.
  - c) In the Research & Publications Service 9 Yugoslave are entated in analytics of the logislav press and other sources of information and in the publication of factual, non-propagandistic studies and brilistins designed to keep the engration and interested Americans informed on denestic events.
  - e) Finally, the Mational Councils Division gives financial aid to three formerly prominent Processors in recognition of their past services to the cases of democracy.

In conclusion, the number of Yuksalays thus supported by the Committee's various divisions represents 1.6% of the total exile is staff.

SSH/bvb

Sent to that Dept. 28 July 1952

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Security Information

Stop 1671

11 December 1952

MEMORANDUM FOR: CHIEF, POLITICAL AND PSYCHOLOGICAL WARFARE

SUBJECT:

National Committee for a Free Europe

2. As he is aware, NCFE conducts an enormous amount of research and other activity. I believe we can now may with some certainty that this record is being put to use by Washington.

THOMAS W. ERADEN

Chief

International Organizations Division

Attachment
Memo from DC/O,SI dtd 26 Nov. 52

# Office Memorandium • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Chief, PP/IOD

DATE: 26 November 1952

PROM : Deputy Chief, Operations Staff, 0/81

SUBJECT: Fulfillment of Requirement RDA-3345

- . 1. This offices wishes to express its appreciation for the excellent cooperation provided by your TOHIC Branch in connection with our requirement NDA-3345 concerning higher education in Poland.
- 2. The material which we received met our need precisely and enabled us to close out this requirement.

CSI/JEQuicley:bm

Distribution:

Orig and 1 - Forward

1 - Subject file

1 - Daily rending file

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1 - Chief, SRD

Security Information

Standard in control

11 December 1952

MEMORANDUM FOR: DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE

SUBJECT:

14-00000

University of the Saar

- 1. The University of the Saar was created on 8 March 1947. It has four facilities -- two in Saarbrucken (Letters and Law) and two in Hombourg (Medicine and Science). Faculty members are French, German, Swiss, British and Saarois.
- 2. A number of "institutes" exist with undefined relations to the University though financed, as is the rest of the University, by the French Government, and include a special institute for interpreters, an institute for economic science, and a European Institute. The support of the French Government of this University, aside from its merits, is part of the French attempt to Europeanize the Saar.
- 3. The European Institute, devoted to European unity, is a recent creation and is largely the result of the promotions of former Deputy, Andre Philip. It was the European Institute to which the Herald Tribune article specifically refers.
- 4. The University participated extensively, especially the European Institute, in the European Youth Campaign. Some of the specific activities were as follows:

March 1952: The Campaign cooperated with the International Institute of the University of Sarrebruck in arranging a meeting of young professors in the Saar and another meeting of youth leaders, both to discuss European problems. Films were supplied by the Campaign for both these meetings.

By the end of April, 25 youth organizations (practically all) in the Saar were associated with the Campaign. During April, May, and June an extensive program of discussion groups was arranged in the secondary schools throughout the Saar. These groups were sponsored jointly by the Campaign and the youth groups of the Saar. The groups discussed all phases of the unity question but concentrated particularly on the Schuman

Plan due to the economic position of the Saar in this matter. Films and publications of the Campaign were used in the discussions. 7000 students participated.

During June 1952, in cooperation with the Campaign, students and professors of the International Institute formed a committee along with youth leaders to discuss the particular problems of the Saar in a United Europe.

On March 27, 1952 the Campaign held a large study group in cooperation with the European Institute of the University of the Saar. Students attended from Aix, Hambourg, Oxford, Tubingen, Leyden, Nancy, Berlin and Paris. Lecturers were provided by the Campaign.

THOMAS W. BRADEN

Chief

International Organizations Division

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Security Information

DD/P 1235

10 November 1952

MEMORANDUM FOR: Chief, International Organizations Division

SUBJECT : University of the Saar

14-00000

- 1. In the Sunday November 9 1ssue of the New York Herald Tribune there was a rather full and very interesting account of the purposes and objectives of the University of the Saar, which I am envious for the addressees of the original and copies of this memorandum to read. The writer of the piece has evidently been much impressed with the efforts of this institution in the field of advancing European unity, and if the account which he gives is an accurate one, it seems to me that we should (a) know more about this and (b) give consideration to providing some support for it if it is good. It might even prove to be the case that this is a better and more deserving show than some of the activities which we are currently supporting having similar objectives. I think we are generally agreed that it is better to get in behind and give support and encouragement to a movement which has demonstrated the ability to stand on its own feet than to try to create and sustain an activity which would not exist but for our own contributions.
- I should appreciate receiving from you in due course your estimate of the significance of this activity, etc.

182

FRANK G. WISHER
Deputy Director (Flans)

cc: C/WE (Attention: Mr. C/EE

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DD/P 1-35

10 November 1952

MEMORANDUM FOR: Chief, International Organizations Division

SUBJECT : University of the Saar

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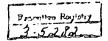
- 1. In the Sunday November 9 issue of the New York Herald Tribune there was a rather full and very interesting account of the purposes and objectives of the University of the Saar, which I am anxious for the addressees of the original and copies of this memorandum to read. The writer of the piece has evidently been much impressed with the efforts of this institution in the field of advancing European unity, and if the account which he gives is an accurate one, it seems to me that we should (a) know more about this and (b) give consideration to providing some support for it if it is good. It might even prove to be the case that this is a better and more deserving show than some of the activities which we are currently supporting having similar objectives. I think we are generally agreed that it is better to get in behind and give support and encouragement to a movement which has demonstrated the ability to stand on its own feet than to try to create and sustain an activity which would not exist but for our own contributions.
- 2. I should appreciate receiving from you in due course your estimate of the significance of this activity, etc.

FRANK G. WISNER

FRANK G. WISNER
Deputy Director (Plans)

cc: C/WE (Attention: Mr.

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## SECRET Security Information

10 December 1954

MEMORANDUM FOR: DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE

DEPUTY DERECTOR (PLANS)

SUBJECT:

14-00000

Call by Spencer Phenix on DDCI

1. Spencer Phenix will call upon the DDCI Friday for the purpose of taking up with him certain questions among which are

the following:



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- 3 -

THOMAS W. BRALEN
Chief
International Organizations Division

December 2, 1932

Dear Allen,

When we were talking on the telephone last wook you sage gestor that possibly be interested in the N.C.F.M. and that he might be worth considering as President to succeed Min Miller. As you requested, I have not massifeded als name to anyone as yet and will not to so until a pear further from you. As I understand it, you are going to the talking to him some time this week and hope to escentain then whother he himself would have some interest in this fee. Whenever you do get any further information on this please let me know.

Meanting, a number of other names have been suggested and we will give than coreful condition. Naturally we will discuss them with you before taking any definite action.

14-00000

TW13

December 1, 1952

ber r

The enclosed documents may be of interest to you and

are sent to you for information.

Sincercly yours,

nct 1372.

October 31, 1952

The Henerable Joseph C. Grew 2840 Foodland Drive, N.W. Washington 8, D. C.

Dear Mr. Grew:

Attached herewith you will tind a most interesting summary of the methods that have been adopted by the USAR to attract the minds of youth is the satellite states.

It has long been known that some such program was being followed, sat it is only recently that detail has become available.

In contrast to these methods, efforts expended in this country to teach our young people the real merning of freedom as represented by western descreey are feetle. It is almost safe to state that we have been relying solely on an innate, sentimental aversion to "communism", because no intelligent or systematic means have as yet been organized that will apture the minds of the young people of the United States in the same fervent menner that the communist ideology has taken hard of Russian youth.

For a mittle more turn a year, in connection with the reorganization of the research activities of the Division of Intellectual Cooperation we have been attempting to enlist the neap of American intellectuals — not the interligence.

There is a difference.

From the very beginning I have been amazed to discover the dearth of people who are familiar with that section of Eur pe which engages NOFE interest — the best of countries extending from the Bartic to the Aegean. I has curious to find out thy there were so few upon whom we could draw for nelp, so I started an inquiry. The results are now being compiled.

To must remember that the teaching of history or of government in America has never been emphasized to the same degree that it has in Europe. The carricula of the secondary schools in that part of the forld cover those subjects much more comprehensively then is the case with us. It was difficult for me to appreciate this at first, but our impury has verified it without any doubt. In practically all European countries now on either side of the from Curtain it has long been traditional to emphasize instruction in history, because the tides of war and change have about and flowed across their lands for many centuries. We have seen issuated and in most respects tree from foreign influences as we have developed our democratic processes. Today American foreign posicy faces grave

issues, and in one part of the world it is deeply concerned with the very section of Europe about which cal NCFE activities revolve. Yet the American public is practically illiterate respecting this area, both its past and its present. I know whereof I speak as a result of the insuring means referred to. When it is completed I im inclined to think the results will be startling, particularly if we bear in mind that the i sues at stake must be settled; that they are a concern to this country; and that our people are practically uninformed. They know little is anything about the historical significance behind what has occurred or will occur or the next few decades unfold because they are had no opportunity to tearn the mistoric significance or it sail.

In this country today there are approximately 800 colleges and universities offering four year courses of study lending to the decidlor of Arts degree. This figure does not include the 575 junior colleges which usually conduct non-degree-granting programs the years in length — approximately the first two years of the traditional four year program. As far as our incurity has gone it is already apparent that there are only several dozen institutions in the former group which effort instruction in this area, and very few in the latter. Most of those which do cover this area are the larger universities where the courses are really graduate in character and thus elective. In many instances brick coverage is supplied in curvey courses, but even these can not and do not develop the attention that historically this part of the world now deserves. When this curvey is completed a comprehensive report of the findings will be made. It will refer to colleges included in a list compiled of the American Council or Education which is the overall representative organization in this country for higher education.

I am calling the attention of the Directors to this situation because it seems to me we must realize that the American public not only does not know what we are doing, out equally can not understand the significance of the me are trying to do it. Generation after generation has grown up in America illiterate about the outside world. What we are discovering concerning the lack of knowledge of this area will of course prove true of other parts of the globe such as the Far East or South Africa.

In our Division we reel this particularly strongly because we are dependent on help from the acaderic world. The plain fact is more and more evident that we can not rely on American higher education as a prolific course of assistance. The relatively few individuals who have studied this region, and who are therefore qualified to sid us in our efforts, are either too overburdened with demands made on their time because they are qualified, or they are too yours and inexperienced to be relied on in an enterprise as delicate as the one which we are conducting.

There are signs that in some meademic localities interest in this field is developing. However, we can not written another generation to emerge even though, under whatever suspices, a program of training could be implemented to

The Honorable Jose h G. Graw

14-00000

- 3 -

October 31, 1952

correct the situation. The important question is what can we do about it and what shall we do.

As already stated, the incurry above mentioned grew out of our attempts to discover people in American higher equation who are qualified to help us. We suspected they were not numerous, but we are amazed at the small number. We shall continue to try to persuade them to help us, but that well has been to run dry already.

Can those associated with us do emything to emphasize this situation atroughly enough in some quarters so that something will be attempted to correct it? Obviously this is not a problem but facts within the scope of NGFE; the problem concerns all colleges, universitie, secondary schools and the charmous field designated as adult education. Responsibility may even rest with the government itself.

I shall appreciate your suggestions, and will send you the final report of this survey when completed.

Cinquesty yours,

Levecing Tycon

Enclosure:

"Youth in the Soviet Latellite States"

10 July 1952

1. At the last Project Roview Committee meeting on NCFE, you asked that the State Department be consulted on policy in respect to National Councils. A review by State has begun. Meantime, however, for your information and in order to enable you to answer questions which may be raised by Mesers. Delbeare or Miller, I want to explain to you how the IO Division is presently handling exile affairs.

- 3. We have taken the following action to try to insure orderly efforts to fuse or coordinate the various exile activities conducted
  - a. This division has asked the concerned area divisions to initiate plans for reorganization and unification of each national council. The resultant paper is then coordinated with the proper authorities in State and a final line is agreed upon.
  - b. This plan is then communicated to NCFE and the organization is asked for comments, criticisms and suggestions.
  - c. After such are made or agreed upon, the paper becomes the policy directive which charts NCFE's course of action.

To date two such policy directives have been written. The first:was a plan for the reorganization of the kumanian National Council. It was submitted to NCFF, and twair criticisms and suggestions have been incorporated. The plan is now being executed.

The second was a similar State paper on the reorganization of the bulgarian Mathemal Committee. This will be submitted to NOFE on Thursday, 10 July, and a similar course of action will be followed.

- h. I realize that this will seem to you as a semewhat simple and obvious way of insuring coordination, but the fact is that it had never been done before. I hope that it results in as few flaps as possible and as few occasions when people are running off in all directions.
- 5. A current case where people are running off in all directions is the Folish situation. This broke at the very time we were beginning work on a coordinated paper. NCFE has been operating upon the assumption that if a Polish Mational Council is to be formed, all groups are to be represented.

There are a good many charges and counter-charges flying about at present on this situation. The man abroad is saying he had informed NCFE of what he intended to do, and people in NCFE say he hadn't. We are trying to straighten it out, but the situation is illustrative of how the plan above outlined can prevent such flaps.

28 November 1352

DEFUTY DIRECTOR (PLANS)

SUBJECT

Proposed Visit by Robert Lang with Officials of CIA

REFERENCE:

FYES ONLY Memorandum to GP from Elemand Holms, Acting Calef, Sporetions, DD/F, dated 25 Nov. 1952

- 1. After consultation with Mr. Dirkee, I would like to make the following comments on Mr. Helms' memorandum. Mr. Holms is correct that Mr. Lang has had difficulty in dealing with ClA. Mr. Helms is also correct if he understood that this state of affairs is the responsibility of Admiral Miller. (To Admiral Miller's responsibility must be added that of Sponcer Frank, Vice-Prosident and Trussurer.)
- 2. Within and outside NGT, Admiral Milior's dealings with Mr. Lang are based on two attitudes:

a. Miller's desire to have control of his organisation by

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			·	1 August 1952

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OFFICE TO SERVICE

necessary in the past, is not satisfactory at present. Added to tris has been the theme that there must be a re-thinking of what NCFE has done, is doing, and should do in the future. Our efforts are beginning to bear fruit. We have found that these lines have struck a responsive chard among the working personnel of NCFE. In many ways, the current RFE difficulties in Germany -- unfortunate as they are -- have been helpful, for they have made it clear to everybody commoned, including Mr. Lang, that re-thinking of objectives and tochniques based on cooperative offert by NCFE and CIA as a whole is vital if the organization is to do its job effectively.

- 6. To reformulate our own and NCFE's ideas, the 12 Division has been and is carrying on discussions with the officials and working personnel of NCFE. In some of these discussions, Mr. Francis B. Stevens of the State Department has been a direct participant. Ine 12 Division has also been exploring these matters with officials of CIA and the Department of State.
- 7. Indee discussions have covered a wide variety of subjects which can generally be described as follows:
  - a. What is NCFF's place as a whole in American policy toward the satellite nations; what is American policy; what modifications are likely?
  - b. How can HCFT, especially the Division of Paigre Relations, contribute more effectively to psychological and political warfare, not only for effects behind the Eron Curtain but in the free world? For example: How can MCFD securely engage in further activities in the pattern of its successful actions at the United Nations Clave Labor Hearings and the Intern tional Red Cross Neetings at Toronto?
  - c. Should MCFM continue to support emigro councils, or should some other technique be developed which can enable it to make more effective use of emigres for payenological warfare purposes?

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o. Is NCFE efficiently affect of the Division of F on the position of NFE in E			l'alure Rela	tions' de	for example olings with	, is the onigres
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#### THOMAS W. BRADEN Chief International Organizations Division

#### IO:TONIC:WPD/eh

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NOV 26 1952

HEMORANDUM FOR: Chief, IO Division

SUBJECT:

Formation of a Unified Rumanian Refuges

Organisation

REFERENCE:

Hemorandum to IO, Subject: Current U. S. Attempt to Form a Unified Rumanian Refugee Organization, dated 12 September 1952

1. The NCFE regotiations for a united Rumarian refugee organization appear to be culminating successfully. Although a number of differences have been resolved, a few controversial matters remain. These points have been discussed several times, both with the NCFE and the refugees, but are of such importance as to warrant special attention and emphasis at this moment.

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The importance by the Executive working commission, rublication the refugees at Committee has n	of an orga e Committe ions propo s, etc.) s lorge. h	not been mization for of 16-17 sod by hould be durther, the	or the masse.  or the masse.  enould not  Europ  Fawn from the  ore are many	Moroughly wiss of refugee, be underest son Federation F	s, controlled mated. The on Hovement, ther than from r whom the
refuree organize strong manny th	a younger 1	et the desi refugees,/	ra to belon	g to sometal	ng is particula
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					<u>.</u>
5. Reports ne new committee s in Europe and o obtain again	have been is a trien	d of	iron severel	CHITCHAAA A	at he attempt

6. It is requested that this memorandum be forwarded to the NCFE so that the information may be of immediate assistance in the negotiations planned for this week.

JOHN E. BAKER Chief, SE

-35E

### SECURITY IN OPERATION

26 November 1952

MINORANDUM FORE CHIEF, POLITICAL AND PSYCHOLOGICAL WARFARE

SUBJECTS

Results of debriefing of Czech Defector

REPERENCE:

Memo from Bob Joyco 17 Nov. 52, attacking Stato Cable from Frankfort #813

1. I am sure Fob Joyce will upon reflection not allow idmself to be troubled by the remarks of one Czech defector to the State Department Mission in Germany.

#### 2. These are the facts:

- a. Radio Free Europe has been most careful in its handling of the subject of liberation. They have not in the past nor do they now allow anyone to speak on the air of "liberation now".
- b. Attached for your information is a detailed guidance on this subject issued by Radio Free Europe -- policy which governs all of their broadcasts.
- c. As an example of now careful kadio Free Europe is on this subject, AFE did not use Mr. John Foster Dulles' recent controversial campaign speech on the subject of liberation because they believed that even though it was news and a statement made by a responsible American, it might be minimterpreted behind the Curtain.
- 3. I think that Radio Free Europe has maintained excellent discipline on this subject. You can imagine that it is under considerable pressure from Iron Ourtain emigration to take the line of early cope for liberation in the prospect that in some way American public opinion and world opinion might be thus committed to a policy of liberation by armed forces.
- i. I would be glad to have you show this memorandum to Mr. Joyce if you care to do so. He should know that everyone is constantly on the alert and carefully watching the problem is raises.

THOMAS is, ERADER
Citlef
International Organisations Division

Attachment
Special Guidance
dtd 2 Sept. 52

SECOSITY INFORMATION

CIO:WPD-TWB/eh 1 cc - IO/TONIC Orig & 1 - Addressee 1 cc -CIO 1 cc - RI SECTION

EYES ONLY

25 November 1952

MENORANDUM FOR: Chilef, P& P

SUBJECT:

Talk with Mr. Robert Lang

- 1. I spent an hour and a quarter in New York on Friday, Ih November, with Mr. Robert Lang of Radio Free Europe. The major portion of this time was devoted to a briefing by Lang of the NCFE structure and the position which RFE occupies in it, including the philosophy of RFE operations. Lang gave an impressive performance and struck me on such short acquaintance as an individual of ability, judgment, and energy.
- 2. Mr. Lang made quite a point of the fact that his operation inside NCFE is virtually independent. He intimated that he receives no guidance from the President or other officers and has expended considerable effort in the past seeing to it that an iron curtain is kept between RFE and the top command of NCFE. He said that if RFE had not developed and expanded according to a philosophy which it itself had originated, it would have get nowhere and would still be frustrated by what he kept referring to as the "old State Department line" as examplified by the views of Devitt Poole, Fred Delbeare, and others.

As far as

Fr. Fraden and company are concerned, he said that they dealt largely with Admiral Millor and his immediate staff. It was clear that he would prefer to deal directly with Washington. He also feels inhibited by the fact that he has to cajole Admiral Miller into permission to come to Washington. He cited as evidence an incident recently when he felt obliged to ask a friend in the State Department to intercede with Admiral Miller to permit him to come down here for consultation.

3. There was nothing bitter or frustrated in hr. Lang's remarks. Eather he struck me as an individual who was discussing the facts of life, be what they may.

SECUEL SECUEL

- 2 -

5. After you have read the foregoing, I would like to talk with you and Fr. Braden for the purpose of passing on UD/P's reactions to my suggestion.

Richard Helma
Acting Chief, Operations, DDP

cc: Chief, IO

SECRET SECURITY INCLINATION

Security Information

DD/P 1387

24 November 1952

	MEMORANDUM	FOR:	Chief,	International	Organisations	Divid	ion	
	subject		,					
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(Signed) FRANK O. WISHER

FRANK G. WISHER Deputy Director (Plane)

Attachment (1)
Letter to DDCI from \_\_\_\_\_\_
dated 15 November 1952.

co: DDCI C/PP

SECRET

Secrety Information

DE: 1371.

21 November 1952

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MEMORANDUM	FOR:	Chief, Inte	rnation	al Organi	zations Div	ricion
Subject			; 14S	Approval	of NCFE Rec	rest.
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		orandum wil		the und	erutanding	arrived at
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SECRET Security Information

cc: C/PP

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NG 2 1 1952

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MEMORANDUM FOR:	Chief, Thru:	Cover Division FI Plans		•			٠.
Subject:	MCFF Pa	mloyment of Fr	•	·		:	
l. This is the NCIE has too Wr.	to advi	ise you that, ted to provide	interim	enl:Toxu	ent for		
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SECURITY INFORMATION

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Executive Begistry
3 - 4257

13 November 1952

PERORANDUM FOR: DEPUTY DIPLOTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE

SUBJECT:

Conversation with Mr. Jan Nowak

- 1. At your request, I had a conversation today with Mr. Jan Nowak, head of the Folish radio desk of RFE in Eunich. I am sorry that you did not get to see him. Our conversation reminded me that our work is terribly important, which is a nice reminder on a busy afternoon.
- 2. I say "important" because Nowak reviewed with me the letters he had received from listeners in Poland and these, together with his own enormous enthusiasm for the work he is doing, reminded me that our long days in Washington have an effect on the lives and hopes of people far away. Nowak, who was in the Polish resistance during the war and who on one of his three escapes from Poland at one time spent several weeks in Switzerland where he had made contact with your representatives, later worked for the BBC and he pointed out that at no time during the war was he given to feel by the BBC the sense of responsibility and mission which he feels in his job in RFE. He said he was told when he was brought to RFE that the responsibility for the programs was his and that if at any time programs went on the air which were irresponsible, then he would lose his job. He says that when he has questions which he thinks might influence United States policy, he confers beforehand and the Americans in Munich, and sometimes arguments ensue, but he feels, and I am certain he feels sincerely, that he has an equal share with Americans in a great effort to carry the truth back home.
- 3. I say "terribly" important because Nowak, like other exiles, wenders out loud how long our work can continue to have an impact. He is himself convinced that every Polish soldier is a potential ally of the West but he wonders, and makes his listener wonder, how long we can expect this sympathy among a rising generation for which the pact is inexerably fading.

S. C. C.

SECURITY INFORMATION

14-00000

5. I liked him. As I say, seeing him made me proud of what we are doing.

Crief

International Organizations Division

Becomes in January

SECHBOLY INCODING (16)

## SECRET

NOV

observation on

MEMORANDUM FOR: Chief, International Organizations Division DD/P's Memorandum to you 30 October 1952 entitled,

SUBJECT:

"National Committee for Free Europe, RFE, and Related Mattere"

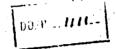
2. I'm in ontire agreement also with Mr. the personnel set-up within NCFE. As you know, Mr. Dolbeare is concerned about his role. He is the first to admit that his strength is abbing, and that he should retire. I think it must be agreed also that Mr. Dolbears has done a splendid job, a job that would have been, and will still be, difficult for a man in the prime of life. I have discussed this problem in confidence with As a result of my inquiries about a possible successor to Mr. Polbearo, Mr.

qualified to do this job. I would be interested in knowing whether Er. suggests that Mr. Wisner knows this man.

SECRET

WILLIAM P. DURKEE Chief, IO/TONIC

Saturity Information



- 30 Catober 1952

MEMORANDUM FOR:

Chtof, International Organizations Division;

SUBJECT: -

National Committee for Free Perope,  $\text{PFI}_{\text{p}}$  and related matters.

1. This memorandum is to inform you of a number of items which have recently cope to my attention and to which I think you should	
give consideration and take necessary action.	_
who is an old friend and a very helpful consultant of the spency,	_
came to see me the other evening and discussed certain aspects of	
no" kas been working on both factions of the humanians in an	
effort to bring them together, and I think that his criticism is, on	
the micle, constructive. He states that entirely spart from the que	<i>[</i> ] =
tion of factionalism among the Rumanian groups and other national groups, there is the greatest amount of inefficiency at the deak leve	a I
of MC. This results from having too many politicians and diplomate	5 5
in positions of authority and too few persons of any practical exper-	<u>.</u>
ence; too much time is communed and too much of the seneral effort	•
goes completely to waste as the result of engless political discus-	_
sions, much of it entirely theoretical.	
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Sections for house 

cc: 5/29

FRANK G. VINNE Peputy Director (Plans)

SECRET
Security Information

JET SECURITY INFORMATION

29 October 1952

MEMORANDUM FOR: MR. THOMAS W. BRADEN

International Organizations Division

SUBJECT:

Change of name of Baltic Panels

With reference to your memorandum of October 15, 1952 concerning the desire of the Baltic Panels to change their names to the Committee for Free Estonia, Latvia, and Lithuania, respectively, I wish to inform you that the Department perceives no reason to oppose such a change.

It is suggested however, that NCFE insist that the new names for the Bultic Panels be precisely those mentioned in your memorandum of October 15. It is our feeling that if the panels were to be called National Committees, for example, confusion might arise with respect to other organizations from these countries already in existence and the impression might be created that the committees are of greater political significance than we wish them to be.

ROLERT P. JOYCE Policy Planning Staff Department of State 

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#### ROUTING AND RECORD SHEET

INSTRUCTIONS: Officer designations should be used in the "TO" column. Under each comment a line should be drawn across sheet and each comment numbered to correspond with the number in the "TO" column. Each officer should initial (check mark insufficient) before further routing. This Routing and Record Street should be returned to Registry.

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DEPUTY DIRECTOR (PLANS)

MEMORANIUM FOR:

29 October 1952

SUBJECT:	Chrisada for Ardenom
is the Director with raised the matte talk about it.  State Department rational states and the states of the state	in Detroit yesterday, I talked with who of Public Relations for and also I was morely paying a friendly call on but he or of the Crusade and acked Mr to come in and They are both very unhappy with who is man on the Crusade and whom cocured from the t, and I also gathered the general impression of distinguishing with the work working with, we wouldn't have taken
it over." On ti were "going ahead the best of the	no other hand, both said that they it full steam and intended to see the job through to ir ability".
+ldg on for your	c there is no action to be taken here and merely pass information, but it does bring to mind again what I g evidence that the Crusade is more trouble than it is

THOMAS W. PRADEN

Clief

International Organizations Division

MEMORAIDUM FOR: CHIEF, EE DIVISION CHIEF, IO DIVISION CHIEF, IO DIVISION

SUBJECT:

see covering mems

Analysis of Memorandum by Mr.

The following memorand	an, I	balievo,	discusses	most of	the
points raised by Hr.	Ť.	-			

- 1. Scripte prepared in Municia are almost never read by Americans before broadcast although the general content of each broadcast is agreed upon in programming conferences between the American and exile states. The reasons why the broadcasts are not read by Americans before they go on the air are as follows:
  - a. Because the natural inclination of Avericans is to change the broadcasts, and such changes, RFF officials feel, are likely to leasen the "ganuino" quality of exile broadcasts for the listeners.
  - b. Because the exiles feel themselves to be patriote working for their countries, and the submission of scripts to Americans before they are broadcast would be regarded by the exiles as casting doubt upon their allegiance and fervor.

The American staff believes that it can exercise policy control by suggestions during program discussions rather than by making deletions and corrections in the ecripts themselves.

3. No doubt RFE has made the mistakes Er. mentions in connection with the items about the weakness of the Iron Gurtain and the ease of crossing it, and the Czechoslovakian curroncy devaluation. On the first point, Mr. dates are in error, for RFE did not
go on the air until July 1, 1950. Assuming that he means that such broadcasts were made from that date until April 1951, it should be noted that this was the very beginning of RFS when all of its broad-

casts originated in New York. Such broadcasts certainly are not being continued. I assume they were the result of inexperience. The

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SECURITY INFORMATION

27 October 1952

MEMORANDUM FOR: Chief, International Organizations Division

SUBJECT: President's Committee on Immigration and Naturalization

5. I urge your rapid concern, for the presentation is due to be made tomorrow afternoon.

WILLIAM P. DURKEE
Chief, IO/TONIC

The National Committee for a Free Europe, Inc., was formed in 1949 when a group of private citizens joined together for positive action against Seviet enslavement. It concentrates its efforts on the 100 million Central and Eastern Europeans today living under inhuman conditions of force and fear. This tyranny, imposed by Seviet Russia in flagrant violation of her selemn guarantees, procludes the enduring world peace desired by free men everywhere. The National Committee for a Free Europe is the American peoples' answer to the Kremlin's despetic rule.

#### The Committee seeks:

- (1) To pierce the Iron Curtain with messages of moral and practical value through the facilities of Radio Free Europe, thus taking the fight to the enemies' camp;
- (2) To build for the future by educating young refugees from Communism through the Mid-European Studies Center here in the United States, and the Free European University in Exile in Strasbourg, France. In this manner we attempt to preserve the cultural heritage of the past which the enemy seeks to destroy;
- (3) To develop political unity and a dynamic platform of aims and principles among the exile groups through the Division of Exile Relations;
- (4) To assemble, analyze and distribute knowledge about current conditions in the captive area;
- (5) To create active public support, both moral and material, for these activities.

Vital to the work and well being of the National Committee for a Free Europe are its approximately two thousand elien associates. 60 percent of these eliens are in Europe, with the rest residing either temperarily or permanently in the United States. At the present time over one hundred of these cliens residing here face imminent deportation.

It might be inserted parenthetically at this point that all of these sliens presently facing deportation have attempted to remain within the spirit end the letter of the law, but because of the absurdities of the law have been forced into the position of being wilful violators of it. We do not speak, either now or at any point in this discussion, about evadors of, or fugitives from, justice, but shall only refer to individuals of good faith, attempting to the best of their ability to conform to the rules and regulations of the country which they believe, often mistakenly, to be the refuge of the afflicted.

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TIDMAS W. ERADEN
Chief
International Organizations Division

2 Attackments
1 article.
2. Suggested memo.

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STATESTA INTORMATION

Durker

13 October 1952

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	MEMO	RANDUM	1303	C/FI
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FROM

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Subject

Survey of the National Committee for a Free Burepe

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SECRET Security intromation

SECRET SECURITY INFORMATION

774/13

4 October 1952

MEMORANDUM FOR: Chief, International Organizations Division, P & P Staff

SUBJECT:

National Committee for Free Europe's Request for

Reclamor of Admiral Hiller.

1. I believe that I told Mr. Braden last evening of the telephone call which I had received from Admiral Miller and of what I had said in response to his request for

2. I should greatly appreciate a thorough staff job being done on this matter to relieve me of the necessity of thinking up all of the arguments pro and con, especially the latter. Will someone please dig up in the Congressional Records the speeches made during the last session of Congress in condemnation of the State Department's lavish approach to the educational and cultural exchange program?

3. Please -- let us sharpen up our thinking and our pencils as well. In the final analysis I shall probably have to veto this proposition, and will certainly do so unless it is much more convincingly supported than heretofore. However, I would like some help on this.

(Signed) FRANK 8. WISHER

FRANK G. WISNER Deputy Director (Plans)

SECRET SECURITY INTO SECURITY SECURITY INTO SECURITY SECU

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MEMORANDUM FOR: Chief, IO Division

SUBJECT:

NCFE-SE Division Conference on Rumanian

Refugeo Situation

REFERENCE:

Hemo to Chief, ICD, Subject: Current U. S. Attempt to Form a Unified Rumanian Refugee Organisation, dated 12 September 1952.

1. It is requested that the referenced memorandum be forwarded to the NCFE for study prior to the conference (ref, para. 8) between NCFE representatives and personnel of this Division.

3. We have been informed that Mr. Viscianu has not received an acknowledgment of his letter and proposal. It is suggested that the NCFE write Mr. Viscianu, expressing appreciation for his communication, and inform him that the NCFE has been studying various proposals and hopes that within the next few weeks further discussions can be arranged.

JOHN E. BAKER Chief, SE

San all

25 Sept. 52

HEDDRAHÜUN PORI SUBU ZOTI		DELUTY TIRFCTOR (PLANS)			• • • • • • •			
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Crdsf Political and Psychological Warfare

Attachments
Reference meso with
attachments.

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(24, 3spt 52)
Distribution
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IO/TONIC - 2 cc
CIO - 1 cc
RI - 1 cc

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MELJRANDUM FOR: Chief, IO Division

SUBJECT:

Library of Congress Mastern European Accessions

REFURENCES

Fund Memorandum No. 513, 2 September 1952

- 1. SE Division has noted with interest that effective August 20, 1952, the Washington research staff of the MCFE will begin processing books and publications received from the Iron Curtain countries by the Library of Courtain. These accessions remember a very valuable courte of information which this Division is presently unable to exploit, since we have no personnel with the language qualifications required to review all that is received for our specific interests.
- 2. Referenced memorandum indicates that the NOVE has arranged to microfilm portions of given books containing items of propaganda or informational value. One copy of the print will be sailed to the New York research deaks, while the original icrofilm will be sent by pouch to Bunich, presumably for RFE. This Division requests that an additional copy of the print be obtained on a continuing basis by IO for further analysis by the interested Area Divisions and for pouching to our field stations which have indicated a specific interest in this material. It is suggested that the copy be broken down into acctions corresponding to the Area Divisions interested in order that this material may receive immediate attention by the appropriate Area Division.
- 3. SE Division would appreciate receiving your comments regarding this request since we are anxious to utilize this material as soon as possible and wish to make other arrangements if these suggestions are found impractical.

JOHN E. BAKER-Chief, SE

Copy to RE

Security

SECURITY INFORMATION

25 September 1952

MEMORANDUM FOR: DEPUTY CHIEF, POLITICAL AND PSYCHOLOGICAL WARFARE

SUBJECT: Assignment of Models Radio Sacility (MB-50)

1. According to Moders. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_and Emmons Erows arrangements have been made to attilize the MB-50 in Germany.

2. The completion of the transaction is awaiting a test that is being undertaken by outside engineers through [\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

This test, I am told, is necessitated by the fact that there is not available a complete specification of the equipment.

3. It is estimated by Mr. Brown that the test will be completed in a few weeks.

/5/

U. LLOYD MONER
Acting Uniof
Pyschological Staff Distaton

PP/CPY:CLE: tas

Distribution:
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Mr. En.wn,10 - 1
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Subject

### 17 September 1952

BEHORANTUH FOR: CHIEF, INTERNATIONAL OFFICE ATIONS DIVISION

ATTENTION: Nr. W. P. Burkee, Chief, IO/TOWIC

Sibject:

14-00000

Refugee Stipendiaries of NOTE

REFERENCE

Secret Memo dtd 12 August 1952 from Chief, Io/Tokic, to Chief, SE; Subject: List of Stipondiaries of NOFE.

1. In compliance with your request of 12 August, the referenced percentage was circulated to the various interested branches of SE Division.

JOHN E. DANER Chief, SE

PP:CACrane:bar

Distribution:
Addresses - Orig & 1
SE/P - 2
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12 September 1952

MEDRANUM FOR: CHIEF, PSYCHOLOGICAL STAFF DIVISION
ATTENTION: Mr. PT Evaluation
SUBJECT: TP TONIC Use of PY Guidance Papers

- l. In discussing this subject, the following facts of TONIC operations should be kept in views
- a. DMC prepares its own daily gridance papers, written by a special staff which has at its disposal a European-wide newsgathering apparatus.
- b. State Department overnight policy guidances are regularly delivered to TOMC on the day of issue.
- 2. Ouldance papers from PY are dispatched as coon as they are received. For instance, Special Guidance on Eacteriological Warfare, dated August 7, 1952, and Weekly Propaganda Guidance No. 9, dated August 8, 1952, were sent on August 11.
- 3. The value of PY guidance papers for TFTMC was taken up with TMMC officials last May. Their observations are contained in the following quotations from their letters to this Division:
  - a. The Chief Programming Official wrote:

We have received several of these papers in the past couple of months. They are extremely useful for the following reasons:

- a. They set forth clearly U. 3. policy on one issue or another;
- b. They occasionally report thinking in quarters from which we hear nothing directly;
- s. They usually contain pertinent quotations of expression of views by the enemy which we can make use of (both published and other courses, such as interrogatories);

## SUGRET

 They expend the decime what there are being full down for arrangement addressed to other audiences than ours (other than central and customs Europe).

The the stier hand, when there papers deal of the purthreets, they sometimes remain a chemical very new from our thinking and our points of view. Where hid side owner to the fact that ther have to wind black, while we seal in white. The difference can be legitimate. But even so, we find proposals that seem to us illegical, and now and then extremely unwise.

#### b. The President of the organisation wrote:

"You enclosed a paper giving additional guidance material for propaganda countering Communist BW charges. All the lines therein suggested have been successively used by us since February 25 or thereabouts when the topic first arose.

"Papers of this kind are of great uso, provided they arrive promptly. By promptly is meant, either in anticipation of an event, or an expression of views on the day the event occurs."

#### c. The Deputy Director, Radio, wrote:

Whith regard to the paper (Prop-103, dated 28 March 1952) that you enclosed, I checked Bob's department and they advise that from the beginning so have made the points specified in 6(a)3 and 5, 6(b)2, 9(a)1 and 2, 9(d), 9(e), 10.

MAS a matter of information, to our particular audiences we may, instead of 6(b)1, that the Soviet Union is trying to persuade the leaders of German heavy industry, militarists, and ex-Nazis to go into partnership with it; and instead of 6(c) that the prohibition of alliances is fraudulent, Moscow intending, as in August 1939, to ally itself with a reactionary Germany against our peoples. Again to our audiences, we say instead of 9(a)2 that the German problem can be solved, and that the Western powers are attempting to solve it in the interest of the security of our audiences. We are glad to see that our line parallels that laid down in 9(d) and (e).

h. A fair susmary of the use of FY guidance papers for RFE is as follows:

a. They are useful insofar as they contain ideas that have not occurred to TONIC's own people or in reference to events that are not a matter of public knowledge.

b. In most cases the guidance papers arrive so late that IDMC is already engaged in treating the next stage in the development of the propagenda theme suggested.

- c. As PY guidance papers, therefore, are at the moment another contribution to the thinking of DNIC officials, it is not possible to point to specific uses of the material suggested.
- d. To be most useful, propaganda guidance from PY should treat the development of special themes that have a specific relation to precise U. 3. Government operations and objectives aside from general U. 3. foreign policy goals. To be most useful to RFE, such guidance should be developed over a period of time in anticipation of the actual facts or operations making up such programs.

FMMONS BROWN
Acting Chief
International Organizations Division

10/10/J C:WPD /eg.

Orly - Addressee

1 cc - 10/1011.c. 1 cc - CIO

2 cc - PI

1000

12 September 1952

MEMORANUM FOR: Chief, IO Division

SUBJECT:

Current U. S. Attempt to form a Unified Rumanian

Refugee Organization

REFFRANCE:

Monorandum to Chief, IO Division, Subject: SE Division Flan for Remarkan Engre Organization, dated 28 May 1952

- 1. In view of the considerable length of time since ACPE opened negotiations for Rumanian refugee unity and subsequent developments, a reappraisal of the nituation and a delineation of final action are required.
- 2. It is evident that expression of NCFE interest in the Council of Folitical Farties (actually it has been directed primarily toward the National Fessant Farty) has had the desired effect on the two refuges groups in the United States, by raising the specter of a third force developing and being recognized by the Americans. It has also made the King more of the seriousness with which the Americans relard the division between the two groups.
- 3. Careful consideration has been given to the various worthwhile proposals and counter proposals which were advanced in the course of the recent discussions. It is hoped, in this connection, that the NCFE has made it entirely clear to all the participants that this series of discussions was undertaken purely to explore the possibilities for agreement in concert with the refugees theseelves, and that after hearing all sides of the question, the NCFE will present for their consideration a "package" proposal, on the basis of which final agreement should be reached. It is believed that the revision of the original plan, set forth below and embodying certain features which have developed in the course of the last three months, can provide a solution acceptable both to this organization and to the refugees.

account the refuse concept of democratic procedures, as well as the firm stand on size to an by the Rumanian Rational Committee, these are all important factors affecting the problem. The final organization should be small sufficiently selective to attract prominent exiles, inclusive enough to contain the rank and file, and of an optimum size to carry out its functions effectively.

30136

4. An organizational form of a large passive Council, to which all Rumanians who meet certain qualifications could belong, but with all action vested in a small fixecutive Committee, offers a practical way to satisfy both U. E. and refuges requirements. The name of this overall organization should be the "Rumanian Rational Committee" since this would provide a sense of continuity and would facilitate acceptance of the proposal by Visoianu and the King. It would be formed by an expansion of the present Rumanian National Committee into the Executive Committee of approximately twenty persons. Hembership in the Council would be extended to the runk and file by means of letters announcing the new or maization and inviting perticipation. The "Council" of the Riganian National Committee would include members from all countries and would not meet in session. Radescu should be designated honorary president of the Council. The Executive Committee would be the functional unit of the organization. It would appoint sub-commissions and groups to perform the work of the Committee and designate representatives of the Romanian National Committee at various refugee centers in Europe, South America, and the Hear East. A membership card would be issued to all who affiliate with the Council.

A newspaper would be published and clotributed in liberal quantities.

5. The Executive Committee headquarters would be in New York City and work in conjunction with the NCFE It is recommended that the position of chairman of the Executive Committee be held for a term of one year, elective by members of this committee only. Its managers should be:

Constantin Visolanu, Chairman

Checrebe Assan
Cornel Manu
Vintila Bratianu
Nicolae Caranfil
Edmond Ciuntu
Brutus Coste
Alexandru Cretsianu
Anton Crihan
Carlos Davila
Mihail Farcasanu
Grigore Gafencu
Emil Chilezan
Mircea lon Liu
Augustin Fopa
Iancu Zissu

6. As the first step in schieving the organization outlined above, it is suggested that the ECFE roply to Viscienu's memo expressing appreciation and inviting him to a discussion of his proposal. At this meeting, the ECFE should present the ideas outlined in paragraph h as the American view of the compromise which, after careful study, appears to offer the best possible solution. In the discussion, the ECFE should indicate that this plan is the result of much thought by interested groups after discussions with many refugees, that it has attempted to aid the refusees because of its interest in them and their country's welfare, and that it is prepared to support a Rumanian refugee organization in a number of ways. Viscianu should be invited to recommend the people whom he considers desirable for the Executive Committee.

has worked cut details of the organization and consulted with the others suggested for the Executive Committee, the HCFE will issue invitations to a general meeting of this Committee and will assist in getting the other organizational details underway. Sub-commissions should be catablished immediately, using the refugees who have been participating in the recent HCFE discussions. Arrangements will be made for Visoianu and Gafenou and an additional delegation to be named later, to go to England to inform the King of the agreements reached and the details of the new organization.

JOHN E. BAKER Chief. SE

<sup>8.</sup> This plan has been coordinated with the Department of State. It is requested that the details be forwarded to the HCFE and a meeting arranged to discuss the implementation.



11 September 1952.

MEMORANDUM FOR: DEPUTY DIRECTOR

SUBJECT:

He also stated that

Conversation with Admiral H. B. Miller on Wednesday, the 10th of September.

The following is a memorandum of my conversation with Admiral Miller in Fow York on Wednesday, September 19th. I would like to proface this account with the observation that Admiral Miller seems to be in a highly emotional state and generally suspicious of those around him.

(1)
Admiral Hiller reported his meetings with
in Paris and indicated a difference in his projected use of
and that envisaged by , which Admiral Eiller
Hiller proposes to use
as one of a three man brain trust, one of whom is
and the other is still unnamed. He mentioned that he had
originally considered as an aide in administrative matters
but had been informed that was not equipped for such duties.
(2) <u>VOA</u>
Admiral Miller indicated that RFE was having difficulties with VNA, especially with the new Information Intelligence Unit created by
the State Department, under the direction of to provide
information for VCA's broadcasts to the Iron Curtain countries. These
difficulties included the preventing of RFE's information people from
interviewing oscapees.
(3) Information Service —
Admiral Miller indicated that he was more than satisfied with
activities, and that with the exception of RFE corres-
pondents in London and Paris, they were satisfied with present personnel



on after the expiration of the present six-month consultative contract.

He further indicated that he will make every effort to keep

had become RFE correspondent in Germany.

SECRET Security Information

(4)

### (5) Crusade for Freedom

Admiral Willer indicated he was going to give two days a week to the Crusade for Freedom.

WILLIAM P. DURKEE
Acting Chief,
International Organizations Division

AC/IO:WPD/cmm

Distribution:
Orig - Addressee (via C/FP, and DD/P)
1 cc - CIO
1 cc - IO/Tonic
2 cc - RI

Security Information

# National Committee for a Free Europe, Inc.

110 WEST STEH STREET

NEW YORK 19, N. Y.

1153PRONE PLAZA 7-7600

CABLE CODESES. SECTIONS

September 3, 1952

Mr. Thomas Braden 2203 Foxhall Road, N. W. Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Braden:

At the suggestion of Admiral Miller, I am enclosing six copies of the new Committee brochure "Weapon in the Struggle for Freedom." If you would like to have additional copies, please do not have tate to let me know.

Sincerely yours,

Sswalker

Samuel S. Walker, Jr. Director, Research and Publications Service

SSW: bvb

## SECRET Security Information

2 September 1952

HIELOPALIE	OF FOR THE TELCORD	
SUPJECT:	Meeting on Security Procedures	
	Those present:  Francis Hand, Dob	Cumningham,
nspection 2.	The purpose of this meeting was to inform to and Security of the security arrangements.  As a result of the discussions, an outline of his security procedures, it was agreed:	by
	a. That the present security practices were and that the nature of the security problem for the kind of security scrutiny necessary Europe.	does not call
	·	

WILLIAM P. DURKEE IO/TONIC

SECRET Security Information

## CONFIDENTIAL

Socurity Information

ER-3-2387

8 September 1952

MEMORANDUM FOR: Deputy Director, Plans
Acting Chief, International Organisations

FROM 1 Deputy Director Central Intelligence

1. Mr. Phenix when he was recently here advised me that the Board of NCFE desired to change its name from "National Committee for a Free Europe, Email to "Free Europe Committee." The purpose of this was to avoid confusion with the multitude of "national committees" for various purposes, some of them subversive.

ALLEN W. DULLES

CONFIDENTIAL Security Information

11 August 1952

MEMORANDUM FORE DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTRILIGENCE SUBJECT: Admiral Miller Letter about NOFE mentioned at the FRC Monting on Friday, 8 August

1. Attached heroto is Admiral Miller's enemer on bought of NOTE to mimerous requests/

3. You suggested at the FEC meeting on 8 August that you might be able to give us a hand in our effort to get this information.

> WILLIAM P. DURKEE C/10/10HIC

Attachment As stated.

10/matciwed/ah

Orig - Addressee 1 cc - CIO 2 cc - TOMIC

2 oc - RI

see pink for attachment

SECTOR
Security Information

7 August 1952

MEMORANDUM FOR: NR. THOMAS W. PRADEN

Chief, International Organizations Division

SUBJECT:

Request While on Travel Orders

Please contact to obtain debriefing paper of Sperling and to be present at further verbal debriefing of Sperling. Sperling will be available in Paris from the 15th of August to the 2nd of September.

WILLIAM P. DURKEE C/10/TONIC

Security Information

6 Aug 52

PRIORITY SECRET TO WASHINGTON FROM NEW YORK

TO REEVES FOR THOMAS BRADEN FROM LPA-SECURITY INFORMATION --CITE
NY -3124

JOHN C. HUGHES RPT JOHN C. HUGHES SAYS:

"THE BULL-AUGUSTINE REPORT OF JULY 20 WAS PREPARED IN PARTS AND DISTRIBUTED BY ROYALL TYLER FROM THERE. THEEDINTELY ON READING IT I PROPOSED A MODIFICATION OF THE MAKE FOR THE PROPOSED OPERATION SO AS TO DEFINE MORE ACCURATELY ITS PURPOSE. I SUGGESTED WE CALL THE PROJECT FREE EUROPE EXILE CENTERS, AND THIS MAKE WAS ACCEPTED.

"IT MUST BE BORNE IN MIND THAT EVER STACE NOFE HAS BEEN IN ACTIVE OPERATION, INCREASING ATTENTION HAD BEEN PAID BY US TO THE PROBLEM OF THOSE REPUGEES IN WESTERN EUROPE WHO ARE NATIONALS OF THE COUNTRIES WITH WHICH MORE IS CONCERNED, AND SUBSTANTIAL SUMS HAVE BEEN PLACED IN THE HANDS OF THOSE NATIONAL COUNCILS WHICH SHOWED INITIATIVE IN THIS PARTICULAR FIELD TO ENABLE THEM TO BUILD UP THE MORALE OF THEIR HOMELESS NATIONALS. THE PRESENT REPORT AND ITS PROPOCALS LOOK TO A MORE EPPICIENT PERFORMANCE ON A SOMEWHAT LARGER SCALE OF WHAT IS ALREADY BEING DONE.

A.I.

# SECHEI -2-

APPROVED PROGRAMS. THE BULL-AUGUSTINE RECOLLENDATIONS SHOW THAT A MORE EFFICIENT AND SOMEWHAT MORE COMPREHENSIVE OPERATION (FOR EXAMPLE POLISH REFUGEES ARE NOW TO BE COVERED) WILL CL RPT COST

"THIS PROGRAM IS NOT A NEW ONE FOR NCFE AND IT INVOLVES NO
RESETTLEMENT HOUSING OR LARGE SCALE SUBSISTENCE EXPENDITURES. IT
DOES NOT CONFLICT WITH OR DUPLICATE ANYTHING THAT IS NOW BEING DONE
BY NOR DOES IT INVOLVE ANY
LONG-TERM COMMITMENTS. IT REPRESENTS AN EFFORT TO DEMONSTRATE THAT
NCFE REALLY IS CONCERNED WITH THE MORALE OF REFUGEES REACHING WESTERN
EUROPE FROM THE IRON CURTAIN COUNTRIES. WE SEE NO REASON, THEREFORE,
WHY THE STATE DEPARTMENT OR ANY OTHER GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT NEED BE
CONSULTED AT THIS TIME. PLEASE DISCUSS WITH MR. DULLES RET DULLES."
GR-351

# SECRET Security Information

5 August 1952

MEHORANDUM FOR: CHIEF, 10

SUBJECT:

Project THTONIC - Budget FY 1953

- 1. Returned herewith as requested at the budget data for the fiscal y at 1953 received by Chi in the late afternoon of 2 August 1952 for review, evaluation and specific comment.
- 2. Only a cursory examination of such data is possible within the time presently available. While from the information submitted it does not appear that any of the estimates shown are greatly out of line, it must be pointed out that CM does not feel that it is in a position to intelligently evaluate the proposed budget with respect to the program and operational purposes contained therein.
- 3. It is felt desirable, however, that sufficient detailed information pertinent to the organizational and management features of the project should be made available to CM to penuit a review and examination of those aspects in conjunction with the related proposed budget provisions.

PRESTON L. SUTPHEN Chief, Commercial Division

C:/ /fh

Distribution:

Orig. & 1 - Addresses

3 - CM

2 - RI/FI

SECRET Security Information

### SECRET Security Information

5 August 1952

MEMORANDUM FOR: CHIEF, IO

SUBJECT:

Project TPTONIC - Budget FY 1953

- 1. Returned herewith as requested at the budget data for the fiscal y at 1953 received by CH in the late afternoon of 2 August 1952 for review, evaluation and specific comment.
- 2. Only a cursory examination of such data is possible within the time presently available. While from the information submitted it does not appear that any of the estimates shown are greatly out of line, it must be pointed out that CM does not feel that it is in a position to intelligently evaluate the proposed budget with respect to the program and operational purposes contained therein.
- 3. It is folt desirable, however, that sufficient detailed information pertinent to the organizational and management features of the project should be made available to CM to permit a review and examination of those aspects in conjunction with the related proposed budget provisions.

PRESTON L. SUTPHEN Chief, Commercial Division

cx/ /th

Distribution:

Orig. & 1 - Addressee

3 - CM

2 - RI/FI

SECRET Security Information Security Information

TONIC

August 5,1952

Dear Dicks

14-00000

Tem Braden, one of our friends will be coming over in your direction seen.

Please show him every courtesy and everything that we have in the way of operations. It is essential that he know our operations thoroughly, and all wraps are off.

Sincerely yours,

H. B. Eiller

rr. Richard J. Condon Radio Free Europo APO 807-A c/o Postmaster Rew York, New York

#### STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL

cc: R	yall T	ylor =	Paris	
cc:			- Lis	
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AUG 6 1952

Security Information

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SECINET Security Information

H 3-1338(2)

4 August 1952

Security Information

SECRET
- 2 - Security Information

SECRET Security Information

SECOFT -3 - Security 1

Initialed as of this 4th day of August 1952:

/s/ A.W.D. /s/ H.H.M. (Miniral Miller)

SECRET Security

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My very best regards.

Sincerely,

H. B. Miller

PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAI

HBM:mlm

Chief, 10 Division SUBJECT Rumanian Refugees. 1. In accordance with a request of Mr. John Leich for of Gen. Redescu's League of Free Russnians, transmitted horewith is

JOHN E. BAKER Chiof, SE Division

Encl. List

SE/5, (13 August 1952)

1 August 1952

MEMORANDUM FOR: Chief, EE Division
Chief, SE Division
Chief, WE Division
Chief, PI Division
Chief, Budget and Analysis Division
Chief, Operations Division

SUBJECT:

TPTONIC Budget

- 1. Attached for your specific comments and evaluation is the TITORIC proposed budget for fiscal year 1953.
- 2. It will be necessary to have your comments and initials on the cover sheet by Tuesday noon, August 5.

THOMAS W. SRADEN
Chief
International Organisations Division

1 - EE 1 - SE 1 - VE 1 - PY 1 - AL/BD 1 - OD/CO 1 - CIO 2 - IO/TOBIC 2- RI

July - not sent

MEMORANDUM FOR: DEFUTY DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE
SUBJECT: NCFE-CIA RELATIONS

1. When this Division was delegated the responsibility of conducting CIA relations with NCFE it was immediately apparent that a variety of problems existed which made effective action on the part of IO Division difficult if not impossible. These difficulties may be generally summarized as follows:

(2) The attitude of the responsible officials of NCFE was one largely of non-cooperation in terms of NCFE

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THOMAS W. BRADEN
Chief
International Organizations Division

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eruntiff iftbungfagen

22 July 1952

HEMORANIUM FOR: DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE
SUBject: CIA Investigation of Relations

PROBLEM

It is likely that at a moeting you will hold Monday, & August, with members of the Board of Directors of the National Committee for a Free Europe,

#### DISCUSSION

At the time responsibility for CIA dealings with NCT was transferred to the IO Division, a survey was undertaken by this Division with the help of the CIA administrative staff under Dio following was found to be the status of relations between CIA and NCFE:

brief]

14-00000

2. Financial Reporting.
a. It is unquestioned that the internal business and accounting procedures of NESS are excellent.
b. Security.
As the recent case of indicator, NCFE has disregarded essential security considerations
c. Policy Control.
In its relations with omigros through its National Councils Division and in its radio broadcasts through RFE,
and the State Department and in some instances not followed the guidance provided.

### d. Coordination of CIA Activities with NCFE.

NCFE's activities in radio broadcasting, which account for three-quarters of its yearly hudget, are almost entirely transferred overseas.

# 3. IO Division and Administrative Staff Proposed Actions to Solve These Difficulties.

The IO Division with the assistance of the CIA Administrative Staff has prepared a memorandum of agreement to serve as a guide in

the vidi	conduct as the f	of rela ollowing	tions bo	two on CE	L and NCF	E. This	agressiont pro-
Ţ							
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#### 4. Attitudes of NCFE.

The basic attitudes of NCYE about themselves is surred up by the comments on the first draft of the above-mentioned agreement by Spencer Fherdan

a. \*Our friends can refuse to supply funds for disap roved activities but cannot legally or properly be given the 'right to disapprove or modify any activities or require abandonment, modification, or change in emphasis, in any of the existing programs'.

b. Again, no agreement between our friends and ourselves can legally diminish our corporate right to spend our corporate funds...

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5.	Basic Attitude of CIA.	
	THE TANK OF THE PARTY OF THE PA	
6.	Recommendation.	
~.	THE COLUMN TWO DESCRIPTIONS AND ASSAULT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	

The PRC has reviewed this agreement and has refused to approve the budget of NCFE until this agreement or a modification acceptable to NCFE is adopted. The Director has approved this decidon and it is suggested that he stand upon it.

> L. K. WHITE Acting Departy Director (Administration)

CIO: TWB/eh

14-00000

Orig - ADD/A (for DDCI)
1 cc - "
1 cc - IO/TONIC

1 cc - CIO 2 cc - RI

CONTIDENTIAL
Socurity Information

ER-3-1369

29 July 1952

MEMORANDUM FOR: Chief, International Organizations
FROM: Deputy Director Central Intelligence

Attached is a memorandum which was handed me by

Spencer Phonix covering a confidential report made by

two NCFE people with regard to NCFE's action in connection

with refugees. I have not read this in full and would like

your recommendation and analysis so as to spare me this if

possible.

Encl.

### AN NOVE APPROVED TO THE EUROPECH REPUBLIC SITUATION

#### - 1 -

#### INTESSUCTION

Reduced to its simplest terms, the sur poun refugee problem can be resolved, saving liberation, only by the assimilation, or at least the integration of the refugees into the countries which receive them or by their emigration to countries better able to do so. National and international programs vast in scope and cost are required for these purposes, and it is obviously not within NCFE's power or interest to engage directly in them. But, in an indirect way, while paying atto tion only to its direct and fundamental interests, NCFE can contribute to the success of both types of programs, at least so far as they concern refugees from the ten NCFE countries.

The first step is, of course, for NCFE to analyze its position in relation to the European refugee situation and to formulate a policy accordingly. NCFE has been a constantly and rapidly growing organization, fully occupied with the immediate problems of expansion which have confronted it. NCFE has been deprived of the opportunity to pause and consider the consequences of its expansion in a changed situation, much less to deal with these consequences.

Several basic factors have combined to alter NCFD's position in relation to the European refugeo situation. While IRO operated, NCFE was in a position to make a distinction between the exile elite and the mass of refugees, who were under the protection of the IEO in surope. Ihi, however, caaned to exist at the beginning of 1952. 180's several successor organizations have yet to prove their ability effectively and completely to perform its functions. During the curly years of HOFE's existence, the frontier countries, Germany, Austria, and Italy, and the intermediary recoiving countries, France and Britain, were absorbed in post-war reconstruction or subjected to military occupation and hence were generally not in a position to take an active interest in the refugees as an instrument of their foreign policies. NOTE in the U.S., therefore, could afford to ignore most developments of exile activity in Surope, remusuring itself that the headquarters of most of the exile National Councils were in the U.S. under nominal U.S. control. Bormally, of course, each of these countries has specific interests in Eastern Sureps, which do not necessarily coincide with those of the U.S. As conditions approach the normal in such of these countries, NCFR's grounds for self re-assurance become less solid. Until its May 1, 1951 initiation of saturation broadcasting to Czechoslovacia, which marked its appearance as an instrument actively affecting

the countries whence the refugees flee, RFE could also ignore the presence of the refugees in the west. This, however, is no longer the case.

Fundamentally, any NCFE interest in the European refugee situation is an aspect of the general NCFE relationship with exiles. In the changed European situation in which this interest is and will be manifested NCFE should reconsider its basic instruments for such relationships at the National Councils. Their exceptions, gaps, and shortcomings should be carefully unslyzed and the conclusions drawn therefrom. The inadequacy of the National Councils as a basic instrument in the changed situation in Surope will be indicated in this report. Certain ad prations of this instrument and the creation of new ones will be required if NCFE is to carry out its functions and realize its potentialities.

#### - II -

WHY NOTE IS CLUC BYEN IN ONE EUROPEAN REFUSED PROBLEM AND MY THIC CONCERN SHOULD BY PROPERTY AND METACOLIVELY MANIFECTED.

#### A. The Extent of NCFE's Concern to Date i

In the past MCPE has not directly concerned itself with the over-all problem of refugees irom behind the Iron Curtain. This policy of NCPE has manifested itself in the following ways. NCPE has consistently made it clear that its enief interest lies in what it regarded as the political and intellectual elite of emigrations from the various Iron Curtain countries. Certain elements of this political and intellectual clite, however, reglized the necessity and the importance of channeling seme of their activities toward the mass of their respective emigrations on a national basis. This realization was dictated either by numenitarian or strictly rellistic political principles, or by a combination of the two. Accordingly, these elements of the elite approached NCFE with their proposals for NCFE material and moral support of such activities. These proposals differed widely and were implemented at varying periods over the last three ears, with the result that presently NCFE is incirrectly supporting refusee activities on a national basis at an annual amount of and with the further result that these activities are confused, haphazard, erratic, ill-coordinated and unjustly

and with the further result that these activities are confused, haphazard, erratic, ill-coordinated and unjustly and inexplicably disproportionate. Some nationality groups, as for instance the Hungarians, have been recriving relatively large amounts for refugee activities, with other groups, as for example the Foles, who have a large emigration, receiving nothing.

The vehicles for the channeling of this support have also differed widely. Originally, NCFE 's theory in providing supports for such activities was be ed upon the existence of Mational

Councils or Committees, the idea being that the National Councils should themselves undertake such activities in order to gain for themselves the necessary standing in their respective emagrations. This was not altogether inconsistent with NCFS's policy of emphasis upon direct assist nee only to the intellectual and political elite, but was a subsequent development thereof.

The most ambitious and long-lived of these Mational Councils' refugee projects has been the Refugee Service of the Mungarian National Council, which is the best and almost sole surviving example of NCFE's origin 1 theory. The record, however, even of this prize example, is an extremely spotty one (details to follow in a descriptive report to be submitted separately). Sore importantly, the re-sons for the spottiness of the MC's record are not all attributable to the HC itself; many, indeed, are due to the situation in which the MCN's approach to the refugee problem, which has provided finincial support, but little or no guidance or moral support. A Killing Attribute Actions and a colling are large for the support.

In the Rumanian case, MCFE's support for refugee activities was originally channeled through the Rumanian National Council, which ceased to enjoy NCFE recognition in 1950. Since that time, NCFE support for Rumanian refugee activities has been given to Rumanian welfare, Incorporated, an organization entirely outside the National Council category, and which includes Americans on its Board of Directors.

In the Czechoslovak case, MCFE has channeled its support for refugee activities through the Council of Free Chechoslovakia, a National Council, which was the victim of a political split lasting from January 1951 until July 4v 1952. The Council of Free Czechoslovakia, in turn, channeled some of this support to an organization which enjoys the status of voluntary agency, the American Pund for Czechoslovak Refugees. This organization, like Rumanian Welfare, Inc., includes Americans on its Board of Directors, which is chaired by Professor James Shotwell. Unlike Rumanian Welfare, however, the AFCR in Germany and Austria received from IRO or MICEG and USCOA facilities and/or financial support as did other larger organizations such as the NCWC, the Lutheran World Pederation, the World Council of Churches, the American Joint Distribution Committee, etc. which shared with it the status of voluntary agency. There is no doubt that Czechoslovak refugees have been, to some extent, the victims of the political fluctuations of their leadership in the U.S., and that, in a sense, NCFE must also accept some responsibility for allowing the political situation to have hid repercussions of this nature.

In the case of the Albanians, no specific sums in the budget (which has been provided by MCFE) of the National Committee for a Free Albania have been earmarked for aid to Albanian refugees; although despite this the NCFA has, it is reported, due chiefly to close American supervision in Rome, managed to do more for Albanian refugees in Italy than other National Councils, as for instance the NCFC and BNC in Italy.

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In the case of the Poles, because of the fillure of the Folish emigration to produce a united national council which could be recognized by NCFE, no financial support whatseever has been given by NCFE to Polish refugee activities, although the roles have one of the most sizable emigrations of all the nationality groups with which NCFE cooperates, and although the Poles have an organization, merican Polish wer Helief, a voluntary agency, which seems to be at least as effective, if not more so than the American Fund for Czochoslovak Refugees or Rumanian Welfare, Inc., organizations with which it is roughly comparable.

In the case of the Yugoslavs, which is probably the most difficult case of all, from the J.S. and the BCFE point of view as well as from the viewpoint of the incividual refugee, BCFE has confined itself to centributing small amounts to the Benevolent sociation of Free Citizens of Yugoslavia in London, in order that cettain exiled leaders—who rendered signal services to the Allied cause during World sar II, through their participation in the revolt of march, 1941, which led Yugoslavia to resist the Maxi Invasion — might receive small stipends. Although this aid is rendered through an organization abroad, to exiles residing abroad, it is in line rather with BCFM's policy of providing assistance to a political and intellectual clite than with the policy of indirect support through Matienal Councils or other organizations of refuges activity. No Yugoslav Matienal Council, enjoying BCFE recognition, has ever emerged due to the delicate situation of Western policy vis-a-vis Tito's government.

In the case of the three Beltic States, although MCFE has been provided, both in the U.S. and abroad, with the instruments which have most nearly proved themselves capable of efficient, just and honest use of funds for refugee activities, no such funds have been placed at the disposal of the three Beltic Consultative Panels or their counterpart committees in Germany and elsewhere abroad.

Originally, also, although the principle was never clearly defined or figidly adhered to, and, at present, is as much departed from as observed, it was felt that OFE-supported refugee activities should be restricted, as much as possible, to the type of assistance which a consulate would render to its citizens who found themselves in difficulties in a foreign country. Such assistance would according to this line of thinking only occasionally and in cases of extreme and immediate need, be material; essentially it would consist of advice, translation and verification of documents and direction of the refugee to the appropriate agency capable of furnishing him with the type of further assistance, material or otherwise, which might be required. It has always been recognized, however, that the various Hational Councils acting as consulates for their anti-Communist compatriots, who could not turn to the legally-recognized Communist embassies, legations or consulates of their countries for help, would have to provide some material assistance for those who turned to them for help, if only a tram ticket, to allow them to visit the various international and local social agencies who could help them, or

the price of a meal or a night's lodging which would carry them over the necessary period of time which it always takes until the machinery of other agencies can be persuaded to start grinding for the assistance of these people. However, as time went on, NCFM assistance was also being given, directly or indirectly, to agencies which gave particular sttention to material aid, as for instance the AFCR and Rumanian Welfore, neither of which has any clear and responsible relation with a National Council, yet each of which has been the victim, to some extent, of the vagaries of exile politics.

Some of the elements which seem, either consciously or unconsciously to have been operative in the development of this NOTE policy of only limited and indirect concern with the over-all problem of refugees from Eastern Europe were the following:

- l. Refugees in the mass were already the direct concern of a large, well-staffed and well-finenced international organization, the IRO, which meant that the problems confronting the Mational Councils and other organizations of the exile clite were limited in scope.
- 2. Until the initiation of saturation broadcasting to Crechoslovakie on My 1, 1951, MCFE (through RFE or any other instrument) was not itself an active factor in the refuges problem. It was not directly associated with the refuges himself, either through indirectly stimulating him to flee or through his increased value for information philoses.
- 3. The National Councils and Committees were considered to be a suitable instrument qualified to doal with the refugee problem in the limited manner in which it confronted them during the existence of IRO. It was felt that any credit for assistance to refegees could appropriately be given to the national councils, which would in turn reflect to the credit of NCVE, the U.S. and the Free sest in general.

### -III -

# THE CHANGED CITUATION U.S. AND EUROPE

While IRO operated NCFE was in a position to take a distinction between the exile elite and the mass of refugees who were under the protection of the IRO in Europe. IRO, however, ceased to exist at the beginning of 2952. Even before IRO disappeared, care and maintenance of refugees in and out of camps had passed to the various local national authorities. IRO's functions of protection and care for the refugee in both legal and external aspects respectively from arrival to emigration have been divided

among these governments and two international agencies, the UN High Commissioner for Refugees and PICNE, none of which has been provided with the means adequate to the performance of their tasks assigned it, and the latter of which are only just becoming fully operational. In consequence of IRO's closure the various voluntary signedes, such as SCEC, live and WCC, etc., have been deprived of facilities which were provided by IRO in the past, with the result that they have been compelled to cartail their activities. Notither of IRO's successors has assumed the vest and vital coordinating function performed by IRO, with the result that the present confusion is discouraging. It may devolop that the New State Department - MEA program for neo-refuges will clarify this confused situation, but at present it, itself, is as yet in unknown factor and naturally rumors regarding it at the field level have thus fore only served to confound the confusion.

The period of IRO's existance coincided with the period of wass emigration, whereas at present emigration possibilities are small and uncertain, with the result that to the hard core remnant, which cannot be moved, is being added to the chall but steady flow of new arrivals, most of whom are unable to emigrate and who must also face the appalling employment conditions in the frontier countries of Germany, Austria, Italy and Tricute (in the oth r frontier countries of Greace and Turkey the situation is probably similar) and the intermediary receiving countries such as France and Britain. Out of the more slowly moving remnants, particularly in the frontier countries, the possibility exists for the formation of more stable notional committees, which would hence be more susceptible of central.

Burin; the early years of NCPE's existence the frontier and intermediary receiving countries were either absorbed in post-war reconstruction or were subject to military occupation and hence were not in a position to take an active interest in the refugees as an instrument of their foreign policies. NCPE, in the U.S., therefore, i. ld'afford to ignore mont developments of exile activity in Europe, reassuring itself that the head-quarters of the exile national councils were in the U.S. under nominal NCFE control. Normally, of course, each of these countries has specific interests in Eastern Europe, which do not necessarily coincide with these of the U.S. There are now strong indications that the situation is more rapidly approximing its more normal aspect and that it is still in the process of change in this direction.

In January the British-backed Central and Mastern Muropean Commission of the European Novement held its first make meeting in London; in April the French Comité Nationale pour l'Europe Libre emerged; and in June the Cermans attempted to bring about the emergence of a contral organization of refugées, which, in its composition reflected traditional German sympathies with the Separation movements of Sastern Europe, a policy which is in direct conflict with that of NCFE and RFE. Although the authorities, particularly in the Irontier countries, probably lack

special financial means to engage in activity on an NCYE-scale, they do possess, by virtue of their control of the logal and welfare framework within which the refugee must exist athe means to extend or withhold benefits so as to influence the refugee political situation to their advantage. It seems reasonable to suppose that as these nations gain in strength and independence this process will continue at an increasing rate.

An a result of the factors described above, the refugee finds himself in an increasingly hostile environment, apprived of an <u>effective</u> international protector and incapable, alone, unaided and unsuided clerally to see his interests and defend them, from exploitation. The Coccioslovaks and Poles in Germany provide striking examples of shorteighted, nimless exile pre-occupation with sterile political maneuvering to the advantage of their German houts. At the same time, the voluntary agencies in German, which, after IkO's demise, were granted certain facilities by HICOC must, after the mitification of the contractual agreements, look to the German Government for whatever facilities it may choose to grant them.

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Until its May 1951 initiation of laturation broadcasting to Czechoslovakia, which marked its appearance as an instrument actively affecting the countries whence the refugees flee, REE could also ignore the presence of the refugees in the sest. Since that time, however, the steady expansion of REE's activity and its increasing need of refugees as informational sources have led to strong accusations that REE is evading its responsiblities and failing to accept the consequences of its own effectiveness. Although REE expressly refrains from specifically inciting its audiences to flee, its comparisons of life in the best with life in the Easty inevitably constitute an indirect encouragement to escape. Those accusations and resentment are ill-concealed among the representatives of the various international and voluntary agencies.

RFE's information service men, who, of RFE's personnel, are in closest contact with the refugees, sympathize with this criticism and wish that they could do more for the refugees than they are presently able to do on their own. These RFE information gatherers are in competition with an endless series of rivals seeking this valuable commonity. They usually present the refugees who have been helpful in providing them with information with presents of food, cigarettes or money. Although they would like to be in a position to some more than this for their info mants, they cannot, for, as they explain, they are not in the welfare business. One of their special difficulties is to persuade the refugees to come to them in the first place. Almost universally they have reported that if the refusees were made to radize that Free Rusope was doing something or them, they would be more willing and even eager, to come to the RFS information offices in the camps to give freely of their information. Furthermore, RFS's propagands can be dangerously weakened by the boomerang effect of the few disillusioned refugees who return to their homelands.

In consequence of the closure of IMO and the absence of uny authority capable of organizing and controlling the refugee national committees a double vacuum exists. In respect to the lirst vacuum, the UN High Commission, PICAE, the voluntary agencies and the State Department program have yet to prove their ability to fill it. In respect to the second vacuum, the Brisish, the French, the Italians, the Austrians and the Jermans have the possibilities of filling this vacuum. Of these, the Ger an interest is most likely to provide the most direct and immediate conflict with MCFE-RFE interests. The fact the Ger and have demonstrated an interest in these committees and particularly in support of the Separatiat elements indicates that those committees are not without political importance; Because of the political ambitions or h nest desire to serve of their leaders and of the need of the refugee for spokesmen and representatives in their doulings with local authorities, such committees will always exist, whether or not they are controlled or supported. If these committees .re to be controlled at all, it is obviously to NGFR's advantage that they be controlled by NGFE. It would be dangerous to assume that this control could be exercised solely through the "leaders" residing in the U.S. as the opportunity exists for these leaders and for those in surope to play off one western Power against another. It has already been demonstrated in one case that the branch of a national council, with headquarters in the U.S., sue to the exigencies of the local situation may be obliged to follow a policy which is quite contrary to the interests of NCFE.

In addition to the major double vacuum described above, our survey has disclosed the existence of a number of ninor vacuums in exile representation which have been filled by unscrupulous self-appointed national representatives whose presence has been largely responsible for the skepticism and mistrust with which exile representatives are frequently regarded by the international and voluntary agencies. This unfortunate factor may be traced to the lack of recognized accreditation for such representatives, to the absence of any responsible and c neistent field supervision, control and backing of worthy and qualified representatives. In this regard, representatives of the UN High Commission and the voluntary agencies have expressed a definite interest in efforts to order the chaotic situation of the national representatives.

#### - IV

RECONSIDERATION OF NOTE'S BASIC INSTRUMENTE IN THE RESEARCH SHIP WITH MILES HE REFUGREST THE HATTORAL CONCINS.

As we have shown above, it is to NUFE's interest to attempt to order this confused situation, and if the attempt is to be made; careful consideration must be given to the selection of the tools which are to be used. The Division of NUFE which has hitherto dealt with NCFE's relations with the exiles, and indirectly with the refugees, has been the Mational Councils Divisions. This Sivision

has used as its basic instrument the National Councils and Committees which have their headquarters in the U.S. MCFE's experience over the past three years has served conclusively to modify the initial view of the National Councils as suitable instruments for the creation not only of an atmosphere of positive and constructive cooperation, but even for the Effective implementation of NCFE policy and purpose.

The divisive factors of exile have resulted in :

- 1. The absence of any Polish National Council Which can qualify for NCFE recognition;
- 2. The absence of any Rumanian dational Council which can qualify for NCFE recognition;
- 3. A prolonged split (a year and a half) in the Council of Free Cuechoslovakia;
- 4. A precariously balanced Aungarian National Council.

Other factors have produced a Bulgarian National Committee which is unsatisfactory from almost every point of view. Genuine and productive reform of the BNU will acubtless prove a prolonged and difficult process. This leaves the NCFC with a National Committee for a Free Albania, which could stand reform and which, nevertheless, has always been closely supervised by Americans and with the three Baltic Consultative Panels which were established entirely by NCFE in the first instance.

No single national council during its existence, with the possible exception of the three Baltic Consultative Panels, has demonstrated itself as being capable of even reasonably efficient and just administration of its own affairs. In each case NCFE has been obliged to step in, at first exercising only cursory supervision, but at present attempting to introduce systems of closer administrative and financial control and supervision, which, unless made sufficiently rigid, will doubtless prove as unsatisfactory as they have been in the past.

Where national councils do exist branches or sections of these councils which have demonstrated their effectiveness can and should be used where practical to implement on a secondary level SCFE projects and policies. For the primary implementation of these projects and policies, however, a more permanent, ordered and controllable apparatus must be found, one not liable to the naturally disruptive tensions of exile life. Even where unity in a national council can be produced, experience has proved that its continuity is at best tenuous and unreliable, with the result that the council becomes a delicate and cumbrous apparatus which must subordinate the achievement of practical goals to the maintenance of this temporary and elusive unity.

Further factors discolsed by our survey reinforce the conclusion that if NCF2 is, as we believe it must, effectively to

develop its interest in the European refuger field, a new instrument must be found. These factors also tend to indicate roughly some of the qualities which this instrument must possess.

I. No single exile organization engaged in refugee activity, including those receiving NUTE support, is consistently good in all of its local branches. This observation applies also to those organizations receiving NUTE supports which do not full into the national council category ( the AFGR and Rumanian Felfare).

## Conclusions :

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In its activity in the European refugee Tield, NOFE must be completely free to select the organizations and individuals with which it may consider it practical to cooperate on any level. HOFE must therefore not be committed to support or to cooperate with any organization in all the parts and must be free to sever connections it any time with any organization or its parts (individuals or sections) with which it finds it no longer practical to cooperate. HOFE must be completely flexible in this operation.

2. The refugee in Europe is confronted with a situation which is fluid in all its aspects. He faces cince the closure of IRO, a multitude of uncoordinated agencies, the continued existence of some (the voluntary agencies) is ascertain; the operations of fothers (the Wi and MICAE) remain to be developed fully; the scope and activity of another (the State Department Program) is in the rumor stage. He is uncertain, suspicious and raryful of the new status and intentions of the loc l national authorities under whose immediate jurisdiction he must live. He faces the after-effects of mass emigration, watch, although it coused some time ago, has deprived him of the most qualified of his compatriots and honce of stable national leggership. For himself, the limited, uncertain and uncorrected emigration on an individual basis which still exists offere but faint hope for departure from the frontier countries. He faces almost impossible employment conditions, depending upon local situations and seasonal work which often requires his being shifted from place to place as the employment situation dictates. The mujority, however, must stay in the camps or on the cole. faces shifting camps which are often moved or classived by the local authorities. These factors combine to produce a demoralizing feeling of impermanence and insecurity. They are, in turn, aggravated by the ensympathetic attitude of the countries in which the refugee finds himself, an attitude which frequently approaches hostility and which is not improved by the presence in these countries of embattered expelled ethnic minorities who were not the citizens of the refugee's homeland. The homelands and is a deplorable feeling of apatry, hopelessness, isolation and abandonment and a total lack of any sense of direction or purpose.

# Conclusions :

broad in order that it may impart a regime of purpose, direction, continuity and security. This approach must have an attractive national flavor which will appeal to the refugee's desire to belong, without encouraging his chauvinistic tendencies, and, indeed, should provide a positive substitute for them. To implement this approach NOTE's instrument in the field must again be supremely flexible but susceptible of close and ragid control. This instrument must be appeale of conveying an impression of seriousness, responsibility and constructive interest, thus inspiring a feeling of confidence on the part of the authorities and agencies as well as the refugees.

countries there is a not ble lack of knowledge of ROFE's role in support of the admittedly limited and relatively negligible refugee activities in which it is thus far indirectly engaged. RFE is, of course, widely known and almost as widely criticized for its failure to accept responsibility for its part in the refugee problem. FRUE is usually known, out only vaguely and secondarily, and in many cases the picture of its scope, activities and goals is distorted. There is a dim awareness of FRUE's connection with RFE, but a general failure to draw any conclusions therefrom.

#### Conclusion :

To engage in refugee activities of any nature or extent without clearly identifying and labelling SCFE as the organization ultimately responsible for these activities is a needless and senseless failure to exploit a possibility in the form of enhanced SCFE prestige and greater sympathy and cooperation with the work of RFE and FEUN on the part of both refugees and other active agencies. Particularly from the point of view of RFE's essential relationaship to the refugees it is a serious mistake not to do so. Therefore the instrument which NCFE adopted for its work in this field must be identifiable only as an NCFE operation, clearly related to RFE and FEUE.

4. It has been mentioned previously that the international and voluntary agencies tend to regard the exile representatives with skepticism and tend to held them at arm's length. This attitude seems partially to result from their ignorance of exile politics and their understandable reluctance to become involved therein. Their ignorance and disinterest mas in several cases led them to choose refugee assistants and advisors of unfortunate political background and tendencies from the aCFE point of view. Again, however, as mentioned above, the representatives of several of these agencies have expressed a definite interest in having these insuppressible refugee groups somehow organized and controlled.

## Conclusion :

do much to dispel this negative attitude and would pave the way for a more positive and productive appearation between the national refugee groups and the agencies active in their behalf. This countrol would also it is requesible to suppose, help to fill vacuums in exilo representation of the kind described above.

5. Another weakness of the organizations surveyed in the frontier countries is their almost priversal tendency in greater or lesser degrees to discriminate politically or personally in the distribution of assistance. There is no comparison between the extent of this weatness in the tense and unsoftled atmosphere of the frontier countries and the more normal environment of the intermedicity receiving countries, france and Britain. In addition to the injustice of such discrimination, definite opportunities are lost through failure pariously to attempt to win ever, through less narrow assistance, elements (such as the Czech and Slovik Separations, Hungarian extraires and the Schwabs) which now oppose or in the future might oppose the political and national structures which HCFs recognizes and supports.

#### Conclusion :

Agin, close MCFE guidance and control are indicated so that injustices may be reduced and seconder MCFE aims implemented, rather than thwested by narrower interests of short-eighted and unsalightened refuges representatives.

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HOA SCHOOL PROBLEM FOR A STREET BE SHIPE THE BURNETS OF THE PROBLEM FOR A STREET BE SHIPE THE BURNETS OF THE PROBLEM FOR A STREET BURNETS OF THE PROBLEM FOR A STREET BURNETS OF THE PROBLEM RESERVED. (FIGS).

#### A. MCFS's approach

If NCFA is to modify its present instruments and create new ones to minifest its interest in the problem of refugees in Europe, it should first formulate a troad and comprehensive approach to the refugee as a type of person in whom and in whose problems this interest is to be shown.

This approach will, by the nature of MCFO's interest in the refugee, differ zerkedly from those of other organizations active in the field.

All these organizations, the intelligence agencies, the local national governments, the OH Righ Commissioner and the voluntary agencies, are interested in the Czechoslovak or Rumanian or Pole who crosses the borner because, respectively, he might be a Communist agent or have information, he is or might be a political refugee or because he is a human being in need.

NCFE is interested in him because he is a Czechoslovak or Rumanian

or Pole -- a citizen of ... country whose people were promised at Yalta certain rights and privileges which they have not received because of the violent interference of a Communist Russia. This is also the fundamental theoretical reason for RFE broadcasts to the Czochoslovika in Czechoslovikia, the Foles in Foland, tt. The fundamental practical reason is of course the interest of the United States in these nations and peoples as European political factors.

RFS obviously cannot create a military machine capable of liberating the nations of Elstern Europe. It is interested white simply in promoting the existence of certain attitudes, interests and activities which will one day contribute to the successful fulfillment of the premises made at Yalta. RFS is interested that mothers should teach their children certain truths to counter Communist lies; that workers should react in certain ways to Communist pressures; that students should understand the fallacies of the system which they are being seduced or forced to serve. In short, RFE wishes to direct Czechoslovaks in Czechoslovakia, Poles in Poland and Hungari as in Hungary to act in the enlightened self-interest of their respective nations. The fact that this calightened self-interest, as supported by RFE, coincides with our own and other broader interests serves only to underline its importance.

we have tried to point out in this report the extent to which the presence and activities and problems of the refugees from NOTA countries in western Europe cannot but be of interest to NOTA. Again, NOTA need not concern itself directly with the feeding, housing, employment and emigration of these people, any more than RFE should itself undertake to raise an army.

This is not to say than Nors may not ind it advisable to continue to use limited welfare funds in its work with refugees. But its princip I tasks will be to protect its interests by attempting to produce some order out of the chaos of refugees activities by giving to the refugee and his representatives a sense of direction and belonging which the other agencies active in the field are admittedly unable adequately to provide. Without it, the refugee in Europe almost inevitably sinks into a state of hopeless and isolated apathy. He belongs to nothing but the tense and quarrelsome fratoriity of his fellow abandoned. Sitting unoccupied all day, his only activity soon becomes the endless intrigue of the political parties. With few books and less communication with the outside world, and particularly, without constructive leadership and juidance, the parties become almost the only organizations with a national flavor open to the refugee. In this stmosphere it is not surprising that refugee nationalisms become chauvinistic and ideas, of national interest, subordinated to the narrow and petty goals of the political parties.

The voluntary and other agencies and the loc l national authorities can hardly provide a constructive substitute since they only approach the refugee as such, reenforcing his apathy by their much needed gifts, unable to offer allegiance to anything other than the Churches, opposed or reluctant to undertake any

attempt at support or guidance of his national tendencies. In all fairness, it should be noted, however, that the current approach to the rofugee on the part of all these asencies is a conscious and considerable improvement on the exaggerated and incentive-killing IRO dole system.

But if NCFR approaches the new suc pec, as well as the older Dr, not as a needy "refugee" but as a citizen of his country who simply finds himself in a difficult position on this side of the Iron Curtain rath r than on the other side, it about be possible to appeal to his decire for national continuity and then to some extent appoint to his ideas of his own enlightened celf-interest in much the same way that such appeals are provided for the escapee's compatricts at home by RFR.

This approach would also take into account the significant fact that many of the new arrivals, (estimates run as high as each are not real "political refugees". They leave their countries for economic reasons or because they are fed up or simply went to try out the conditions in the a est which are described to them as so much superior to those in their homelands. Among these people there are of course many missits, incompetent a and undesirables. No one should delude himself with a picture of all refugees as worthy, deserving, honest people persecuted by a Communist regime and fleeing for their very lives.

ACFB interests, however, override this unfortunate reality: no individual who leaves a satellite country for any reason whatever should be allowed to fall into such a condition of disillusionment that he should consider returning or even consider sending work of his discouragement home. One such return or report of personal disillusionment can produce a most unfortunate countereffect to RFE and other Western propagands. It is an accepted fact that there have been such cases and they are in fact regarded as one of the factors contributing to the present lower arrival rate of new escapees.

Granted thi approach to the escapee and the old refugee and DP as a citizen, and the desire to promote among these people the lieu of concern for their real self-interests, the ide, which most adequately describes this approach is that of the "conculate".

The functions of a consulate are to protect the interests of the citizen abroad. Enterial assistance is provided only in cases of emergency — the consulates principal task is to take an active interest in guiding the citizen to those local agencies best able to satisfy his wants and to suggest approaches and attitudes most likely to benefit him during his stay abroad. The most glaring and urgent example of the need for such consular guidance may be found in the necessity for protecting the Czechoslovaks in Germany not only from the political opposion of the Germans, but from their own senseless, destructive and shortsighted political maneuverings.

# B. Fodifications of NGFE's present instrument.

As indicated above, it will of course be useful and desirable to incorporate in this approach and in the new instrument, (FECS), designed to implement it, features, (individuals and organizations) of the present instrument which have demonstrated their effectiveness. However, also as mentioned earlier, in order to assure the freedom of action and freedom of choice of the new instrument, certain modifications of these features of the present instrument will be required.

1. It will first of all be necessary that those features (individuals and organizations) of the present instrument considered suitable for incorporation in FECS be separated administratively and financially from their headquarters, since FECS will operate on the basis of the following prededural approach:

Such individuals or organizations will be incorporated in FECS on one primary basis — their proved effectiveness in the past and/or their precise of offectiveness under MCFE guidance; their retention will be dependent upon their ability successfully to continue this performance. This is of course basically an adoptation of part of the approach which has embled RFE and RFS to make effective use of qualified exile personnel for the attainment of their own goals.

For the undirected and uncoordinated system of almost complete lack of control which has hitherto generally prevailed in NCFE's relationship to refugee activities and exile organimations, will be substituted a system of costrol which will proserve at least the illusion of freedom through the incorporation of qualified exile organizations and individuals and the selection of others to fill gaps which such organizations and individuals have proved unable to fill. The fact of their ultimate responsibility to MCFE should be made bundantly clear. That this is in no way incompatible with the atmosphere of an illusion of freedom in which FECS's exile employees will be working is amply proved by the success of RFE national desks. It will be made clear to these amployees that they should consider themselves to be working as consuls and consular assistants under a civil service program. They should be given the impression that the responsibility for the success of FECS in its attempts to assist the refugees lies in their hands, and that its failure for reasons of favoritism or dishonesty would constitute an evasion of their patriotic responsibility.

# O. Functions and potentialities of FECS.

The underlying purpose of FMOS is of course to serve the policies and basic interests of NCFE.. We have tried to indicate the extent to which its work with the refugees would be directly to these interests. Other interests which PECS would have the purpose of serving might be:

1) The prevention of misunderstandings on the part of the

refugees and other agencies active in the field regarding all phases of HCFD work, and particularly that of FDUS and REE.

- 2) The uttempt to keep the NGFS European Representative and the RFE Political Advisor informed of exile political developments is Europe which might affect their operations and to control and guide them divelopments wherever possible to the advantage of NGFE and RFE. For example, NGFE, designed to wage political warfare on a broad front, was recently almost outflanked in Germany. Some organized means of preventing such occurences, or at least of reporting their development, should be provided.
- 1. The primary function of rECS is to approach the refugee as a citizen and by so doing to try and set up conditions and introduce a spirit which will make it possible for the refugee to escape from the apathy which is his traditional lot and become a positive factor in the struggle of the west. FECS will attempt to perform this function in several ways:
- a. Normal concular activity. FECS will engage in the normal concular activities of interventions on behalf of refugees with the local authorities, voluntary agencies, invernational agencies such as the UN High Commission, or wherever else it might effectively and usefully do so. It will provide translations, verify documents, advise refugees on all relevant matters in conjunction with these other agencies and generally interest itself in all aspects of the refugee's life and problams.
- b. Exterial assistance. While material assistance should be kept to a minimum, it must be recognized that FROS will be required to provide more help of this kind than the normal consultes, since the physical condition of the person appealing for assistance will almost invariably be poor. Other org misations are botter set up to provide such material needs, and FLOS should of course attempt to cooperate with their already extensive efforts to prevent duplication. But FEOS must have available emergency welfare funds in order to escape the accusation that it is a feath rood or another operation to "use" the retugee.
- c. Refuse sorals. The fundamental practical target of all FECS operations should be the improvement of refuses morals. This morals depends on two factors: the refuses's frame of mind and the atmosphere in which he lives.

The refugee's frame of mind should be improved in several ways. The first of these is the citizenship approach which is to govern all FECS operations. It should be manifested as soon as possible after the refugee's arrival and clearance, if only in the form of a greeting and briefing from someone not interested in milking the refugee of information and an ing him questions. This briefing might include a description of the voluntary agencies which might assist the refugee, a description in simple terms of his legal status and, of course, of the FECS program, including the names and addresses of its representatives in the comps or

areas to which the refugee might be sent. The refugee might also be saved considerable disillusionment if at this time he were given a carefully worded description of the difficult economic situation in which he will be obliged for some time to remain. For example in Germany, the refugees should be told of the presence of large numbers of refugees from the East Zone and of the German government's natural desire to assist them. A representative of one of the voluntary agencies suggested to us that the refugees are rarely made to understand that they are initially accepted into countries faced with unusually severe economic problems.

Bocondly, the refugee's frame of mind might be improved by the installation of reading rooms containing publications in the national languages, some of them genred especially to the refugee and his problems. For example, some of the useful exila-organ and refugee aid Committees such as the Anglo-Rumanian in bondon and the Hung rian Office in Eunich produce regular building containing local legal and employment news or interest to the refugee. Such bulleting should receive a wider distribution and others like them should be created. In this connection, it should be noted that RPS publications are not reaching the refugees, among whom our survey has indicated they would be most welcome and are much needed. Also in the reading rooms, radion should be provided in response to the conice, frequently expressed to us, of hearing RPE and other broadcasts in the nation 1 languages.

The organization of constructive meetings, discussions and national celebrations would provide an outlet for refugee enthusiasms if they were supervised by competent leadership. Similarly, FACO should stimulate and possibly provide the means for self-help work projects, such as the paintings of barracks, the planting of gardens are the organization of sewing circles, language courses or discussion groups, etc....

The second factor involved in the question of refugee morele is that of his environment, the atmosphere in which he lives. To a large extent this atmosphere would be improved by the organization, as noted above, of constructive cutlets for the energies now dissipated in chauvinistic and petty politic 1 internal and international strife, both of which have at times led to murder in the camps.

d l

FECS major effert in this direction, however, should be directed toward bridging the gap in a constructive manner between, on the one hand, the voluntary and international agencies and the local authorities, and, on the other, the essential national interests of the refugee. Occasionally representatives of the voluntary agencies have mentioned the fact that refugees sometimes cooperate with them best when the situation has been explained by one of their national representatives. For the reasons of suspicion on the part of these agencies cited earlier, this is not always done. FECS could provide a responsible instrument for so doing.

The principal gop which exists at prement between the various sutherities and the refugees is over the question of assimilation, or, as it is usually described, "integration" and "adaptation". There is a natural feeling on the part of these agencies and attherities that in view of the restiction of emigration possibilities, the only alternative open to many of the refugees is to edept themselves to their environment. The refugee, is, however, quite understandably reluctant to do so: He plans to return to also country when it is liberated "neft count"; he is sure he will emigrate shortly; particularly in Germany, he may strongly dislike or distant the local population. There is also of course the determining factor of employment possibilities — one of the aspects of the refugee problem with which FRCS cannot and need not directly concern itself.

Indirectly, however, PECS can contribute to its resolution. For example, in Germany, the problem of national schools, which has been a score point, suggests a suitable compromise. The refugees have struggled to maint in full-time national schools for their children, sometimes succeeding with NCFE and other external support, while the loc 1 and international authorities have insisted that refugee children attend German schools. The refugee must be made to understand that it is to his children's interest to allow them to adapt as longer the essential elements of national culture can be preserved. This requirement could be and in some instance is already being mot by extra-culricular instruction in the national Language, history and culture.

In the same way the refugee must also be shown that by refusing to shapt, he may make of his national group an ingrown, despised and distrusted minority. If on the other hand, he shows willingness to adapt to the situation in which he finds himself, he is much more likely to obtain not only physical but psycho-logic 1 benefits in the form of broader practical experience, with the possibility that this experience may one day be of use to him in his own homeland. This is a difficult point which the mass of refugees will be reluctuat to greep. Some of their more intelligent leaders, however, -- the ding which FECS hopes to employ -- might be able to explain its importance. Also, the experience of one camp director in Trieste has proved that it is not impossible to get results through healthy national competitions; if the Rumanians paint their barracks, the Hungarians feel more obliged to paint theirs. While probably ineffective among the hardened older refugees, shame night successfully be used among new arrivals, as for example, "I" you say you intend to return after liberation, what will you tell your friends that you did for Poland in emigration "That you he ped create friends for Poland by keeping the neatest barracks in Carmany --- or that you sot around a pigsty all any doing nothing ? That you refused to take a job in a construction company because it was beneath you, or that you helped to build a stronger and more prosperous west to hasten the day of liberation ?" arguments of this cind were not wholly without effect on atrikers, and shirters, during the war. Doubtless they have been tried by representatives of the voluntary agencies, etc., but FECS representatives should

have additional authority for such arguments by virtue of their membership in one division of an organization actively working in many ways for the liberation of the refugees' homelands.

Also, just as the presence of extracu ricular schools, by their grantee of the preservation of the essentials of national culture, encourage attendance at German schools, so the manifestations of NCFE's similar interest on the local level through FECS might liberate the refugee from the anxiety for maintaining his traditions within his smaller group and so diminish his reluctance to attempt some measure of adaptation. In this connection the citizenship approach applies particularly, since FECS must demonstrate that MCFE is not only generally and broadly interested in keeping satellite culture alive(In the DIC and but also in keeping the individual refugee living outside a camp, in touch with his compatriots and traditions not only through personal contact but by making available to him publications in his language, etc; In t is way the refugee mig t be encouraged in his slow process of adaptation to strange and in many cases nowline environment.

This is again a vast problem affected by many factors far beyond the scope of FECS or NCFE. It is almost certaily true that if more respectable and wherthwhile jobs were available to refugees, much of their apparently nationally based aversion to adaptation would disappear.

But if FECS makes emphasis on adaptation one of its major points of policy, and makes this fact clear to the local national and international authorities, and then actively implements this policy as suggested above, it will almost certainly find itself most sympathetically regarded by these authorities.

2. These are but a few of the functions which FECS should be able to perform; anyone regularly active in the field could probably suggest many more. There are, nowever, certain broader potential tries for the development of this instrument which might be briefly suggested here.

In the first place, it should be possible to gain some advantage, beyond the fact that they come to us, from the presence of the refugees in the West. FECS might be able to produce such an advantage.

To brand this approach as hopelessly idealistic is to ignore the extraordinary practical results achieved at Camp Valka from July 1951 to January 1952 by the German camp commander at that time, von Homeyer. When von Homeyer, with no previous experience of these problems arrived, Valka was in terrible situation. Enifings and riots were frequent and the Nuremberg police were not only on constant alert, but a force of 28 men was maintained at the camp.

Von Homeyer began by calling the national representatives together, and it took him two weeks to get them into one room.

Finally, when they had assembled, he gave them hell and explained it would be a waste of time for them to try to alter or influence the situation in their ewa countries from Valka. He told them he believed the cause of many difficulties was the personal interest of many of the leaders in proparing the way for big reles at home after liberation. He then presented his idea of forming the first European community at Valka. He told the national representatives he had no support from bunich — he was on his own and asked for their help and cooperation. One by one they came to him and agreed.

Von Homeyer's technique of making Triends with the people, with whom he soon acquired an excellent reputation, was an effective instrument in swinging their national committees to his side, for aware of his popularity, they hesitated not to show active cooperation. As a means of delegating self-administration of the camp to elected representatives, you homeyer was about to establish a small parliment when he was recalled by reasons of a German administrative snafu in which favoritism playd a part. Just before his departure, the furembers chief of police approached him and asked that he request the withdrawal of the permanent squad, which the chief felt was no longer required due to the enormous progress in camp behaviour.

After von Homeyer's replacement by an unimaginative burnaucrat, the situation at Valka relapsed into vi lence. Yet his influence dingered, and delegations from the national groups visited him, be ging him to return to the camp. Later, when the situation became even worse, delegates from the German administrative personnel at Valka also came to urge that he return. This was just before our talk with him, and the employees brought with them tales of the latest knifing. Obviously von Homeyer's idealistic and far-sighted approach to the refugee problem had made a profound impression new only upon the refuges themselves but on Germans associated with the problem in a practical way.

Von Home Br's European community approach might be borne in maind in connection with HCFE's espousal of the policy of Federalism. Similarly the PRCS citizenship approach might have the potentiality of being broadened to provide grass-roots emphasis on this aspect of HCFE's policy. The idea of Turopean citizenship for refugees is not original or new, but it might provide NCFE and RFE with a useful propaganda weapon."

Von Homeyer's realistic and productive idealism perhaps also indicates the necessity for at least trying to uncover and support more positive elements than the usual exile political leasers, even though it is believed likely that the latter will be able to regain control of their political machinery and return to power after lib ration. For this reaso, not to attempt the production of more constructive leaders and attitudes more amenable to NCFEMAND US interests is an example of infatuation with "hard-boiled" realism for its own sake.

another potential use of PECS might be in conjunction with certain proposals advanced by individual RFR staff members. These call for the use of refugees as a unding courds for group reactions to new brondenst themes and as sample groups for testing basic staellite country attitudes. Refugees helped by FECS might be more interested in contributing to such projects; conversely, FECS efforts to restore their feeling of belonging to the struggle for liberation of their countries would be immensurable assisted by this opportunity for them to assist in the sharpening of this potent "sister weapon".

#### -1-:-:-:-

NOTE and RFE exile employees who by and large form a privileged class among the refugees as a result of being relatively well paid, should be encouraged to contribute small but regular amounts of their salaries on a voluntary deduction basis to refugee welfare. Some RFE employees have already done this on an informal basis and have expressed a desire to do so on a regular deduction basis but have been discouraged by the information that this would involve a violation of RFE regulations. In view of the success of a similar welfare fund instituted by the rollsh Labor Service Companies attached to the U.S. Army in Germany, it is recommended that this possibility be investigated. FECS might prove a sure means of channeling such aid to the refugee.

### -1-1-1-1-1-1-

The form for refugoes in Turkey established by the Gazi Khan Besselt Committee which has an internation despect resembling You Homover's approach would qualify for inclusion in the FECS program, although no specific proposal can be made until after a detailed field survey.

# D. Proposed organizations of FECS.

[]

1. PECS will be a service section of MCFE under the directorship of MCFE's General European Representative. General policy headquarters will therefore be in Paris as well as the operational subsection responsible for the administration of the PECS branches in England and France. This will have the advantages of removing the general policy headquarters from the immediate tensions and pressures of the frontier countries. The pirector will have the task of general policy coordination of PECS with other NCFE divisions and of gaining on a high level the acceptance of and cooperation with PECS by the national and international authorities concerned, persups by emphasis on the contribution which FCS could make to their efforts to resolve the refuges problem.

2. Operational headquarters under the direction of a FRCS Deputy Director will be in Munich, the point closest to the refugees' geographical center: from Munich the Germin refugee reception center at Valka and the Mustri in equivalent at Wels are each within half a day's drive, or less.

3. The Deputy Director will be responsible for the implementation on the operational level in all areas of all the functions of FECS in line with policies established by the Director. The Deputy Director will be responsible for general operational policy coordination with the national and international authorities and voluntary agencies locally active.

- 4. The Deputy Director ill have six Area Assistants :
  - 1) North Germany, center Bonn or Hannover.
  - 2) South Germany, center munich and Vilka-
  - 3) US and French somes of Austria, center Salzburg and Wels.
  - 4) British Zone Austria and Trieste possibly two assistants
  - 5) Italy, center Rome.
  - 6) Paris, London and Banolux, center Paris.
  - 7) Greece and Turkey, probably will require one area assistant each. However, no field survey of the refugee situation in these two countries has as yet been possible.

The duties of these Ascistants will be to provide guidance, inspiration and close administrative and financial supervision of the various national sections of FROS in their respective area. These Area Assistants must have considerable administrative and financial latitude in order that FROS may possess the high degree of flexibility essential to its effective exploitation of the fluid refugee situation. They must be fully informed of all employment and emigration possibilites, projects of voluntary agencies, atc. Their cooperation and relations with local authorities and active agencies must be close and their relations with them always excellent.

- A. FECS will, in each area where it is to operate, form National Sections. These National Sections will be recruited and appointed by FECS. They may or may not include individual representatives of organizations through locally active. In rure cases in the frontier countries, but almost entirely in England and France, proved exile-organized refugee and Committees will become the local National Sections. In cases where no proven exile-organized refugee and Committees will become the local National Sections. In cases where no proven exile-organized refugee and Committees exist, the FECS Area Assistant will recruit with the help and approval of the Dejuty Director a National Section Chief, who will in turn, with the approval of the Area Assistant, recruit his own paid assistant or associate where necessary, and as many as local volunteer section member-representatives as may be required by the amount of work, geographical distribution of the refugees, etc.
- 5. Fossible organization of FECS national sections :

England
a) Albanians : special case

- b) Bulgarians : time Karnstoyanova as Section Chief
- e) Czechoplovaka : Anglo-Czechoplovik Relief Committie
- d) Estonions : association of Estonians in Great Britain
- e) Hungarians: Section Unief to be recruited and appointed Possibly Father Henkey-Hing
- f) Latvians : Latvian selfare Association
- g) Lithu mians : Lithuanian Assocition in Great Britain
- h) Poles : Polish Ex-Combitants Association
- 1) Rumanian i Anglo-Rumanian Refugee Committee
- 1) Yugoslavs : Bugoslav Welfore Committee (special case)

#### France

- a) Albanians : special case
- b) Association des Réfugiés Bulgares en France
- c) Comité d'Aide Zociale nux Réfugiés Tonécoslovaques
- d) Comité d'Entr'Aide Estonien
- e) Comité des Refugiés Hongrois
- f) Association d'Entr'Aide Letton en France
- g) Association Litauanienne de Bionfaisance
- h) Polish Section Chief and probably two paid assistants to be recruited and appointed.
- 1) CAROMAN
- 1) Yugoslav Section Chief and one paid assistant to be recruited and appointed (Special case).

## Germany

- b) special case
- b) Bulgarian Section Chief to be recruited and appointed.
- c) Czechoslovak Section, paid Associate and one paid assistant to be recruited and appointed.
- d) Estonian National Committee
- e) Hungarian Office, plus Hungarian Relief Action

- 1) Latvian National Committee plus Latvian Red Cross
- g) Lithu..nian National Committee
- h) Polish Section Unief and two paid assistants to be recruited and appointed.
- i) Rumanian Section Uniof to be recruited and appointed. Chief
- j) Yougoslav Section/and one paid assistant to be recruited and appointed (Special case).

### Austria

14-00000

- u) Special case Alburnaus
- b) Bulg rian Section whief to be recruited and appointed.
- c) Czechoslovak Section Chief to be recruited and appointed.
- d) Estonians none
- e) Hungarian Section Uniof and two paid assistants to be recruited and appointed.
- 1) Latvians none
- g) Lithuanians none
- h) Polish Section Chief to be appointed. Possible use of APWH Salzburg representative, Ar. Knilski.
- 1) Rumanian Section Chief to be recruited and appointed.
- j) Yugoslav Section Chief to be appointed. Possible use of Colonel Bojovic (Special case).

#### Trieste

- a) special case-Albanians
- b) Bulgarian Section Chief to be recruited and appointed
- c) Czechoslovaks none
- d) Estonians none
- e) Hungarian Section Chief and one paid assistant to be appointed. Possible use of Prof. Termsy as nalf-time Chief with full time assistant.
- f) Latvians none
- g) Lithuani..ns none
- h) Polish Section Chief to be recruited and appointed

- 1) CAROMAN Trieste delegate and staff (Er. Di Demotrio)
- 1) Yugoblwo Section Chief to be recruited and appointed (Special Case).

#### Italy

- a) Special case- Albunians
- b) Bulgarian Section Chief to be recruited and appointed
- c) Ozechoslovaks none
- d) Estonians none
- e) Hungarian Section Chief to be recruited and appointed
- f) Latvians none
- g) Lithuanians none
- h) Polish Section Chief and one paid assistant to be recruited and appointed
- i) Rumanian Section Chief to be recruited and appointed
- j) Yugoslav Section Chief to be recruited and appointed (Special Case).
- Note: In cases where no national section is provided due to the insignificant numbers of refugeous present or probable, it is assumed that the area Assistant could handle the needs of special arrivals or cases if existents.
- R. PROPOSED ANTHAL BUDGET FOR FREE SUROPE CONSULAR SERVICE.

#### 1; Salaries

- a; Americans
  - 1) Deputy Director
  - 2) 5 Area Assistants at

    per year.

    (the duties of the sixth Area
    Assistant, covering France, Britain
    and the Benelux countries might be
    performed by a member of the staff
    of the Paris office).
  - 3) Executive Secretary to Deputy Director

		A	
4) Bookka	epor (possibly loc	cully mired)	
5) Quarto	rs and living millo	Marce	
	W · · ·		
	Total Ame	ric_s Salaries	
b. Exile Sale	aries		
34½ 1) <del>341/8</del> ; Absoci	lational Section C	hiefs and	
2) 10 paid Section	l secistants for H		
Tota	l salaries Exiles	and -merican	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2. Travel in Europe	and Maintenance c	of ears at	
3. Two Annual Mound	trips U.S Euro	)pe	
4. Rent, stationery Deputy Director?	, telephone, etc. s office	for	
5. Expenses (travel for 24 1/2 Nation a month per person	al Section Unlefa	age, etc.	
6. Monthly subsidied Aid Committees	to Exile-Organiz	ed Zefugee	
a. Bulgarian Refu	geo Committee - Lo	ondon	· .
b. Anglo-Crechosl	OVER Relief Commit	ttes (London)	
c. Estonian Consu	lute - Welfure Div	rision (London)	
d. Latvian selfar	e Association (Lon	idon)	
e. Lithuanian Wel	fire Committee (Lo	inion)	
f. Polish Ex-Combi	attunte Associatio	n (London)	
g. Anglo-Roumani	n Kelief (London)		
h. Yugoslav welfar	re Committee (Lond	on) through	
1. Assoc1 tion des	Réfugiés Bulgare	s er Frun <b>ce</b> (raris)	

\* 1.1.1

- Comité d'Alde Sociale aux Réfugiés Tenécoslovaques (Faris)
- k. Comit d'Entr'Aido Estonien (Paris)
- 1. Comité des Réfugiés Hongrois (Paris)
- m. Association d'Entr'Aide Letton en France (Paris)
- n. Association Lithuanienne Bienfalzance (Paris)
- o. C ROMAN (Paris).
- p. Antonian Jutional Committee (Cormany)
- q. Hungarien Office and Hungarian Relief Action (Germany)
- r. Latvian Hational Committee and Latvian Red Cross (Germany)
- s. Lithuanian National Committee (Germany)
- t. CAROMAN (Triesto)
- 7. Material costs of Implementation of FECS
  Program (extra-curricular schools, reading rooms, meetings, subscriptions, charts, posters, publicity)
- 8. Welfare Fund

Total Annual Budget for FECS

## Capital Outley in Initial Yours of Operation

- a. purchase of b cars at search for use of 5 areas assistants in frontier countries
- b. 10 one-way trips U.S.-Europe for transportation to job of american personnel (and wives and childred where they exist at
- c. Furniture and equipment for Deputy Director's office

Total

-1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1

indermation

29 July 1952

1. Transmitted herewith is a report which will be of interest to the NCFE in its current negotiations with the Rumanian refugees.

2. The vious of others listed, are in a common used those of this Division.

3. It is requested that arrangements be made for representatives of the NCFE to meet with personnel of this Divid on to discuss the current negotiations and utilizing this recent information.

CRATIAN H. YATSEVITCH Deputy for Policy Coordination, SE

Attachment

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# SECRET

24 July 1952

MEMORANDUM FOR:	Chief, IO Division	*
SUBJECT:		
4		

2. However, it is recommended that no action be taken on their behalf until the present attempt to settle the refugee situation is completed, in order to avoid any appearance of MCFE's favoring one faction.

GRATIAN H. YATSEVITCH Deputy for Policy Coordination, SE

4 Attachmenta Biographics

nis Durber

SECRET

625-1

Security Info July 22,1952

To:

From

Leonard I. Stares

For your information I enclose a copy of cur contract letter with . I send you this because of the considerable discussion of the case.

I can't tell you how much I appreciate your consideration and help in this whole affair. It really pulled us out of a deep, deep hole. My very best.

Leonard I. Stamm

attachment im Alexa. jules (att 7 pm)

Security !

22 July 1952

MEMORANDUM FOR: DEFUTY DIRECTOR OF CHATRAL INTELLIGENCE

SUBJECT:

Mational Committee for a Free Europe

Attached is a monorandum which it is suggested be shown to the Director of Contral Intelligence in time for a scheduled meeting of the Director, members of CIA, and members of the Board of the National Committee for a Free Europe on Monday, L August.

> L. K. MILTS Acting Deputy Director (Administration)

Attachment As stated.

CIO: TWB: eh

Orig - Addressee

1 cc - ADD/A
1 cc - IO/TONIC
1 cc - CIO
2 cc - RI

SECRET Security Information 21 July 1952 MEMORANDUM TO: DCI

SECKET

	 5 SECRET	er og
2		

13 July 1952

Dear Hr.

I would appreciate it if you would deliver this envelope to Mr. John C. Hughes, hO Worth Street, New York.

Thanks,

15) Tom Braken

2203 Foxhall Road, N.W. Washington, D.C. 17 July, 1952

Dear John:

I was glad of our meeting day before yesterday and I am looking forward to seeing you soon again.

Here is a memorandum I addressed to A. a short time ago which I would like you to read because it may give you some indication of how we are trying to get to work here. It is for your eyes only.

I talked to Min on the telephone this morning and he seemed in an extremely bellicose mood. This bellicosity, replete with references to "little people who get in his hair", "from now on I'm dealing only with the top", and "otherwise there are going to be some resignations hero" is difficult for me because I am partly Irish, and as able to resign as the next man. I have succeeded, nowever, in maintaining my Scotch heritage to the fore so far, and since you assume me that none of this is personally directed at myself, or people like Bill Dirkee whom I persuaded to come and help me or to the job that I am sincerely and henestly trying to do, I will try to keep it there. It was nevertheless swfully calming to have a chance for such a good talk with you.

Sincerely,

Enclosure

/s/ T

Mr. John Hughes
McCampbell & Company
40 Worth Street
New York, New York

Security Information

EYES GALV 6.5

3.5308

11 December 1952

MFMORANDUM FOR: DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE

SUBJECT:

Crusade for Freedom

1. Admiral Miller will call upon the DDCI soon to request more funds for the Crusade for Freedom. At the present rate of expenditure, funds will run out on 31 December.

have told Admiral Miller that since the Crusade was unable to live within this budget, we were certain that the Agency would appropriate more money to wind it up, although we have explained that his request was embarrassing because the PRC had expressly approved instead of a larger amount in the belief that less money should be expended this year. We have asked Admiral Miller to provide us with a financial statement of the Crusade cost to date as well as a breakdown of the further amount needed.

3. The Crusade this year has so far cost only a quarter of last year's expenditure and half of the amount expended in 1950. Receipts are up, 140% over last year at this date. On the whole, a much better job has been done to date than we anticipated -- and purely in terms of the amount raised the performance has been superior.



EVES ONLY

of the people in the New York office talk about is the payment of
to who worked for approximately one month
in drawing up a Dimes for Freedom campaign which, as you recall,
was rejected as a basis for this year's campaign.

- 5. No accounting of Crusade funds expended in the field has ever been made, and in a fund-raising campaign it is perhaps impossible to do so. Nevertheless, records involving payments for expense money to private citizens engaged for the duration of the campaign are chaotic. You will recall that Spencer Phenix, Treasurer of NCFE, refuses to have anything to do with expenditures for the Crusade.
- 6. Since we are winding up the Crunade this year and will attempt to place it on a more reliable basis through the Heritage Foundation, I suggest that you assure Admiral Miller that funds sufficient to wind up the Crusade will be forthcoming and that you instruct the IO Division to expedite a project granting these funds. I further suggest that in view of the allegations above, which I repeat for your private background information, you keep the position of the Agency faultless by requesting from Admiral Miller a budget in as much detail as possible for the amount necessary to liquidate the Crusade.

THOMAS W. BRADEN
Chief

International Organizations Division

STORETY RECOGNIZION

SECRET

17 July 1952

MEMORANDUM TO:	Acting Deputy Director (Administration)	
PROM:	Acting Chief, Administrativo Staff (Special)	·
SUBJECT:	Conference with TPTONIC	
		*

SECRET

Security Information

14-00000

- 6 -

SLCRET

Frederick W. Edelards
Acting Chief, Administrative
Staff (Special)

Distribution:
Acting DD/A - Orig.
CCC - 1
IO Division - 1
AS/S Chrono - 1

SECRET :

Security Information

# **SECRET**

14-00000

Security Information

ER 3-0917

15 July 1952

BJECT:	National Committee for From	o Europe; propo
FERENCE:	Memo from Security Officer 12 January, and attachments	to DCI dated
2 Wien Adminal 1911		
ther with the reasons upo	er was informed today of this on which it was based, he and	his staff in-
ther with the reasons upon distely proceeded to re-corrections. France-one-half communications.	on which it was based, he and examine the entire problem an ated to the undersioned an en-	his staff im- d within an
ther with the reasons upon distely proceeded to re- er-and-ons-half communical possition concerning Mr.	On which it was based, he and	his staff im- d within an
ther with the reasons upon distely proceeded to re-corrections. France-one-half communications.	on which it was based, he and examine the entire problem an ated to the undersioned an en-	his staff im- d within an
ther with the reasons upon distely proceeded to re- er-and-ons-half communical possition concerning Mr.	on which it was based, he and examine the entire problem an ated to the undersioned an en-	his staff im- d within an
ther with the reasons updiately proceeded to re-carend-one-half communication concerning Mr.	on which it was based, he and examine the entire problem and atod to the undersigned an entire of which the following	his staff im- d within an tiroly new g were the prin
ther with the reasons updistely proceeded to re-distely proceeded to re-directly proceeded to re-directly proceeding the position concerning the selements;  b. In lieu there	on which it was based, he and examine the entire problem an ated to the undersioned an en-	his staff im- d within an tiroly new g were the prin
ther with the reasons upditately proceeded to re-direand-one-half communical position concerning Mr. selements:  b. In lieu there as a "consultant and caix-months term.  c. He would not a placed on a fee basis.	on which it was based, he and examine the entire problem and atod to the undersigned an entire of which the following of he would be offered a cent entributor of information for the entire of the en	his staff im- d within an tiroly new g were the prin
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e. Subject to	
Admiral Miller and Mr. Lang will endeavor	to secure the ser
vices of either Mr.	organization,
or er.	as Chief
of the information collection activity of i	
OF CO. POURT AND SY	norteneed Audies
duals, and has already indicated this position if it were even	d his interest in
this position if it were open.	THE THOUGHT IN
<b>3</b>	
Advised by the underest	The Admiral was so
advised by the undersigned and expressed himself satisfied and very pleased.	as being entirely
Jeaned.	
i. One other senect of this matter is worth reference: Mr. has stated that he has been for many years, having known him in collowed his career rather closely. On the basis of about Mr.	n woll acquainted with lege and having fol- everything he knows
American citizen and that there would be no real rethe issue of loyalty as such. In the opinion of	18 a loval

Encla

References.

Distribution:

Orig. - DCI, DDCI, IG - with enclosures.

cc: - C/IO - 1 - Security Officer - 1

ER - 1

DD/P chrono - 1 Security Informa

DD/P-FGW/bjm

Street fides of Atland

FRANK C. WISNER

Security Information

1h July 1952

MENORANDUM FOR: DERVIE DERECTOR OF CERTICAL ESTELLIGENCE

SUBJECT:

Transmittal of Papers on NCFE Views on Yugoslavia

- 1. Here are NCFM's views on Yugoslavia which you asked for.
- 2. I am worried about item d) in particular. The other items may be justifiable on the grounds that we have to take care of people in this country, but item d) may seem to be taking unnecessary forward steps.
- 3. As you suggested, we have asked the State Department for a review of the entire national council policy, and I am sure we will get State's views on Yugoslavia at this time.

THOMAS W. SKADEN

Chief

International Organizations Division

2 Attachments

 Ltr to Allen Dulles from Leonard Stamm dtd 7 July 52.

2. Memo dtd 2 July 52 re MCFE views on Yugoslavia.

CIO: TWB: eh

Orig - Addressee (thru DD/P)

1 cc - CIO

2 ce - 10/10:1C

2 cc - RI

MEMORANDUM FOR: DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE

SUBJECT:

Briefing of Secretary of the Army on 17 December

- 1. On 17 December, I briefed Secretary of the Army Pace on the subjects of the National Committee for a Free Europe and the
- 2. The tribing covered both physical assets and concepts. Secretary Pace asked many questions, for example:
  - a. How fid NCFZ handle the problem of Yugoslav exiles and at the same time use the Yugoslavian defection as an argument in its broadcasts to Iron Curtain. constries?
  - b. How much did the State Department have to say about time day-to-day operations?
  - c. The duties of the President?

mas 20. Busher

Chief

International Organizations Division

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Society Information

14 July 1952 TO Macle.

#### KEN ORANDUM

I would certainly be inclined to agree with F/W on the importance of a dignified "worthy cause" sort of campaign. Moreover I would scrupulously avoid any activity which might cast doubt on the good faith of the Crusade (e.g., "We pave our money for balloons at Christmas where are they?")

**SECRET** Security Information

### SECRET

Security Information

ER 3-0732

9 3:1: 1952

MEMORINIUM FORE

Deputy Director of Central Intelligence

SPECTA

14-00000

Proposed Gamesian of the Grounde for Freedom: (ER 2-0686).

1. Please note the attached inquiry from Tom Braden, in which he raises two quentions with respect to ballooms. The following are my resonmendations on the two questions, respectively:

a. I see no objection to reference by the Freedom Crossed campaign to the use of tallodas, provided this is headled with care. By this I mean that it would be all right for the Crosade to refer to its former use of talloons and the effectiveness of this res, and also to ray that the National Cormittee for a Free Europe will, on an appropriate occasion and at the right time, make forther use of balloons. It would be record and unwise for many reasons to make a flat statement as to the exact time and content of further balloon operations. There is point in thus telegraphing our punch to the opposition, and it would get us into trouble if we were to be too specific about the timing and subject ratter of any new messages.

t. I would be very much opposed to the stunts such as dropping Christmas leaflets out of talloons over packed footiall stadiums. This is the kind of flamboyant publicity which we have agreed not to undertake this year, and incidentally which makes us look as thought we were in the class with commercial advertisers or irresponsible and clayful student described, or both. I thought Abbott Washburn had gone to help Ike!

78 Dener

Encl (1)

En 3-0686, atd 7 July

Deputy Director (Plans).

DD/2-Ford/bjm .

Distribution:

Crig. - addressee w/att

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1 cc - BD/P ctrono

Security information

## SECURITY INFORMATION

Bracilito Registry

SEGRET

7 July 1952

SUBJECT:		Gr	usade for
00000011	Freedom Campaign Bog		
	a Dropping of Leafle	ts Theme in its P	nopaganda.
A		•	
	1 Miller of NCFE has a		
for Freedom, Mr	. Richard Walsh, forme	rly of the state i	opertment. Ar.
basin has suomi	15. The campaign will	he based upon the	idea of send-
Ing Christman	essage leaflets behind	the iron curtain	with publicity
that the Crusad	e for Freedom will use	balloons among of	ther methods for
this purpose.	It was originally cont	emplated that the	Crusade would
in fact send ba	lloons as it did last	year.	
· .			
2.	tì	ne Crusade to publ	icize the use
of ballcons, to	employ such stunts as	dropping the Chri	stmas leaflets
out of balloons	over packed football	stadiums in the Ur	dted States
and to give the	general impression the	at balloons will t	e one of the
ways to carry m	essages from the Americ	an people behind	the iron curtain
even though the	y will in fact not be	mployed?	
		<u>'</u>	is essential.
3. 10u v1.	ll appreciate that an		18 assenctat.
		1	•
	<i>:</i>		
	`	/ homes Luc	Deus
	TH	onas W. Braden	
	÷	Chief	
. :	Internation	al Organizations	Division
Distributions			
	I through DD/P	•	
cc: ADPC - 1		•	



MEMORANDUM FOR: Mr. MALIER FYURZHEIRER
Office of the General Counsel

5UnJECT: Pollos-up on your report of 26 June 1952 res

1. The following report of 2 July 1952, is a rouly to our presentation to the Admiral of the subject report:

of have questioned Tom about the matter cited in your letter of 30 June 1952, File Number 4-3039. Tom states that the facts are as follows:

1. By letter dited March 20, 1952, Congressian Robert Trip Rose requested consider them for the employment of

Ross requested consider tion for the employment of his latter was interviewed on several occasions, and prespects of his employment were fully examined. After careful consideration, it developed that was not useful in any division of our operation, and there was no job for him. He was personally so informed by Ton in a subsequent interview on May 6, 1952, in which expressed his understanding of the situation.

2. Under date of May 23, 1952, Congression Ross again wrote us stating that had contacted him again about the passibilities of a job with us. I wrote the Congression under date of June 5, 1952, telling him that, although we had made every effort to place him, we were unable to offer a position.

i. Tom has never talked with Congressian Ross. Tom did not state to his secretary or to anyone else that Congress an Moss candidate might be able to get a position with you. Tom states that he knoss better for obvious reasons than to make any such suggestion to anyone.

For your more complete information in this matter, a copy of an internal memorandum is enclosed.

Sincerely

/s/ H. B. Willer #

2. We should like to know if the information you obtained from CIA pursonnel agrees with this report.

Engls-1 copy

THOMAS W. BRADEN
Chief
International Organizations Division

IO/TOMIC: NBV/hka
Distributions:
Orig:- Addresseo
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2 cc - IO/TOMIC
2 cc - RI

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## SECRL.

COPY

SECURITY INFORMATION

May 27, 1952

704
PR. X1
SUE-JECT:
There are no prospects for utilizing
services by the Fund.
I must may that I do not like the behavior of
in again trying to pressure us via Congressman
Aces. As the attached file shows, he has been most
courteously treated here; every effort has been made to
place him; and he has expressed himself as being pleased
with the treatment and attention accorded him. I person-
ally informed him and explained in great detail that his
background made it impossible for us to use him here.
He stated to me that he thoroughly understood this and
that he was quite satisfied that we had examined the pro-
position theroughly.
I don't suppose that it can be told to Congress-
man Ross, but has taken his whole story to
certain of our friends to explore the possibilities of their
possible interest in him since he stated to me that he is
single and willing to so anywhere in the world to get into

# SECRET SECURITY INFORMATION

7 July 1952

MEMORANDUM FOR:	CHIEF,	INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION	o divibion/opc
PROMI	AC /RDI	o/ora	
BUBJECT:		ation of New Type of Air Lea	
reference:	1	demorandum for RDD/TES Subje Appraisal of proposal new type of air leaflet dtd	to Nurs of 21 June 1952
	(b) 1	Colephone discussion between and AC/MMD/OTS on 3 July 195	5 C\100\01c
•		•	

- 1. Subject proposal has been received and will be established as RDD Ad Hoc Project No. 23.
- 2. This project will be carried out along the lines discussed in Reference (b), which will require a number of field experiments; therefore, some additional time will be needed for the complete evaluation. Information will be forwarded to you on these trials as it becomes available.
- 3. It is noted that the samples attached to Reference (a) are approximately  $\mathbf{l}_{n}^{H}$  by  $\mathbf{8}^{H}$ . It is requested that you advise whether or not this leaflet is large enough for applications you have in mind. In the event that it is not, trials will be conducted with larger size leaflets of the same pattern.

Acting Chief Research & Development

thest

	2.	THIS DOCUMENT IS CHARETURN THIS DOCUMEN DISPOSITION SECTION, I DATE INDICATED.  IF YOU FORWARD THIS INDIVIDUAL PLEASE CAI	TTO RM <del>GR</del> G-H S DOC	IP/ARC =38 ON - 50 CUMEN	CHIVES FOR BI Factor	ANOTHER ANOTHER	
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LASSIFIED HCTED SECRET ROUTING AND RECORD SHEET INSTRUCTIONS: Officer designations should be used in the "TO" column. Under each comment a line should be drawn across shoot and each comment numbered to correspond with the number in the "TO" column. Each officer should initial (check-mark insufficient). before further routing. This Routing and Record Shoot should be returned to Registry. FROM: C/IO/1 31 Dec 53 POOM NO. DATE OFFILES BUTIALS TO COMMENTS RIC'D PWU'D CIO TURS POW: I am sorry that through an oversight the 10 Dec 53 memo to DCI attached was neither routed **43 6 24** through nor a copy sent to you. Ci 77 DD/P 7. 8. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. O. 51-10 SECRET UNCLASSIFIED CONFIDENTIAL

RESTRICTED

31 December 1953

MEMORANDUM FOR: DEPUTY DIRECTOR (PLANS)

SUBJECT:

Gregoiro Gafencu ...

REFERENCE:

Memo to DCI dtd 10 Dec'53, same subject

1. Both Whitney Shepardson and were unable to persuade Gafencu to remain in the United States.

He left for Paris 12 Decomber 1953.

- 2. As a result of his own decision, Gafencu was informed it would not be possible for NCFE to continue support of him so long as he stayed in Europe, as it is now a firm NCFE policy not to give stipends to anyone overseas. Payments to Gafencu will, therefore, terminate as of 31 March 1954.
- 3. All the meetings between Mr. Shepardson and Cafenou were entirely cordial.

THOMAS W. BRADEN

Chief, International Organizations Division

SECRET Security Information

10 December 1953

MEMORAHDAM FOR: DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

VIA: Acting Chief, International Organizations Divisions

SUBJECT: Grigoiro Gafenou

14-00000

1. I have just spoken to Thitsey Empardson and he reports that he and have been maddle to persuade Cafencu to stay in the United States. Cafencu gave many reasons for wishing to live in Europe. He is leaving for Faris this Saturday.

- 2. As a result of his own decision, Gafenou was informed that it would not be possible for MCFE to somtimes support of him so long as he stayed in Europe, as it is now a firm MCFE policy not to give stipends to anyone overseas. Payments to Gafenou will, therefore, terminate as of 31 March 1954.
- 3. Hr. Shopardson stated that all of the meetings with Gafenou were entirely cordial.

GILLIAM P. TUNKEN Chief IC/Dranch 1

IO/Branch 1:WFD:jb
Distribution:
Addressee - orig & 1
IO/Branch 1 - 2cc
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RI - lcc

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Remarks: The Director has noted the attached memorandum. He indicated to me that he had seen "something else on this". Do you know what he refers to?  JSEarman						
120.						

1084 NO. 30-4

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Free votes Hopatry

30 December 1953

	Noted by 1941	İ
"	Jan 54	I

		Companies William II. Companies Communication Communicatio
MEMORANDUM POE:	Director of Central Intelligence	
SUBJECT:		
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4. The Chief, SR Division, has been made aware of this report.

Marias W. Buller

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HE ORAPDUL POR HR. STADEN

14-00000

1. Professor Richard V. Burks of Wagne University is chairman of a small team of scholars engaged in a study of the European satellites.

2. The findings of this team are being given as the content of a course on the mid-European area. They are also, I believe, being breadcast.

h. As yet Eurks has no definite plan for the publication of his findings. Manifestly, the kind of book which would emerge from his research would have to receive some nort of subsidy.

5. In my opinion Burks is one of the most competent, if not the most competent man in the United States in this general field of investigation. Anything he turns out will be about as good as it comes. Although I have not seen my of this most recent work, my hunch is that it will be enormously valuable to the policy-maker and as estimators when the time comes for some deep thinking and critical decisions about the European satellites.

6. I thought you might be interested in the above, and with a little paking around yourself might feel inclined to give the venture whatever kind of beest seems appropriate.

SHERMAN KENT

Assistant Director National Estimates

\* P.S. The proven way to get the heat work out of a scholar is to have him know that it will be published + in normal course of events submitted to the critical judgment of his peers.

## SECRET

Security Information

100/P 7643

1 December 1953

### MEMORANDUM FOR RECORD

SUBJECT:

14-00000

Current activities and behavior of Grigoire Gafencu.

REFERENCE:

Paris 0615 (IN 37959) dated 28 November 1953

1. The reference telegram from Paris contains a recommendation that MCFE do what it can to prevail upon Gafencu to come back to the United States and engage himself in certain activities which may be of some use and value to NCFE. The following information was obtained yesterday from Mr. Tyler who is familiar with the background of the reference message.

2. Mr. Tyler stated that Mr. John Hughes has become somew concerned about the activities and behavior of	hat
The second of th	

3. Mr. Hughes, as well as the Paris Station, fully appreciates that NCFE is not in a position to force the return of Gafencu to the United States. At the same time, he believes that NCFE should do

SECRET
Security Information

all that it can to get him out of Paris and he recommends that a strong invitation be extended by NCFE to Cafencu te return to the United States, and that this invitation be coupled with a stitement to the effect that in view of budgetary considerations and the very marginal value of Cafencu's activities in Europa, it will not be possible for NCFE to continue his stipend unless he returns to the United States and engages himself in activities more useful to the program of NCFE.

182

FRAIK G. WISNER
Deputy Director (Plans)

Original: C/IO DCI C/WE C/SE

14-00000

P. S.

SEC. C

22 December 1953

DEFUTY DIRECTOR (PLANS) MEROPANDUM FOR:

SUBJECT:

14-00000

The League of Free Rumanians

Correct title: The League of Free Rumanians.

2. The League has no offices but the late General Radescu's address at 47 East Olst Street, New York; telephone Plaza 9-5540.

3. Its officers and executive committee are attached under Tab A.

is Secretary General.

5. The League now has no offices and insofar as we know has discontinued publication of its bulletin. It is generally rumored and it is presumed that the organization is supported by by knowledgeable people that in particular/

6. Attached is a letter from Panuch to yourself dated 2 November 1953, your memo to Chief, SE Division and his reply, which you requested, as Tab B.

> THOMAS W. BRADEN Chief International Organisations Division

Attachments Tabs A and B

GIC:TUB/eh

Orig - Addressee

1 cc - TO/1 : 1 cc - CIO

1 cc - 3I

orrar!

has been in a E for i week. Do some with Condessee 1963

MEDICHARDIN FOR DETUTY DIRECTOR (PLANC)

SUBJECT:

Conversation with Edward W. Derrett

1. I had a conversation with	Cel Danware an and the
11 becomber, who called to tall me	nious count desires
in respect to an Inter-surenean Ka	woone recent devolopments
an replace of the Theyball tolless to	ald item Compilation. He
described the limitary of	participation, with
which you are familiar, and he wen	t on to say that the two-fold.
objective at present is to get som	sort of consertion among
Scropean nations for broadcasting a	a frank discussion of foreign
affairs in each other's countries,	and secondly, to enlist the
sums sort of cooperation for a col-	umn which would appear in
Various countries, perhaps includi:	ng this one, written by
different people and discussing end	ill week some aspect of foreign
policy differences which might extr	st between and among countries.

- 2. The idea secas to me a pretty good one. Its principal maset in that it will allow the airing and discussion of issues among nations other than by diplomatic means.
- 3. Barrett pointed out that he is now putting definitely in a back seat, that he will soom come to us with a good responsible board of directors and efficiain. He said that he had enlisted Bob Lang's support and Bob had suggested to him that NCFH give the Fastitute a grant. Burrett said the Institute needs to keep it hotsy while it finds suitable leadership. I said that I would discuss the above with you and I would look forward to hearing from Fr. Lang.

grad focusal we want

THORNS N. BRADEN

Chief

International Organizations Division

CIO: TVB/eh

Orig & 1 - Addressee

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1 ec - CIO

1 cc - RI

Un Secentier 1753

nentrangum fore director of central letelaliques

VIA:

DESCRIPTION (SCHOOL)

SUBJECT

Conversation with the Pointington

- 1. On Ariday, Il December, I had a conversation with head Pennington, formerly of the ABI and recently appointed director of the National Americanium Commission of the American Legion.
- 2. Pennington was most cordial. He showed so a letter which he had written to the members of the Americanism Considerion of the Legion in which he climised charges against his based principally on an attack by Kurt Glaser. The arguments he used in his letter he had drawn from briefings by this adency. He trinks that this will be the end of the matter and that members of his Constants will no longer press for investigation of NGE and ARC.
- 3. I took this opportunity to brief Pennington theroughly on the World Veterans Federation which the introduct has previously sentioned to him and about which he had had a little information, wost of it faine. He had been under the impression that we can something to do with it but that it was a left-wing entity valch we were investigating. At the east of our conversation he told mathat he was thoroughly satisfied with the information i gave him and that he would take two steps in accordance with my request,
  - a. He would notify the ford Foundation that the fagion looked upon the World Veterans Federation as a workshile outfit and would certainly not criticise the research in it were to make a grant to the organization.
  - b. He said he would prevent any attacks on the organization coming from Legion residers to being given serious consideration. He said that this could be taken care of by referring all such attacks to the Americanism Conventation for study.

THOMAS H. BULLES.

Chioi

International Organizations Division

CIO:TXE/en

Prig & 1 = Addressees

1 cc - C/10/1

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41 0E0 195 g

MEMORANDUM FOR, UNIEF, INTERNATIONAL O'DAMIZATIONS DIVISION

WEDJECT:

WE Ewstary Reports

DEFENDENCE:

Monorandum from C/10, dated 17 Movember 1953, Subject as above.

The appropriate be Branches and Stails have read the RME Summary report for detaber 1953, which you tornarded to this Division as an attachment to referenced menorandum. We have found the report well propared and useful, both for SE Headquarters and for our field personnel working on propaganda projects. We would therefore appreciate your sending this Division two copies of subsequent RFE monthly reports, one of which will be retained by LE, while the other will be sent to

JORH H. HICHARDSON Chief, EE

Addresses 2

(2012)

4 December 1953

MEHORANDUH FOR	CHIEF, IO DIVISION		r Literatur
SUBJECT:	"News from Behind the Subscription for Mr.	he Iron Curtain" - No	<b>ii</b> 1
Reference:	a	E/FF-1 from IO/Branch	I, 8 Oct 53 , 28 Sept 53 , 6 June 53
light of referenths mailing list some slip-up in check of address given in referenthal the light streeth of the li	nt dispatch from the Since memorandum b, which teince June 1952, it is the distribution channel indicates that Mr. see d.  oquested that appropriation will receive this put f the action taken regarder.	states that he has apparent that ther sels of this publicat address is	tion. In been on the has been ion. A the same as

C/WE

discussed orally return to

Hivor End, w. Roberts Lane H. Arlington, Virginia 4 December 1953

Doar D'Arcy:

This is in reference to your telephone call of this afternoon. I have just had a full report on the matter of the seven visitors.

I am afraid you have got yourself on the nock on this one and nothing can be cone about it except to go through with the bargain you made. This bargain, the documents indicate, was to bring the seven Guecha over here and take the responsibility you assumed when you signed the seven declarations of support affidavits.

Now having gotten that bad news off my chest, I hasten to add that I do not think this is going to be burdensome to you. You are doing a real public service, as I shall explain in a soment, and all of us will do our level best to help you.

I realize that you did not think you sero assuming the responsibility for seven people. It is clear, however, that everyone else thought you were, and I think it is simply too late to change it now. The Csech regime is attacking the United States for its handling of emigres; it is attacking the camps which you have seen; it is pointing up the general hopelessness of an emigre's lot and the dullness and dreariness which you have noted at first hand. This little trip of our seven friends has set all the refugee circles in Germany gossiping. It is exciting news. It is undoubtedly known behind the Curtain. To call it off now would rake a real difference -- not just in terms of the Crusade, but in terms of what refugees think about the United States ditisens.

The procedure from now on seems to lay itself out as follows:
The seven refugees will arrive sometime during the month of December.
This arrival date is important. WICOO has made every effort to
expedite it so that they can come in December, and only overwhelming
ressons ought to dictate a postponement. They will so to work and do
whatever you, Clyde and Roob want them to do on behalf of the Crusade.
After their work for the Crusade is over, all seven doubtless will
wish to remain in the United States. We will all then jointly try
to find jobs and places for them. The visas are good until next
April, but if they can find jobs here it will probably be possible
for us to secure special legislation for them to stay an indefinitely.

Now as to the questione you raise in your letter of hovember 24th. The National Cormittee for a free Europe should certainly look after these people when they arrive and while they are here except insofar as they are directed by you to take up certain activities on behalf of the Crusade. The National Committee should also cooperate in trying to help you in your effort to find jobs for them when their tour is over, and I am sure the people there will do their best. I am sending a copy of this note to whitney and I know that he will cooperate to

As to your second question, I traink the expenses of all seven ought to be paid for out of Crusade funds. They are over here on behalf of the Crusade and you are the one who asked them to come.

On the third question, as I indicated above, I think it would be a great blow to United States policies in this field if they were to turn around actor their duties were over and lime back to a dusty refuse camp.

I think this is the way the whole thing ought to rest now and I do most enthestly urge you not to be too concerned about your personal responsibilities. We will all be lucky if we have to tackle no tougher problems.

Sincerely,

Fr. S'Arcy Brophy Assertean Heritage Foundation 25 L. 46th Street Rew York 17, New York

se: Mr. Whitney Shepardson

CID: TaB/eh
Orig - Addressee
1 cc - Mr. Shepardson
1 cc - ID/Brl
1 cc - CIO 1 cc - RI

STATES INTO THE

12 KS/1953

HEMORAHDEN FOR: Doputy Director (Plans)

Subject

Pomenian Enigro Organization

REFERENCE

: Kemorandum to Chief, SE from Deputy Biroctor (Plans), dated 5 November 1953 - Subject: Rumanian Estional Council

1. In agreement with Mr. William Durkee of International Organizations Division, I share your view, as stated in paragraph 3 of the referenced accordance, that Mr. Anthony Panuch should discuss the problem of the erganization of Emmanian refugees with the ECFE rather than with this Agency. We were informed by Mr. Durkee that Mr. Panuch is fully aware of the ECFE position that the refugees should resolve their own differences before presenting a solution for the consideration of the MCFE. Mr. Durkee also informed the Rumanian Branch on 13 Hovember that he had discussed this matter with Mr. Whitney Shepardson who concurred in the view stated above.

John H. Richardson Chief, SE

cc: C/PP C/IO/PP IO/PP (Mr. Durkee) General Counsel

7267

5 Hovember 1983

MEMORIAHRAN FOR: Chief, Southeastern European Division

SUBJECT

14-00000

: Rumanian National Council

1. The attention of the SS Division and Measure. Braden and Durkes is invited to the attached copy of a letter which I have just received from J. Anthony (Joe) Fanuch concerning certain recent developments in the Rumanian emigre situation and with

2. I believe that the addressess of this memorandum will recall the significance of fir. Panuch and the role which he has played recently, including his wints to me of chout two or three months ago.

le As regards the proposal of further conversations between Er. Fanch and either myself or same other spokesian or representative of this Agency, I continue to be inclined to the view that these are matters which should be taken up by Mr. Fanuch with Mr. Shepardson and not corrective. If after consultation between the Th Division and ID Division it is agreed that this is the correct position, I should appreciate it if Mr. braden or Ar. Durkee could talk with Mr. brepardson about this letter and obtain his views for my benefit. I would then be in a better position to reply to Mr. Fanch's letter — presumably telling his that in line with my earlier advice to him, I still would recommend that he raise these matters with KCFK and not CIA. I could also add that I had been troubled by the appearance of my name in the published material referred

SECRET:

in the mation

14-00000

- 2 -

to above and cite thin as an example of why I would prefer to stay out of the matter directly.

(Signed) FRANK G. WISHER

PHANK G. DICNER Reputy Director (Plans)

Attachment (1)
Letter to Mr. Moner from
hr. Panuch dated 2 Movember 1953.

CC: C/PP C/10/PP TD/PP (Mr. Durkee) General Counsel

SECTO

.

14-00000

C O P

Law Offices of J. ANTHUNY FAMUCH Of East 42nd Street New York 17,8.4.

November 2, 1953

Hom. Frank Wisner Central Intelligence Agency Vashington, D. C.

Confidential

Dear Franki

#### Re: Romantan National Council

This is to bring you up to date on the aftermath of our conference of June 17th with respect to the above. On my return to New York I took the following steps:

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Faithfully,

/s/ Joe Famuels

President PHILIP A. HROBAK P. O. Don 150 Middletown. Ps.

Vice-l'redilent MICHAEL SINCHAR 111 Behoonmaker Ave

Monessen, Pa. EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

PAUL P. JAMRISKA A10 Montooth Street Inteburgh 10, Pa. JOHKPH G. PRURA 205 Medison Street 205 Madison R

JOHN J. BIROTHAX 610-613 Lincoln Tr. Bidg. Scrapton 8, Pa.

DR. JULIUS JANCE 311 W. King Street.

STEPHANIE O. HUSER Georgian Court College Lakewood, N. J.

Vice President
JULIA KRAJCOVIC
1843 W. 15th Street
Chicago S. Hi.

ecording Secretary
FRANCIS HRUSCVORT 10510 Buckeye Road Cleveland & Oblo

FRANK J. GURCAR . 4755 Baptist Road Pittsburgh ST, Pa.

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MICHAEL J. VARGOVICH Neticual President First Catholic Slovan Unico of U. a. A. HELEN KOCAN National President Piret Catholie Slovak Ladies Union PRINK BOBUS National Fresident
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GARRIELA E. VAVEEK National President Ladies Pennsylvania Sicrati Union JOHN ROZBORIL

National Preside Signal Catholic Cadet Union

## The Slovak League of America

A Cultural and Civic Federation of Americans of Slovak Descent

Organised 1937 in Cleveland, Oblo

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT PHILIP A. HROBAK P. O. Box 180 MIDDLETOWN, PA.

October 51, 1952

Mr. Kurt Glasor 1717, -Doth St., H.W. mushington 9, D.C.

Dear Mr. Glaser:

I have read your article on Radio Free Europe -The "RUSSIA FIRST" BOYS IN RADIO "FREE MUROPE" - and I must soy that it agrees with the facts as I know them. It is regrettable that such knowledge or information cannot get to the masses of the American public. I have visited the State reportment and the National Committee for a Free Europe several times during the past two yours to apprize them or the situation, but it seems they do not choose to do much about it. I had my information directly and indirectly from Slovak refugees in Germany and Austria ... and London.

In December, 1951, the ASSOCIATION OF SLOVAKS IN GREAT LEITAIN, sent a "Memorandum" to the Nat'l Committee for a Free murope in New York stating, in errect, the very things your article contains. The personnel of RFE in Munich was given in toto. At that time SI program editors were employed by FE - 29 Greeks and 2 Sloveks (renegades). Of the 29 Czechs emoloyed = 27 were SOCIALISTS of one brand or another! The Lemo montions who they were ... and I still have that list.

Should you want to use it, you are welcore to it.

I have long been convinced that it is not in the inverserable interests of macrica or other free countries to employ gseudochambels and left-wingers in the EFE, the Voice of America or in the Coveresental agencies. I simply would not trust them. Your attack of ones the charlatuns in RFE or used by the REW and I certainly bound rooms and its publication. I. for one, certainly would!

Sincerely,

. A. Erobak

## strtehent.

I read with ettention and interest the article
"The Ruraia First boys in Andio Free Europe", by Er. Kurt Gleber.

Erving no documentation on hand in order to verify
all particular affirmations cont ined in this article. I can express my entire admenion of to its general line. I lived in CzechoSlovakia between 1945 and 1940 and I know the policy of the "Latioand Front "Coverment in Frague at that time from my personal
experience.

In order to understand the Morxist tendency of some present politicians grouped in the so-called "Council of Free Czechoslovakia", it is necossary to point out that the Czech National Socialist Party of Mr. Beneš, Lr. Zenkl, Lr. Ripko, Er. Stransky, etc. formed, on June 25th, 1945, the "Front of Working People" with the pro-Communist Social Democratic Party of Er. Fierlinger, Mr.Lauschman and Mr.Mojer and with the Communist Party of Mr.Cottwald. That "Front" constituted the closest ring of socialist solidarity end cormon action within the "Rational Pront"Government composed of two more parties: the Czech Catholics and the Slovak Democrats./See the article "Let us say the truth !", by Dr.Michal Zibrin, former Deputy of Slove: Democratic Farty in Prague Parliament, published in "Jednota", on October 29th, 1902. Middletown ,Pa./This ring of the three Czech socialist parties is responsible for the evolution in the policy of Checho-Blovelia until February 1946. 30

The Government of the "Lottional Front", of which Er. Zenkl was then Vice-Presier, Fr. Miylo Linkter of Foreign

Corrupce: [r.J.winoly | init | r of Justice: | r.Paramel: Del opte to the open missed | lr | dr | lydp dabor on the in Checke-Clove': In the left, or Commandary | who Providency of the Blove': Intional Conseil in | latinizer | r visited | prest does that the looking erected in looth-blove ir, | latin p/Oravou. I not two of the Priories | look or constitution | risonners and | I have de code to come that then.

At about that the, r.Jan Forence sublineed in Ascrica his book "Checkella "/International University Press, Rw York/. On a joil 20 to tys: "Fee no-called Bolchevi's danger, a boger for they actions, we taken cally in Checkeslovakia, because the latter was tree of very vertice of feudalish and its democracy takes all-a bracing and successful, that there remainded no class those classification could lead to the acceptance of Communism or a possible remedy for it."

tent was all institute the very time, then the "Lational Front"Covernational was all institute they can examine their in "Labor comps", hr. two such was playing in the USA who role write Wesher of Commiss.

Lor will these Gentlemen voided like to change their tone.

100 the testimony of Special Communists themselves are convincing
that of would dealing. That the "Council of Free Czechoslovakia"

is indested even now by "rellow-trancllers", it has been groved
by the "Josephys defore the Specialities to investigate the
modificativation of the Inversal Security Act and other Internal
Headrity has of the Condittee on the Indicinry, inited States
Headt, highty - Decome Congress, First and Second Dession on Espionage

netivities of correspond attached to immended and Consulates on a Soviet domination in the United States. July 9,1991In homemy > 1900 7,1992. United States Gov Truent Printing Office,
In Shington 1992 No. 97249.

On page 7 one can rend the testimony of Mr. Joseph Ignac Loln Tr. gent of P.B.T. Speaking of Mr. Errin Munk, former or ganizer of Gzech Red Mapionage network in USA, Lr. Lolner said:

"No /in funk/told me that we had a very-well- organized under-ground movement which was giving them a lot of headeches, more than the national Council for Free Czechoslova in, with its political prestige and its chairman, repor "onk).

"We are not arraid, "he said, "or Zenkl and his organization because we have there our men who even hold higher positions and we can render them harmless whenever we wish."

The "Council of Free Czechoslovakia", against a strong opposition of anti-Communist Czecho and Slovaks, has been recognized by the Mational Committee for a Free Europe as a representative body of Jacch and Slovak refugees. In this quality, it is a recruiting office for the personnel of the landio "Free Europe".

duchington D.C. Hovember 51952

Joseph A. Mikur

Former diplomat of the Czecho-Slovek Linistry of Foreign Afrairs in Prague /1935-1939/, Former Chargé d'Affrires of Slovekir in Ledrid /1940-1944/. Former Councellor of the fresidency of the Slovek Rational Council in Linitialize 1940-1946/.

## Padio Europe 'Houses Reds'

### Station Got Millions From Americans

By Dr. John B. Crane

Frankfurt, Germany, "You would do well to make an westigation of Radio Free urope. a prominent Washington wmaker advised me a few weeks to as we were having tea ta-ther near Heidelberg.

"I have just returned from unich," he continued, "where I spected both the facilities of the oice of America and of Radio ree Europe. I was much im-reased with the Voice of America t-up and find they are doing a cry good job. "But when I called at the plant

"But when I called at the plant of Radio Free Europe I got such of frosty reception I could hardly, alleve it. They tried to be politically the such control of the political to the plant of the political to the plant of the plant to the plant of the plant to the

re-election."
Makes Headlines Within the past month at least three other visiting American offi-cials have tipped me off that I vight to investigate Radio Free Europe. The climar was reached loday when a Washington investinator suddenly appeared at my epartment for a chat and casually ennounced he was headed for llunich. When I inquired why, he replied:
"I want to inspect Radio Free

During the past week Radio Free Europe has twice made head-lines in leading German periodicals. One important weekly paper, the Rheinischer Merkur, devoted

Pan entire page to the problem of Radio Free Europe.

70 Millions from Americans
American readers will doubtless remember with what high hopes this radio broadcasting station was started two years ago under the sponsorship of outstanding private American citizens such as Gen. Lucius D. Clay, former American

Military Governor in Germany.

The purpose of the new broadcasting station was to send pro-Peland, Czechoslovakia and other satellite countries to encourage them to hold out against their

Communist Governments.
Millions of Americans welcomed this new weapon in the cold war against communism and contrib-uted 70 million dollars for its support, according to the German

Anti-German Propaganda

The mency was to be spent not only for building and equipping a broadcast station, but also for financing the escape of refuges, from countries behind the Iron turnin and giving them jobs at the new station in Munich. Now come leading articles in

the German press charging that Radio Free Europe is heavily in-filtrated with Communists and that pro-Communist, anti-German propaganda in being fed to coun-tries behind the Iron Curtain.

The well-known German week-ly. Christ Un Welt, states that seven members of the Crech De-partment of Radio Free Europe. have recently been arrested on have recently been arrested on auspicion of espionage, while one, member, after working for several months, was found to be a Comemon to Crechoslovakia with important personal records of, Czecho emigrants families.

'Saw the Light'

The German paper names names and places. For example, it charges that the executive editor of the

that the executive editor of the Czech Division of Radio Free Europe, Pavel Tigrid, was editor of an illegal, Communist paper in 1932, known as Hallo Noviny.

It charges, further, that during the German occupation of Czechoalovakia Tigrid co-operated closely; with an important Communist leader, Fucik, who had become editor of the Communist paper Rude Pravo. Tigrid was a contributor to the Communist Central Party organ when the war ended in 1945.

Shortly thereafter, however, he "saw the light" and fled to Germany as a refugee. Soon he was executive editor of the Munich-radio station fighting communism.

radio station fighting communism. Demand Shake-Up
The German paper further mentions by name five other prondigent employes of Radio Free Europe who were earlier, Communist Party menders or who today have close relatives in important Communist Party posts in Czechoslovakia.

The Germans are demanding a

The Germans are demanding a frastic reorganization of Radio Free Europe. This seems to be on the point of being realized. It is reported that 25 employes of the organization have already re-signed, and that Executive Editor Tigrid takes Paul Dittricht has

submitted his resignation.

It is to be hoped that the "housedeaning" now in progress will put an end to the many ugly rumors that have been floating around about Radio Free Europe for the last several months.

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14-00000

THOMAS W. BRADEN
Chief
International Organizations Division

Burged Blanch A. Blance

10/BrI:WPD-TWB/eh

Orig & 1 - Addresses
l cc - IO/BrI
l cc - CIO
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STOREGY INFOSTIATION

STOUGHT IN

19 October 1953

Parming of vestern broadcasts to Russia began sporadically in 1948 and was well established by early 1949, first against VOA then also against BBC. Satellite language program jamming began first from Russian stations and then from jamming stations located in the Satellites proper. When RFE transmissions began in 1950, the organisation and equipment were available for the new target.

At the present time, the organization for jamming - including the transmitters, the monitoring stations to watch for the undesired programs, and the control network to direct the jammers to the target - is apparently integrated throughout the Bloc, with a certain amount of cooperation between countries. That is, programs directed to one Satellite country may be jammed not only from within the country but from Russia and from neighboring Satellites.

At least some of the jammers are closely controlled so that efforts to evade them by changes in frequency or schedules are frequently met by a prompt reaction on the part of the jammer -- within a minute or less.

The extent of integration of the total Bloc jamming system makes it very difficult to separate the effort contributed within the Satellites. However, it is presently estimated that about 900 transmitters are in the jamming effort within the Bloc, and these appear to be fairly well distributed throughout the total of the frequencies that are being used at any given time. Therefore, at times when RFE is broadcasting to the Satellite countries with a considerable number of frequencies, there are undoubtedly hundreds of transmitters jamming these frequencies.

Security Electrical

DRAPS

19 October 1953

The effectiveness of the jamming is difficult to assess quantitatively from the few available observation locations within the Orbit and from the fan mail received. However, in general, it is apparent that jamming is most effective in large cities: approaching 100%. In rural areas, the picture varies from time to time and from place to place, but it appears that a considerable proportion of the programs to the Satellites can be received. For example, the RFE monitor in Vienna reported that, at that location, the medium frequency Czech broadcast from Holzkirchen on 719 ke was practically 100% jammed while only about 50% of the shortways Czech programs were not intelligible. The Embassy in Warsaw reported in May that while VOA programs were unintelligible, NFE programs were "often intelligible."

COUTAGE TO THE WOOD

15 October 1953

HARDEM FURI	inspector deneral	<u></u>	•
Subject:	Information		•

- 1. Subsequent to Mr. Durkeo's memorandum to you of 1 September 1953, which we discussed this morning, I learned that Hr. Miles discussed with Mr. Shepardson the need for the information as to the likely this conversation was held pursuant to your own talk with the Director.
- 2. In any event, we have received precisely the information requested by the Inspector General in a memorandum of 6 October, and I have forwarded it to Win Scott.
  - 3. I think your effort has been successful.

THOMAS W. BRADEN Chief International Organizations Division

CIO:TWB/eh

Orig - Addressee 1 cc - 10/5rI

1 cc - CIO

1 cc - RI

Security Williamore

15 October 1953

MEMORANDUM FOR:	DIRECTOR OF	Central Intelligence	
EUBJECT:			
REFERENCE:	Letter from		
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l. with the Control for a Free Europe	Intelligence	had the following relationsh Agency and Mational Committee	iip eo
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		faighed, THOMAS W BRADEN	
		THOMAS W. BRADEN	
	Inte	Chief rnational Organizations Divis	
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Suggested reply to reference. A	ce chrono		sı or
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0044

14 October 1953

MEHORANDUM FOR: Deputy Director (Plans)

SUBJECT : Vienna Conference with Ambassador Joseph Flack

- 1. On 2 September, representatives of RFE and VCA met with Ambassador Joseph Flack and solicited his comments on reported unrest in Foland, and the utility of RFE and VCA Polish broadcasts.
- 2. With reference to internal disturbances and partisan activities, Flack stated that there have been "absolutely none" in recent weeks, and added that earlier reports of unrest following the June urrisings in East Germany were proved to have been without foundation as a result of relatively unrestricted survey action then taken by numerous representatives of U. S., British and French diplomatic missions in Poland. He expressed his conviction that there is no significant underground organization in Poland which might be considered as an immediate asset by the West, and emphasized his belief that serious disturbances would not occur as long as the present Soviet control mechanism retains its power and the Soviet armies in Poland and East Germany go unchallenged. The bitter lessons of World War II, particularly the abortive Warsaw uprisings, and lack of confidence in the Polish emigration definitely discourage active resistance. The Poles increasingly tend to resent the action of the emigre leaders, regarding them assemtially as gymbols of failure, and, Flack feels, will undoubtodly develop new leaders from within the country when the time comes for action.
- 3. Plack carefully distinguished resistance as an immediate asset from resistance as a potential asset. He expressed the belief that the Catholic Church still offers the strongest and the best organised base of resistance in Poland as it is looked upon as the only symbol of continuity and solidarity with the past. To this he added his own appreciation for traditional Polish spirit of independence and Christian orientation, and emphasized his belief that Polish hatred of Russians and communism continues to mount. Unfortunately, similar sentiment persists with reference to Germany. Fear of German occupation or seisure of Polish territory continues to play a prominent part in Polish thought and is cleverly utilized by the Communist government in its propaganda efforts.

SECRET
Security Information

the Flack expressed certain misgivings with reference to the character of RFE and VOA broadcasts, emphasising his conviction that Western radio broadcasts should do nothing to compromise the position of the Catholic Church in Foland, always taking as guidance the attitude and statements of the Polish clerical leaders themselves. He strongly urged that all possible stops be taken to maintain the present volume of broadcasts into Poland as a means of preserving hope and belief in the inevitability of Soviet communism's collapse.

Executive Secretariat, DS/P

Attachment

Ly Information

25 September 1953

MEMORANDUM FOR: ASSISTANT TO DCI

SUBJECT:

Attached Letter from William H. Smyth

With reference to the second paragraph of the attached letter, the following information will answer the question:

Mr. Smyth's statement before the House Committee on Foreign Relations was reprinted by the National Committee for a Free Europe. It appeared in "Progled", a monthly missographed newspheet, which is published in Serb, Creat and Slovene, and contains statements etc. made regarding Yugoslavia by prominent leaders, reprints from articles on Yugoslavia etc. It has a limited distribution (2-300) to Yugoslav emigres in this country, and its purpose is to keep the Yugoslav emigration in this country informed. It is indicated in the newspheet that the statements reprinted therein do not reflect the views or opinions of NCFE.

From THOMAS W. BRADEN
THOMAS W. BRADEN
Chief
International Organizations Division

Attachment

CIO:TWB/eh

Orig - Addressee

1 cc - 10/BrI

1 cc - CIO

1 cc - RI

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tudy	prospects	for broa	f reply was to my reque adcasts to 30 July t	st for t	d fr	om Mr.
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SEP194

September 14, 1953

917-1

Dear Mr.

whether ECFE would recommend the extension of RFE broadcisting to the Baltic states. The Fuestion was made the subject of several papers witch were prepared for, and circulated to, and there fter discussed at three meetings of the ECFE policy committee.

Following these discussions, the HCFE position

Erondcasts of the RFE type (i.e. the type to Czechoslo-vekie, Foland, and Hungary), directed at the three Baltic countries, would be plainly edvantageous to the united States in terms of NCFE's objectives. There are even stronger arguments for starting such broadcasts at once than there were for starting them two years ago. However, now, as during the 1951 discussions, the problem writes whether such broadcasts (Voices of Free Estonia, Latvia, and Lithuania) and the voice of imbalca. The fact that Soviet occupation of the Baltic nations has never been recognized by the Government of the United States would appear to remove the restraints under which the Voice of imerican diplomatic must operate where the local government has an imerican diplomatic mission accredited to it.

If the Voice of America can transmit Voices of Free Estonia, Latvia, and with unit, we would not want to compete with them and would consider it preferable that they should do the Job with the whole prestige of the non-recognition policy of the United States Government behind them. If we knew for certain that the Voice was not going to handle the task (which would be a different one and in addition to what we believe to be their present transmissions in the Eastie Languages) then we would add the Baltic nations to the list of unfinished business to which RFE must direct its attention whenever sufficient resources become eveilable.

However, sufficient resources are far from being evaluable at the present time, and, urgent as are the needs of the Baltic listening sudience in the areaent period of fermentation of freedom throughout the Battellite area, our first task must necessarily be to hold the audiences we already have in the face of the electronic war that is being waged against our transmissions by energy imming. RFE's original budget for 1953-54 was based on an order program to maint in present gains in the three main targets (Czechoslovakia, Poland and Hungary)

SECURITY SECTION

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and the leaser to budget cut of abo of, mo addience-reaching let clone meintai	ir present scenty ergets of Romanis, but, ne ke it doubtful is capabilities to ning the scenty of above. Indeed, se on September is a president to the second of th	, who Albenia. To followed by a so REE con even money of its main on problities to to the acre Board of the acre so to expense to the scale of the acre with fill not to expense.	he original econd cut into in full target reas, he other f Trustees
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Mr.				
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September 18, 1953

Memorandum for Messrs. Joseph B. Phillips
William Durkee
Thomas Braden
George Morgan
Abbott Washburn

The attached memorandum is self-explanatory and was written to me by Mr. Jackson while he was away on vacation.

Could someone-perhaps Mr. Phillips--let us know when it has been decided how David will be handled?

Many thanks.

14-00000

Marie McCram

Secretary to C. D. Jackson

Attachmente

SECURITY IN U.L.AMIC.

THE WHITE HOUSE

September 17, 1953

Miss McCrum:

I have a feeling that no one on our side is prepared to keep a firm hand on the Jean Paul David trip.

David is himself a king-size free wheeler. Although he is unquestionably one of the French "deers," as opposed to "talkers," in this field, he is also quite a big-mouth and inclined to over-talk, over-promise and over-indulge in cloak-and-dagger stage setting. If he hasn't got a guard, armed to the teeth, with a beret and a half-burned cigarette glued to his underlip, lurking outside the dining-room, he can't enjoy hie meal.

I would suggest that you show the attached to Abbott Washburn, George Morgan, Tom Braden and/or Bill Durkee, and Joe Phillips (also this note) and suggest that they work out who should consider himself responsible. I personally hope Joe Phillips will be willing to take it on.

Incidentally,
She might conceivably be drafted as chaperone for this trip.

C. D. J.

SECRET

SECULLY LIBERT LOID

SECTI

COPY

Scotally and bridge

The following is from a dispatch written by Mr. William Tyler, dated 22 June 1953.

- 1. After a recent conversation with Jean Paul David, at which time he outlined his activities and ideas in connection with the mission with which he is charged by Georges Bidault, I received a letter from him.
- 2. It will be seen from this letter that David is most anxious that the report which he will make on his survey should represent, without committing any one country, a systhesis of the views and the resources of the Western powers allied under NATO, in the broad field of propaganda and psychological warfare designed to build support for Western defense policy and to promote the achievement of the objectives of these policies.
- 3. It occurs to me that a difficulty which we have to face, and which we are probably unique in having to face, is due to the organizational otructure within which we operate officially in the general field under discussion. In a country like Italy, for example, it is possible for David to have exchanges of views with high officials of the government and to feel reasonably sure that even though such views are not to be taken as a commitment, they do in fact represent the disposition of the government in question, or any government likely to succeed it, toward these problems. In our case, however, it seems to me that it will require careful preparation to determine with whom David should consult and to work out a constructive position which will influence his report and his recommendations in a direction which we approve.
- 4. It is particularly difficult for me to make specific recommendations, since developments in Washington in the last few months are difficult to keep up with from overseas. It would, therefore, be particularly helpful to have headquarters' views at this stage on the following points, assuming that David will go to the States in late September on the last leg of his survey:
- a. With whom should be meet for basic discussions. (It occurs to me that a suitable body, if still in existence, would be the Psychological Operations Coordinating Committee.)
- b. Within what limits at this time are we prepared to discuss the problem of concerted action for the psychological strength of the North Atlantic Community.
- 5. As headquarters is aware, C. D. Jackson knows David personally, and it would perhaps be useful to arrange for conversations with him and any group he might have in mind. It is true that the position of David is anomalous, since the survey on which he is engaged,

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kind possible. As headquarters has pointed out, his interests in his present mission in reality pertain more to the State Department and NATO than to us, and it seems to me that we should not be in the direct line of fire except in the capacity of individual observers or participants in the conversations he will have. It would, therefore, seem to be all the more important that we arrive at a clear understanding among ourselves as to how David's trip to the States will be organized and what is to be the respective role of the component elements in the psychological effort with regard to his survey.

/S/ WILLIAM TYLER

SEGRET

(TRANSLATION)

#### Translation of Latter from Jean-Paul David

June 19, 1953

My doar Bill,

You know that - probably toward the end of September - I am to leave for the United States on a mission entrusted to me by the Minister of Fereign Affairs.

Mr. Bidsuit is concerned - and justly so, about the problems connected with the objectives of my survey; and my desire is to produce a realistic report since I wish to avoid (you know my way of thinking) the traditional phraseology which generally takes the place of action.

To date, in Italy, Belgium, Holland, Denmark, Norway .. I have successively conferred with the Prime Ministers, Ministers of Foreign Afrairs, of Defense, of the Interior, of Education. I have also comptimes met with the Chiefs of Staff, and specialists of information and of psychological warfare.

To all of them, I have said:

"Mr. Bidault has requested me to make this survey and you have before you the text of the French note which speaks for itself and seems to require no further comment. I want to ask you to state, in writing and without in any way committing your Covernment or your particular services, what solutions seem reasonable. I wish to gather all constructive ideas on this entter. Your ideas will be useful, perhaps, to other countries - even if you think them inapplicable in your own. Then, I shall make a synthesis of the reports so assombled adding thereto the thoughts of the French Minister of Foreign Affairs in this respect. And, at the (NATO) 'Conference of the 14' at the end of October, we shall have available a program on the basis of which constructive action can be taken."

There, in telegraphic style, is my argument. I should add that everywhere I found an excellent velocus, everyone accepted this method and promised me substantial reports.

But, if in small or modium-size countries, I have encountered no major difficulties, I have no idea of the way of thinking of your compatricts on such matters. And this note is for no other reason than to ask you to express your thoughts, in view of the excellent advice you can give me.

I want to emphasize that, in my mind, the reports and suggestions gathered from all the specialists of all the ministries of any particular country will not commit any country in any way. I will name no one, compromise no case. I want to gather the sum of the ideas and resources of the Atlantic Community in this domain and add a few personal ideas which seem workable.

That is why, my dear Bill, I ask for your contribution as I would like to carefully prepare this trip across the Atlantic. Please forgive this long letter. Tell my what you think of all this.

s/ Jean Paul David

## SECRET

SECURITY INFORMATION

4.6653

16 September 1953

MEMBERSHOUM FOR: DIRECTOR, CENTRAL INTELLIGRACE

SUBJECT:

Whitney Sheperdson Phone Call to You of Lesterday, 15 September, Concerning Forced Labor

## l. The central facts in this business are as follows:

- a. NCFR had a letter sent to the President of the United States signed by various individual exiles expressing their gratification to the United States Covernment for its minitiative in placing as an item for the agenda of the 8th session of the General Assembly of the United Nations the matter of "Evidence of Existence of Forced Labor",
- b. At this Division's direction the Department of State was asked to prepare an answer to this letter for the President's signature which NUFE could publicly exploit in cooperation with the United States Mission to the United Nations.
- c. Late Friday afternoon this Division was informed by the Department that no answer could be forthcoming as the U.H. Delegation had decided not to push the forced labor matter at this time. NCFE was informed to this effect the same afternoon and again on Monday by this Division.
- d. Because its letter was not being answared, MCTZ erroneously assumed that the work it was doing on forced labor in cooperation with the U.N. Delegation was to be of no avail and in fact that it was the decided policy of the United States Government not to force this issue at this or any other time.
  - e. The net effect of this matter is as follows:
  - (1) The Department of State will draft an answer for the President's signature which will be transmitted to Secretary of State, Dulles for his personal approval after consultation with Ambassador Lodge. The approved answer will then be transmitted to President Risenhower for his signature. Public exploitation

## SEGRET

- 2 -

## SECURITY INFORMATION

of the letter by NCFE will be undertaken on the guidance of the United States mission of the United Nations. In the meantime, MCFE will continue to work with the United States Mission to the U.H. but the timing and use of the materials developed by NCFE is to be determined by the United States Delegation.

THOMAS W. BRADEN
Chief,

International Organizations Division

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Frank G. Wlong Deputy Director (Plans)

Encl (1)

Hemo for Record dtd / 3 September, sgd by C/PP: Conv. betw. Messrs Wisner, Scott, Watson and Barnes.

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11 September 1953

MEMORANDUM POR:	C/PP	1	
SUBJECT:	Recent conversation with		<u> </u>
REFERENCES:			
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b. Memo for Record dtd 8 September from C/PP: Subject: Conv. betw. Meszrs Wisner, Scott, Watson and Barnes.

a	1. I am returning to you the original of the Reference a. memor-
0	his memorandum to Mr. Broden as the Abdalance had shown your copy
- 41	Er. Durkee should see it.

BJE

Attached: Ref. a. memorandum.

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SEGPE (\*) Security in prepation

25 August 1953

MEMORANDEM FOR: DEPUTY DIRECTOR (PLANS)

SUBJECT:

RFF Coverage of ICFTU Developments

The attached extracts from RFE's Daily Guidance Bulletin are swidence of the day to day coverage that RFE is giving to ICFTU decisions. In addition we are setting up an arrangement whereby RFE will have continuing liaison with a member of the special committee appointed by the ICFTU. Through this channel we hope to supply PFE with documentary material on workers' conditions in the satellites and to insure also that the line taken by RFE toward labor issues is not in conflict with the ICFTU position.

CORD REYER, JR.

Deputy Chief
International Organizations Division

DCIO: CM/mf

Distribution:

Orig - Addressee via

1 cc - CIO

1 cc - DCIO

1 cc - RI

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#### SECURITY INFORMATION

### SUBJECT: RFE Coverage of ICFTU

The following extracts of RFE's Daily Ouidance Bulletins indicate the general guidance around which more complete coverages are prepared for broadcastings.

### Daily Outdance 554, June 30, 1953, Page 2, Paragraph d:

Concerning forthcoming conference of ICFTU, attention is called to Christian Science Monitor of June 2h, reprinted in today's Information Dulletin, and to Report on America #13. "American Labor's Wide Horisons" as published on June 26.

## Daily Guidance 560, July 9, 1953, Page 4, Last two lines:

Remarks ty George Meany, president of American Federation of Labor, before Stockholm meeting at International Confederation of Free Trade Unions, in addition to expressing the philosophy of free workers toward less developed areas, should have a special significance to our listeners at this stage of their struggle against Soviet colonialism. Meany declared that freedom to colonial peoples and inhabitants of protectorates was something democracies must take steps to insure as soon as possible. The Federation (ICFTU) should see to it that workers in such territories enjoyed trade-union organization liberty.

## Daily Guidance 573, July 28, 1953, Page 3, Paragraph ce

As far as East Germany is concerned, most significant news is vote by International Confederation of Free Trade Unions to set up a fund "to support insurgent unions in East Germany and other satellite countries in their efforts to undermine communist control". George Menny, President of AF of L, predicted that substantial sums would be made available but "declined for obvious reasons" to say how they would be spent.

Meany's announcement would seem to be an event of major significance in which all target areas should be equally interested.

Latest reports on East German purge receive most of their meaning from fact that a faction presently losing out is said to be composed of communists who — while not at all disloyal to the Kremlin — are not Muscovites in the sense in which the victors are Muscovites. Chances are that all communist functionaries who did not spend the last war inside Russia are in danger of their jobs or, as the case may be, of their lives.

Human interest stories on recipients of food aid speak for themselves. However, emphasis might well be on fact that recipients are either primarily or exclusively unemployed workers - - and that communists dany the existence of unemployment.

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SECURITY INFORMATION

## Daily Ouldance 590, August 20, 1953, Page 2, Paragraph f:

Note that ICFTU followed up on its promises reported here and created special fund for support of Soviet Zone workers.

19 August 1953

#### SENCRAPUTA POR: DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE

SUBFECT:

Food Program for Zastern Europe

1. This proposed program supports a plan for limited food distriction to the peoples of Central and Eastern Europe.

It is generally agreed that it is highly desirable honesty to attempt food distribution through regular open channels, before utilizing any mensual method such as bellooms, even though it is highly implies the offers to distribute food will be accepted. It is further felt that no food program of any kind should be commenced unless it is certain to culminate in actual deliveries.

2. Tornel Offers A	
	would be formed, which would in turn make
satellize governments of h	ount of food to representatives of the castern Europe. Eizeltaneously, the Departmented to take up the food offer officially as revenuents accommend.

food effer of the committee, taking more of the official statements indicating that a food shortage exists in each of those countries, would propose the establishment of an international commission to supervise the distribution of food to the needy children of the areas involved. This food would come from U.E. surplus stocks and through contributions sade by the spensoring organizations.

3. Delivery of Balloons: In event of refusal by the satellite regimes of the find offer, the committee might turn to the American Heritage Possible for help. The latter would be asked to utilise its primary project, the Crusade for Freedom, both in raising public funds and delivering food by balloons.

Craseds for Freedom (MCFE)

### A. Capabilities:

1. The Crusade can deliver 1,000,000 to 2,000,000 lbs. of foot by way of 200,000 to hCO,000 balloons into Caschoelovakia,

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Ihungary and Poland over a period of two to three weeks;

2. The Crusade can deliver 2,000,000 to 3,000,000 lbs. of food in 100,000 to 600,000 balloons into Czechoslovakia, lhungary and Poland over a period of five to six weeks;

Capabilities (1) and (2) above, are possible within the time periods indicated only if U.C. military facilities and equipment for the necessary procurement and stand-by storage

available, the time periods must be revised for (1) and (2) above to two months and three months respectively:

3. First balloon launching could commonce within sixty days of project authorization:

4. Each food package, suspended to one balloon, would contain five lbs. of staples. (sugar, fat, flour, coffee, chocolate) Packages will be sealed and/or wrapped with poly-ophelene.

#### B. Costs:

- l. Costs of operation into Czecheslovakia, hun, ary and Poland would be approximately por net pound of food delivered, or a total figure of for each 1,000,000 lbs. delivered.
- 2. Costs of operation into Albania, Euleria, Rumania and Ealtic areas would be greater, due to added technical factors, necessity of shipboard launchings, etc. The unit cost figure would be per net pound delivered.

#### C. Operational Considerations:

- 1. If delivery of food into satellite areas is considered feasibly, realistically sound, then entire operational effort must be centered at launching delivery of food in the shortest period of time. Counteraction to the impact of food deliveries will be immediate and sustained to include "tampering" with food packages, wholesale arrest, BW charges bolstered by staged photography.
- 2. Launching sites previously used by the Crusade for Freedom for balloon operations into Czechoslovskia were located For launchings

respectively, would be the most operationally satisfactory.

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#### D. Psychological Considerations:

- 1. Most recent estimates indicates that the harvest in Czechoslovakia, humary and Poland will be fair to sverage this year. Consequently, it would be a mistake to each food into these areas simply to alleviate a "desperate enortage" with might not in fact exist for workers in good standing. Esther, as a part of RFE's accompanying program exploitation, the population would be urged to conserve the packages as "iron rations" or "strike rations" anjainst the day when they might not otherwise be able to afford assentedian or loss of wages for other reasons.
- 2. One of the gravest risks to any food delivery program of this kind, especially should its launching interval be in access of two weeks, is the systematic poisoning of food parcels by the communists. The only really effective way of suffe guarding against this is by anticipating it and pre-conditioning the people, via RFF, against contaminated efforts.
- 3. During the time when, and at the places where the food is packaged, the Crusade should arrange for supervision of such packaging by acceptable humanitarian/religious international groups, such as the Guakers or the Red Cross, in order to neutralise Ed charges and augment the Longfides of the committees and Crusade for Freedom.
- U. The initial private and official offers of food to the satellite areas must be accompanied with certain conditions emsuring guarantees of delivery, in order to avoid communist acceptance of a more food offer as such, which would place us in the award position of having to subsequently request guarantees for proper distribution and delivery.

5. Type of MFE "running attack" during balloon operation is well illustrated by the following - 'Czech workers would have to work 6.6 hours to earn enough money to buy one average pound of food parcels contents, whereas the American worker could earn the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ oer net lb. delivered in 1.2 hours.

#### D. Conclusions:

- l. The operation is large and the resultant psychological gains and losses, depending on many variables, could be extensive. Reedless to say, the operation should not be undertaken, even in part, as a 'gesture' or on a 'gestule'.
- 2. Balloons are not the most economical means of delivering food, in which of fact, the movement of items by balloon is at least twice as expensive as any regular means. However, to date, balloons are by far the most feasible way of diffusing a relatively large amount of food containers into an otherwise decied area.
- 3. Planning of the operation in all its phase should include the Birector of EFZ, in order to ensure a well coordinated political warfare program.

#### E. Recommendations:

It is requested that abound authority be given to proceed on this balloom-borne food program, such authorization be contingent on the following recommendations:

- 1. That the commencement of the balloon lammening be generally planned for the end of this year.
- 2. That no more than hon, on bailtoons be released (2,000,000 lbs. of food) at a cost of approximately
- 3. That the balloon launching phase of the food delivery operation into Csechoslovakia, Hungary and Poland, not exceed tenfull consecutive days from its date of commencement.
- 4. That be made available immediately for pre-
- 5. That food deliveries into Albania, Bilgaria, Rumania and the Baltics not be considered intil after the primary operation into Czechoslovakia, Rumgary and Poland has proved successful.

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THOMAS W. BRADEN
Chief
International Organizations Division

22 July 1953

Michael

MEMORANDUM FOR: Chief, International Organizations

I had a talk with Spencer Phenix about NCFE matters and the following points were discussed.

- (1) A Strategy Board to guide RFE. Spencer feels the need for some higher level political guidance than RFE is getting from their staff people and talked about getting together a board of people like George Kennan, etc. I told Spencer that I thought it unlikely that George would give very much time to this but might be willing to give them an occasional idea or suggestion.
  - (3) Spencer seemed disturbed that the allocation of one

was not familiar with this particular issue.

- (4) He suggested that it would be well to have a meeting here with some of the members of the Board and the Executive Committee and suggested a date around the first week in August. I told him I would do it if I had not already left the country by that time.
  - (5) Spencer is pleased

ALLEN WOULLE

cc: DD/P

Executive require

12 January 1953

MEMORANDUM FOR: DEFUTY DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE

SUBJECT:

Proposed U.S. Aid for East German Refugees

- 1. Last year you testified before the House Foreign Affairs Committee in support of the U.S. "iron curtain escapees" care-resettlement program, and during the course of testimony I understand you stated that the program excluded aid to ethnic groups such as Germans in accordance with PSB recommendations.
- 2. Mr. George Warren (UNA/Refugees) of the State Department has proposed that \$300,000 be made available from his program for aid to selected East German refugee projects.
- 3. This proposal is being made as a gesture of aid to East Germans and has the support of HICOG, of James Reber, and of Representative Celler of New York, among other Congressmen. John Bross, CZZ, has no objection.
- 4. Frank Hand in my office is the liaison point; is following this closely, and will keep use thoroughly informed but I thought, in view of your testimony, you would want to know of the projected policy switch.

THOMAS W. BRADEN

Chief

International Organizations Division

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22 July 1953

MEMCRANDIAN FUR: Chief, International Organizations/Branch 1

SUBJECT:

Coordination of Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberation

- 1. As both you and Mr. Slowich agreed in your informal convergation of yesterday, the present explosive situation in the satellite periphery and the interix Psychological Strategy Board guidance on its exploitation necessitate closer cooperation between our respective facilities and branches. I want to thank you for offering to make it possible for us to gain further access to BCFE libraries and open sources and for your offering us further technical assistance. I agree that it would be desirable to exchange a Branch officer so that we may have a better understanding of our respective assets and problems. SR/I will provide one of your associates with a desk and complete access to our files at any time.
- 2. It may be well for us to discuss how we can best take advantage of further demonstrations and riots in the satellite areas. Should there be an uprising in Poland, for example, it may be desirable for RFE to place broadcasting time at the disposal of Radio Liberation so that the latter may address concentrated and repeated appeals to the Red Army not to fire on Polish workers and peasants, not to interfere in the Polish struggle for freedom, and to consider the Polish people as the allies of the Soviet people in their common struggle against Communism. It was this line that Radio Liberation followed during the East German uprisings. In the event of viots in Czechoslovakia where the Red Army is not present in force and where the satellite security forces may be unable to keep order, close cooperation will be even nore desirable.
- 3. Consideration could be given to having RFE allot Radio Liberation regular time on its prosecutes to Poland and Bulgaria where there are large concentrations of Soviet troops so that Radio Liberation can further build up the idea of a free, boviet anti-Communist moral and political authority and to express the solidarity of the Soviet peoples with the oppressed countries of Central and Bastern Europe. Radio Liberation could also allot regular time on its transmitters so that spokesmen of free Crechoslovakia and Poland could address the Soviet troops.
- 4. It will, of course, be necessary to discuss the divergent approaches of the two stations. Because of its sponsorship, its identity and its mission, Radio Liberation cannot treat the Sovia oppression of the Central and East European recules in terms of nationalist domination and exploitation. Radio Liberation always distinguishes between the people on the one hand and the Party and Police on the other, and it is our policy to identify the Red Army with the people.



5. We will maintain close coordination on all matters relating to Radio Liberation broadcasts to the occupation troops and solicit your remember and suggestions on our broadcasts to the USSR proper and on all other matters.

Andre Tedigaroff AC/LR/1

2 - A40ressee 1 - C/IO

Security differentiation.

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HEHORANDUR POL	RE CHIEF, INTERMATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS DIVISION
ATTRITIONS	Brunch One
Suil ect:	General
reference:	Nemorandum from Deputy for Policy Coordination, 8% to 10, dated 16 July 1952, Subject as above
SE Division Subject on the done for CIA a torious exile. your office th Subject does a	with not initially responsible for recommending that in referenced memorandum the continuation of payments by the NCFN to basis of his ability to aid in research work being t the Pentagon, as well as of his need as a meri- We have recently been advised by Miss Stern of at the NCFM wishes to discontinue this payment since of participate directly in the NCFM's activities.
2. It is	believed that termination of the by the HOPE real personal hardship to who, at the
	Reither can this Division justify
since he has be during the past	payments on the basis of work performed for SE, en working primarily for the Department of the Army year. The arrangements for his work at the Pentamover, that CIA can place research requirements whenever desirable.
from the Depart	iewing the case this year, we have accortained ment of the Army that Subject has worked diligently materially to the work of his office. He has

been particularly commended for his adaptability and readiness to work, which have shown themselves in his efforts to learn English and typing.

SECRET

Acting Chief, SE

1/23 F GW saw but decided to take no action.
Bym

22 July 1953

HEMORANDUM FOR: DEPUTY DIRECTOR (PLANS)

SUBJECT:

Message from Whitney Shepardson

1. Whitney Shepardson cabled the following to his office with the request that they immediately give it to C. D. Jackson. This information and message was given to us today by Spencer Phenix.

"Report this morning Mrc. Hilds Benjamin new East German Justice Einister rescinded right to strike granted June 11 by predecessor.

Condon asks that if such theme is used "five our boys a break so they can prepare and push home with background and variation."

Highed THOMAS W BRADEN

THOMAS W. FRAITH
Chief
International Organizations Division

SECURLY INTURBATION.

DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE

Meeting with PSB :

your	1. PSD	I underet luncheon	and the	t two of	t the	matters	that	have	Como	qυ	before

GIO:TWB/eh Orig - Addresser 1 cc - GIO 1 cc - W.

THOMAS W. BRADEN
Chief
International Organizations Division

CONFIDENTIAL July 21, 1953 2.

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#### MESSAJE ON LEAFLET

CZECHS AND SLOVAKS! HEAR THE MESSAGE WHICH COMES TO YOU TODAY FROM THE FREE WORLD!

THE SOVIET UNION IS CETTING WEAKER!

THE PEOPLES OF THE CAPTIVE COUNTRIES ARE GROWING STRONGER!

The Soviet Union is perting weaker. The atruggle for Stalin's heritage shakes the entire Soviet empire and Tear croeps through the Kremlin. Who will fall with Beria and who will fall after Beria? How many millions will fall victims to the new purge which is now going to begin - the biggest purge which the Soviet Union has ever known?

How many victims will fall in the Soviet Union and how many in the occupied countries? Who will fall with Berla in Progue and who will be irraged down by his fall in Bratislava? Who will be the new Slansky and who the new Clementis? And when the purge apreads and broadens, down from the Polithureau to the lands and districts, to the offices and the factories - how many functionaries will safely survive?

Only those will survive who detach themselves from the sinking Communist boat in time. Only those who join the poorle and help the people's structs against the oppressors.

The Soviets have trapped themselves in a blind alley. If the Moscow boot weighs even heavier on the necks of the oppressed people and if Moscow's demands upon the frightened puppet governments become more pressing, the resistence of the people will only gross for the people will not return into submission. If the Communist regimes, in order to appease the wrath of the people, try to bribe their subjects by promising concessions - as in Hungary and in Eastern Germany - they will get newhere: for the people will no longer be deceived by promy concessions.

The people are growing stronger. The first flames of revolt have flared out in Checheslovakia and in Eastern Germany. From Pilsen, from Moravska Ostrava, from Oslavany, from Berlin, Dreaden and Magdeburg the echo of this revolt has roared throughout the world and deeply shaken the entire Soviet realm: the people showed their strength.

The Communist regimes recognized the menace and became afraid. They started apologising. They started self-criticising. They started plving promises. In Germany the anti-labor decrees had to be revoked. In Czechoslovakia the frightened government was forced to desist from applying the penal laws concerning absentedism. In Moscow, under the influence of the news of the peoples revolt in Czechoslovakia and Germany, the internal struggle perame sharper. Beria and his all-powerful police fell as victims. Your resistance has helped

to alter the course of history: new forces rade their appearance on the battlefield, the people won their first major victory in their fight with the regime.

#### CZECHS AND SLOVAKS!

The more your eppressors are shaken by uncertainty, the greater in the certainty of your victory. The regime is afraid of you, it knows that power is fundamentally on your side. This is the time when people's vnity, common agreement, and unity of surpose are capable of winning concessions. Your battlefield of labor is in the factories and in the fields. On this battlefield of labor you have the advantage of numbers. On this battlefield you cannot be vanguished. You will not be content with bribes, you will ask more and more from the exploiters. Se do not presume to give you orders nor to give you sovice. You and your new leaders who are being born in the struggle know best how and where to strike. But we want you to know that you are not slone: Among the masses of people behind the Iron Curtain the fire of revolt is amouldering and its sparks are flying from country to country. Everywhere in the free world your friends are with you. Their help will grow as your determination grows.

FREE EUROPE!

#### MESSAGE ON BANKNOTE

#### On one side:

#### Czechoslovaka, know this:

The regime it weaker than you have dared to think!

Power lies with the people and the people stand opposed.

With unity and courage, organize your strength: Down
with the collective! Insist on workers' rights! Today
demand concessions; temorrow - freedom!

#### On other side:

Men call this the hunger crown - gift of the Soviet Union. It is the symbol of regime desperation, of Tave-year failure: It is a challenge to fight, to meet weakness with strength, to resist as you know best.

The other captive peoples are uniting and will join you in your struggle.

The free world is with you!

All power to the people!

RPE LS 7-24-53

CAESAR INFO WALKER FO MICHIE

OUR VIENNA BUREAU YESTERDAY REPORTED POLICINING BALLOON REACTION

GUOTE SEVEN MEN PROM PARDUEICE SAID THAT ALL LAST WHEK PEOPLE

WERE JUMPING LIKE PROGE TO CATCH THE LEAPLETS AS THEY CAME DOWN.

MANY PEOPLE WORE THE COINS AROUND THEIR NECKS. MANY SOLDIERS

WERE CHECKED OUT PROM THEIR ANNY UNITS TO COLLECT THE LEAPLETS.

SAME REFUGEES SAID ALSO THAT IN PILSER MIG PLANES TOOK OFF EVERY

HOUR FROM THE AIRPORT TO SHOOT DOWN THE EALLOONS. THERE WERE

NO REPEAT NO LEAPLETS AND NO REPEAT TO EALLOONS IN THE BUDEJOVICE

AREA IT WAS REPORTED. NEVERTHELESS ALL THE GENDARMERTE INTERVIEWED

THE POPULATION TO SEE IF THEY HAD SOLPHOW OBTAINED ANY. ALSO THE

POSTMEN HAD ORDERS PROM THE CENDARMERTS TO ASK EVERWHODY ALONG

THEIR POSTAL ROUTES IF THEY HAD ANY LEAFLETS. UNQUOTE

TO CAESAR FOR WITTEN . A MICHIE

HADIO WARSAW JULY EO CYOO HOURS QUOEE BALLOON ACTION. AMERICAN IMPERIALISTS HAVE LATELY LAUNCHED IN WESTERS GERMANY A CAMPAIGN AGAINST CEFCHOSLOVARIA - THE DAILY RUDE PRAVO STATED IN AN ARTICLE ENTITLED QUOTE A CAMPAIGN CONDEMNED TO FIASCO UNQUOTE. FROM AUSTRIA SMALL BALLOONS CONTAINING DENGUNCING LEAFLETS HAVE BEEN LAUNCHED IN THE DIRECTION OF CZECHOSLOVAKIA. THE ACTION - AS ANNOUNCED BY THE MUNICH SLANDER-STATION FREE EUROPE - WAS LED BY AMERICAN EXPERTS WHO CAME TO WESTERN GERMANY FOR THAT INTENTION. IT IS A FACT SAYS RUDE PRAVO THAT FALLOON EXPERTS HAVE NOT SPARED THE LEAFLETS.

DUHLING TWO DAYS TIME CZECHOSLOVAK CIPIZENS HAVE BROUGHT HUNDREDS OF THOUSANDS OF LEAFLETS TO SECURITY AUTHORITIES AND NATIONAL COMMITTEES.

CZECHOSLOVAK WORKING MASSES AND DEEPLY INDIGHANT AT THIS DISHDEEST PROVOCATION OF WARMONGERS UNQUOTE.

RADIO WARSAW JULY 22 0700 HOURS QUOTED THE NOTE BENT BY THE CZECHOW BLOVAK GOVERN-MENT GOVERNMENT TO THE AMERICAN EMBASSY. THE GZECHOSLOVAK GOVERN-MENT SENT A NOTE TO THE MAERICAN EMBASSY IN PRAGUE IN WHICH IN PROTESTS VIOLENTLY AGAINST SPREADING ON CZECHOSLOVAK TERRITORY SOME LEAFLETS, CALCING FOR ANTI-STATE ACTIVITY. THE HOTE STRESSED THAT THE FROVOCATIONS HAVE BEEN PREPARED AND CARRIED OUT BY AMERICAN CITIZENS WHO ARE STAYING IN THE AMERICAN COCUPATION ZONE IN WESTERN GERMANY UNQUOTE

#### A PEARON AND PURILICATIONS INTO LOR

only 20, 195

The following emport is one of the first full attacks on the recent "Policon Grazation" in Czechoslovakia. The text was read over Redio Prague on July 18, 1953:

We are going to read to you now an article from today's Nuce Pravo. The article is called "An Action Boomed to Paliure". Their to the peace policy of the Soviet Union and of all the countries of the came of peace, the conviction that a war can be presented from the came of peace, the conviction that a war can be presented from the conviction that a war can be presented from the conviction that a war can be presented from the conviction that a war can be presented from the peace of irremainable gains and of a furnishing life.

Therefore the marriongers do their seat to put obstocles in the way which I saw towards the leasening of international tention. In Force the part of the provacaceur and acholeur of the page effort was given to Symmer Rhee. In Germany chapits were used, recoulted from the racks of Nezi war or minals in the description execution Berlin as well as it come other parts of the German berservitic Houblie. And after the failure this much berained day, there comes the hypocritical and demagnical offer to help to the population of the DDR, which was made for obvicus crossgenda reaccus which, in fact, was admitted by the Vestern bourgeois green.

Into this chain of provocations which are aimed against one strengthening of peace there also belongs the American pregaganda action which was started in the last days in Jentern Germany spainest Czechoslovakia. In a similar way in which two years ago the ill-famed "Cruracers for Freedom" were doing it, today again ballooms dispersing inflamatory leaflets over our territory are teing sent from the Eavarian side.

The Munich transdittor Free Europe, fine eed by More and sindlar "institutions" speaks beabsetheally of the properties balloon action which, allered y is the biggest action of this wild which ever has been attempted and for the direction of which there came to Western Germany specialists from America.

We can indeed certify that the balloons specialists did now spece the leadlets in the first two days tens and hundress of thousands of those seatlets are with our solice and our national conditions; where they are being brought by our citizens after naving been discovered. The farrer Hajek from Doubrastice, district of Cocky Brod, brought an entire parcel of merflets which came down is one state. Josef Korinck from Entes brought an entire belloom which felt down. The leaflets are being brought by the work as of the Visimir Lenin Works is well as other factories, by farmer, railwaysen and children. Yet even if the balloon action was not only four times bigger - as Free Europe cays - but hundreds times bigger than the Crushes action of 1951, it vill bring to its initiators the very apposite or when they had in mind.

With words of justified anger our citizens core with the leaflets and they are especially offended by the fact that one of the leaflets is some kind of a facsimile of the new Czechoslovak crown stamped on both sides by inflamatory words. Our citizens held in esteem the new crown which is firm and valuable and has a great purchasing power which helped us to get rid of rationing and, therefore, with sharp and ofter crude words they criticize that its image had seen misused as the basis for printing big lies concerning the government of our republic and the USER.

The second leaflet is propagating the Fascist provocations which took place on seventeen June in the German Democratic Asymbide. When those provocations ended by failure, their organizant ordered that they should be used at last for the printing of leaflets with pictures, demonstrating the bandits of Berlin in action; as they are starting fires or indulging in provocations, etc.

Those pictures belong into the series of the photographs which the Nazis throatcutters used to take while they were starting fires in the occupied countries, in the Ukraine, in Cradrar, in Li Lidice. Is is quite satural that this, too, can only create disgust towards those who have started this criminal action. Essides, the pictures of the Pascist provocations in Berlin are no sensational news for us, as the directors of the balloon action obviously imagine. Similar pictures were published not long ago in our Svet Prace, It demonstrates the absolute political shortsighted-ness which when people mentioned it is described as studicity of the organizers of the balloon action who think that they could influence our people by leadlets one side of which constitutes a glorification of batted and of the attack against peace which was to take place on 17th June in Ferlin.

In vain is the part of the defender of Cuecheslovak working people - and this will always be the same - assumed by those, from whose actions there emanates the wish to start a new murderous war which is not wanted by any honest working citizen whatever be his political or his religious opinion. This provocation elsarly demonstrates how the USA reactionary circles plan the lessening of international tension.

It is a gross heresy just at the time when the people of the entire world are looking forward with hope towards the possibility of a truce in Korea, when with confidence they are following the peace policy of USSR, aiming at the peaceful settlement of all disputed international questions.

Therefore, the balloon action was met with sharp condensation on the part of our people. The balloor specialists would certainly not like to hear what the people say when they bring the deaflets to the SNB and to the Mattoral Committees. It is worth religing that ever such people who so far did not find an active attitude to the socialist development express their supprise about the means the rest is employing. And all our people are deaply offended by the latent violating of the independence of our State territory. They are surprised by the great amount of studidity of the people

who thought that they will achieve anything by the ballooms. True, the Crusaders of Freedom in the West are losing more and more possibilities for conducting enemy activity on the berritory of our Republic. On the frontiers of our country there stands a vigilant guard which breaks all the attempts of their agents and so they must be contented with the balloon action which our people overtly laughed at and which they condemn.

They openly say that the entire action was a kind of ganaterian which not even Hitler dared to commit at the time of the greatest hatred campaign against Oscehoplovakia. Then they are bringing the leaflets which they had found to the security organs and to the administrative organs, they ask that the action should be publicly condemned.

This spontaneous disgust concerning the balloon action demonstrated in which complete isolation lack of information and ignorance of the real thinking of our working people do live the mercenaries of Free Europe which is the patron of this action. Free Europe even broadcast, while propagating the balloons, some kind of poor poetry in which one says, that "Always all the good things were coming from above" and that our people knew this".

Yet our people have got a longer memory than Free Europe believes. They will remember what good came to them from above from the West; that it was the bombs which on the eve of the end of the war were murdering women and children in peaceful residential quarters of Prague and Piken and which destroyed the Pizen Sheda Works and the Prague Kolben Works in order to make our reconstruction more difficult. Later we were getting from above, from Western Germany a flood of the Colcoado beetle which was supposed to bring us misery and starvation, and they know very well what American pilots are bringing from above to the women and children of Korea.

And one more coincidence: One of the boxes with leaflets which was found near Brezoe in the Plzen Region carried the inscription Munchen and also with the name of Munich are connected for every citizen the memories of the morst time of our nations: the memories how in reality looks the love of the so-called friends of our people.

In fact the organizers of the ridiculous and studid balloon action spent their deliars for balloons, paper and metal summps carrying the emblem of Free Europe which are also being spread. They can hardly expect any thanks on the part of their employers because the result is exactly the contrary of the expected. True, a few business men finally got their packets full but otherwise the action was doomed to failure from its very beginning. This action blown up by Free Europe deflates soon just as Its balloons.

RFE 7 1-21-53

PHENIX LANG WALKER GRIFFITH FN CONLOR
FOLLOWS RADIO PRAGUE ANNOUNCEMENT ODIO TODAY HE NOTE ON BALLDOMS

"THE MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS HAS SENT THE FOLLOWING NOTE TO THE EMBASSY OF THE UNITED STATES ON JULY 20, 1953:

DURING THE FAST DAYS BALLOONS WERE SENT TO CZECHOSLOVAK TERRITORY WITH LEAFLETS OF A NATURE DESIGNED TO INCITE DISCONTENT OF THE POPULATION AND TO ENCOURAGE ANTI-STATE ACTIVITIES. THIS NEW ATTEMPT TO INFLUENCE THE CZECHOSLOVAK WORKING PEOPLE WITH PROPAGANDA BEANS OF SO PRIMITIVE A LEVEL, BURDERSTANDABLY MET WITH INDIGNANT RESISTANCE, THAT THE ENTIRE ACTION

WAS PREPARED AND CARRIES OUT BY AREAIGAN CITIZENS SENT FOR THIS PURPOSE TO GERMANY, TO GERMAN TERRITORY UNDER US OCCUPATION ADMINISTRATION. IT IS THEREFORE A NEW INSTANCE WHERE THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT ABUSED ITS POSITION AS AN OCCUPATION POWER TOWARDS ENDS INCOMPATIBLE WITH THE FOUR POWER AGREEMENT ON GERMANY, WHICH BINDS THE UNITED STATE TO CARRY OUT THE OCCUPATION ACCORDING TO THE BASIC TENET THAT GERMANY IS NEVER AGAIN TO BECOME A THREAT TO WORLD PEACE AND ITS NEIGHBOURS.

ARCORER IMPORTANT FR. OR ARICH MAKES THIS INTO V. LATION OF BASIC PRICIPIES OF INTERNATIONAL LAD PARTICULARLY OF OURCTIONABLE IS THE FACT THAT IT TOOK PLACE AT A TIME WHEN THE MATIONS OF THE ENTIRE WORLD ARE INCREASING THEIR EFFORTS TO STRAIGHER THE PEACE AND ASSURE PEACEFUL COOPERATION.

THE AIR OF THIS PROVOCATIVE ACTION, ORGANIZED UNDER THE PROTECTION OF US OCCUPATION AUTHORITIES IS TO INCREASE THE POLICIES OF THE SO-CALLED COLD WAR AND TO PREVENT A LOOSENING OF INTERNATIONAL TENSION.

FOR THESE REASONS THE GOVERNMENT OF CZECHOSLOVAKIA DECISIVELY PROTESTS AGAINST THIS ACTION AND ASKS THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES TO FURNISH INFORMATION ON THE STEPS TAKEN TO PREVENT SIMILAR PROVOCATIONS AIMED AGAINST PEACEFUL COEXISTANCE OF NATIONS, REPRESENTING CRUDE INTERFERENCE IN INTERNAL CZECHOSLOVAK AFFAIRS."

to the continuence and end and

Charbon Loyals

Ballery Sporablem

The "Cornellary of the Week" quotes as ar 1st. For "Rude Prayo" dealing with the proparation for "y-ve,". In tion breakenst from abroad, no balloon operation can deal the fact that the plan for "X-pay" which had been proported for 5 years failed with the Bortin plans.

The workly proposed "Uncle from Standies" tolor to relieve, and underestivate the algorithms of the period of the period of the proposed was broadcast by Redio Ben'island in Slovek dialoct. It tolis the story of the "tiel" to Cound seem of the crows which and been put into the telegration on the real and of course issuadiately recognized that they have never only the imitations or the real crows. Lexi way he encored the telegration and the real and after a simple and when payin; gets the raise girl and seelight the about he had formed on the real. The only lampace and told him he could not get anything for they recome but

## SECRET

## SECURITY INFORMATION

21 July 1953

MEMORANDUM FOR: DEFUTY DIRECTOR (PLANS)

SUBJECT:

Casch Minister of Foreign Affairs' Note to

America Legation

REFERENCE .

Memo dated 21 July 1953 - Subject: "Csech

Reactions to Balloon Operation"

- 1. The Csech Dask of the Department of State is preparing an answer to the Csech note which will generally disclaim any U.S. Governmental responsibility for the balloon operation. The VCA is being instructed to brush off the Czech note and to cite it as another example of the regime's attempt to prevent the Czech people from getting the truth.
- 2. RFF will not comment on the note except to report the U.S. reply as a news item, but will comment on the Rude Pravo editorial taking the line the Chech Government can't let its people know the truth and also speculating on how many Czeche did not turn in their pamphlets.

THOMAS W. BRADEN
Chief,
International Organizations Division

THE WARRENCE OF THE STATE OF

C-IO/Branch 1/WPD/mhj

Distribution:
Addressee - orig & 1
C-IO/Branch 1 - 2
CIO - 1
RI - 1

SÉCHET

21 July 1953

HENCHANDRE FOR: DUPUTY DIRECTOR (FLANS)

SUBJECT:

Gunch reactions to balloom operation

- 1. Attached are Czech resetions to the balloon operation including the test of a note from the Czech Himistry of Foreign Affairs delivered today to the American Embassy in Frague.
- 2. Radio Free Europe has been instructed not to correct upon this note with directed.

23466

Internsticual Organizations Division

Attachment: a/s

SECURITY INFORMATION

#### TECRET NO PENDENT A TELET

Follows Radio Prague concumentant 0510 today re note on balloons:

"The Ministry of Fereign Affairs has sent the following note to the Embassy of the United States on July 20, 1953:

During the past days balleone were sent to Czechoslevakian territory with leeflets of a nature designed to incite discentent of the population and to encourage anti-state activities. This new attempt to influence the Czech working poople with propaganda means of so primitive a level, understandably met with indignate instance, that the entire action was proposed and corvied out by American citizens sent for this purpose to Germany, to German territory under U.S. occupation administration. It is, therefore, a new instance where the U.S. Gevernment abused its position as an occupation power towards ends incomparable with the four power agreement on Germany, which binds the U.S. to carry out the occupation according to the basic tenet that Germany is never again to become a threat to world peace and its neighbors.

Another important factor which makes this new violation of basis principle of international law particularly objectionable is the fact that it took place at a time when the nations of the entire world are increasing their efforts to strengthen the peace and assure peccefull ecoperation.

The ans of this proventive action, organized under the protection of U.S. compation authorities is to increase the policies of the so-called cold war and to provent a lossening of international tensions.

For these reasons the Government of Czechoslovakia decisively protest against this action and asks the Government of the U.S. to furnish information on the stops taken to prevent similar provesation aimsi against peaceful co-existence of rations, representing crude interference in internal Czech affairs.

#### COPY

MUNICH RFM 20 - JULY 20, 1983

FLEASE NOTE THAT TODAY'S PRAYDA CARRIED PERRINT OF MAJOR PORTION OF RUDE PRAYO BALLOON EDITINIAL,

INCLUDING MENTION OF REE, UNDER TITLE: "ANDWER OF THE CZECHOSLOVAZ PROPLE TO THE PROYACATEURS AND SLANDERS". UNITED PRESS CARRIED STORY OF RUDE PRAYO EDITORIAL UNDER VIENNA DATELINE JULY 18.

# RESEARCH AND FURLICATIONS SERVICE

July 20, 1953

The following report is one of the first full attacks on the recent "Religion Operation" in Czechoslovakia. The text was read over Radio Prague on July 18, 1953:

We are going to read to you new an article from today's Rure Pravo. The article is called "An Action Doomed to Failure". Thanls to the peace policy of the Soviet Union and of all the countries of the camp of peace, the conviction that a war can be prevented grew stronger among the people all through the world. Naturally, this evolution creates a great concern with those for whom war constitutes a source of immeasurable gains and of a luxurious like. Therefore the warmongers do their best to put obstacles in the way which leads towards the leasening of international tension. In was given to Syngman Rhee. In Germany bandits were used, recruited Berlin as well as in some other parts of the German Democratic Sector of Republic. And after the failure this much heralded day, there tion of the DDR, which was made for obvious propagated reasons which, in fact, was admitted by the Western bourgeois press.

Into this chain of provocations which are aimed against the strengthening of peace there also belongs the American propaganda action which was started in the last days in Western Germany against Czechoslovakia. In a similar way in which two years ago the ill-famed "Crutaders for Preedom" were doing it, today again being sent from the Bavarian side.

The Munich transmitter Free Europe, financed by Ford and similar "institutions" speaks bombastically of the propaganda balloon action which, allegedly is the biggest action of this kind which ever has been attempted and for the direction of which there came to Western Germany specialists from America.

We can indeed certify that the balloons specialists did now apare the leaflets in the first two days tens and hundreds of thousands of those leaflets are with our police and our national committees where they are being brought by our citizens after having teen discovered. The farmer Hajek from Doubraveice, district of Cecky broad, brought an entire parcel of leaflets which came down in one fell down. The leaflets are being brought an entire balloon which Vladimir Lenin Works as well as other factories, by farmers, only four times bigger — as Free Europe says — but hundreds times initiators the very opposite of what they had in mind.

With words of justified anger our citizens come with the leaflets and they are especially offended by the fact that one of the leaflets is some kind of a faceinile of the new Crechoslovak crown stamped on both sides by inflamatory words. Our citizens hold in esteem the new crown which is firm and valuable and has a great purchasing power which helped us to get rid of rationing and, therefore, with sharp and often crude words they criticize that its image had seen misused as the basis for printing big lies concerning the government of our republic and the USSR.

The second leaflet is propagating the Facciat provocations which took place on seventeen June in the derman Democratic Republic. When those provocations ended by failure, their organizers ordered that they should be used at last for the printing of leaflets with pictures, demonstrating the bandits of Berlin in action; as they are starting fires or indulging in provocations, etc.

Those pictures belong into the series of the photographs which the Mazin Chrostcutters used to take while they were starting fires in the occupied countries, in the Okraine, in Cradeur, in Li Lidice. It is quite natural that this, too, can only create disgust towards those who have started this criminal action. Besides, the pictures of the Pascist provocations in Berlin are no sensational news for us, as the directors of the balloon action obviously imagine. Similar pictures were published not long ago in our Svet Frace, It demonstrates the absolute political shortsighted near which when people mentioned it is described as stupicity of the organizers of the balloon action who think that they could influence our people by leaflets one side of which constitutes a glorification of hatred and of the attack against peace which was to take place on 17th June in Berlin.

In vain is the part of the defender of Cacchoslovak working people and this will always be the same - assumed by those, from whose actions there emanates the wish to start a new murderous war which is not wanted by any honest working citizen whatever be his political or his religious optaion. This provocation clearly demonstrates now the USA reactionary circles plan the lessening of international tension.

It is a gross heresy just at the time when the people of the entire world are looking forward with hope towards the possibility of a truce in Korea, when with confidence they are following the peace policy of USSR, alming at the peaceful settlement of all disputed international questions.

Therefore, the balloon action was not with sharp condemnation on the part of our people. The balloor specialists would certainly not like to hear what the people say when they bring the leaflets to the SNB and to the National Committees. It is worth noticing that even such people who so far did not find an agrive autitude to the socialist development express their surpring about the means the Vest is employing. And all our people are deeply offended by the latent violating of the independence of our State territory. They are surprised by the great amount of stupidity of the pages

who thought that they will achieve anything of the ballcone. True, the Grusaders of Freedom in the deal are losing more and more possibilities for conducting enemy activity on the territory of our Republic. On the frontiers of our accentry there stands a vigilant guard which breaks all the attempts of their agains and no they must be contented with the balloon action which our people overtly isosped at and which they condern.

They openly say that the entire action was a kird of government which not even fitter dared to commit at the time of the greatest hatred cuspairs against Caccheslovania. Then they are tringing the leaflets which they had found to the security organs and to the administrative organs, they ask that the action should be publicly condemned.

This spontaneous disjust concerning the balloch action demanstrated in which complete isolation lack of information and innorance of the real thinking of our working proble do live she mercenaries of Free Europe which is the patron of this action. Pree Europe even breadcast, while propagating the ballooms, some kind of poor poetry in which one says, that "Always all the good things were coming from above" and that our people knew this.

West our people have got a longer memory than Pres Europe believes. They will remember what good came to them from above from the West; that it was the bombs which on the eve of the end of the war were murdering women and children in peaceful residential works and the frague and Flzen and wich destroyed the Plzen Skeda tion more difficult. Later me were getting from above, from Western Germany a flood of the Colorado beetle which was supposed to bring us misery and starvation, and they know very well also of Korea.

And one more coincidence: One of the boxes with leaflets which was found near Ereroe in the Alzen Region carried the inacciption Muschen and also with the mass of Munich are connected for every memories how in reality looks the love of the garantees: the of our people.

In fact the organizars of the ridiculous and stupid belican action spent their delians for believes, paper and matel size of carrying the embler of Free Europe which are also being spread. They can hardly expect any thinks on the part of their expected. True, because the result is exactly the centrary of the empected. True, a few business wer finally got their provets follow but otherwise the action was decied to failure from its very beginning. This action blown up by Free Europe deflater scon just as its bolicons.

#### CONFIDENCIAL

# Draft Hote to Czechenlovak Government Yortatin Text

Following is text note for transmission FOMOFF in reply to its note July 20.

Bogin text. The American Embassy presents its compliments to the Greenslovak Ministry of Foreign Affairs and with reference to the Ministry's Note of July 20, 1953, concerning the release of balloons from the US Zone of Germany has the honor, upon instructions of the US Government, to make the following reply:

The balloons apparently in question were not released by any official agency of this Government but by the Crusade for Freedom, an organization established by private Aperican citizens. The US Covernment has ascertained that the balloons were released for the purpose of communicating with the people of Czechoslovakia.

It is a fundamental conviction of the American Government and people that free communication between peoples constitutes a principle upon which the very life of the international community should be founded. If any government attempts to erect a wall scaling off its people from contact with the outside world, it is inevitable that ways will be found both by the people inside that country and by the peoples of other countries outside to penetrate that artificial barrier and maintain sere line of contact with one another. The use by those outside of such media as balloons confirms that the Czechoslovek Covernment has created a barrier interfering with free communication. The US believes that the best assurance that this means of communication will not be used is to obviste the need for it by permitting what is natural and necessary in the modern world, namely, free contact between nations and the free exchange of information and ideas.

As for

As for the centent of the messages carried to Csecheslovakia by this medium, it is understood that they contained information on current developments in Central and Esstern Europe and in addition various statements focusing on the idea of "freedom". There would be no reason for a government to be disturbed about the principle of freedom in a message to its people, if conditions of freedom actually existed in that country. One cannot readily believe that the Czecheslovak Government would even raise this issue with the US Government if the fundamental freedoms were observed in Czecheslovakia and if the Gzecheslovak Government word were not now especially concerned about the attitude of the people toward the absence of those freedoms.

The US Government cannot agree that the transmission of these messages to the people of Czechoslovakia from the territory of the US Zone of Germany by the Crusade for Freedom Committee involved any misuse of the position of the US as an occupying power. Such communication is clearly not contrary to any quadripartite agreements affecting Germany. Nor does such communication violate any other international agreement to which the US Government is a signatory.

With reference to efforts to strengthen world peace the US, as is generally known, has endeavored in every practicable way to work step by step, in accordance with the deep interests of the American people in permanent peace and in cooperation with other countries, toward building an orduring structure of international peace and stability. The US socks to help bring about a relaxation of international tension whenever there are genuine possibilities of doing so. It is recognized at the same time that true international tranquillity presupposes conditions which assure human rights and fundamental freedoms for the people concorned. Exitext/

Cable soonest intended date delivery so press release may be issued hore.

of nor . Sen o Informision

Follows Redio Prague asmountement 0510 today re note on bulloons:

"The Hildery of Foreign Affairs has sent the following note to the Embassy of the United States on July 20, 1953:

During the past days bellooms were sent to Cmech territory with leaflets of a nature designed to insight discontent of the population and to encourage anti-state activities. This new attempt to influence the Cmech working people with propagation means of so printitly a level, understandably met with indignate instance, that the entire action was prepared and corritory under the entirement for this purpose to Germany, to German territory under us occupation administration. It is therefore a new incisance where the US Gevernment abuse the position as an occupation power terminis ends incorparable with the four power agreement on Germany, which binds the US to carry out the occupation according to the basic tenet that Germany is never again to become a threat to world peace and its neighbors.

Another important factor which makes this new violation of basic principle of intermational law perticularly objectionable is the fact that it took place at a time when the nations of the entire world are increasing their efforts to strengthen the peace and assure peaceful cooperation.

The aim of this preventive action, organized under the protection of US occupation authorities is to increase the policies of the so-called cold war and to prevent a loosening of international tensions.

For these reasons the Coverment of Cacch decisively protest against this action and acks the Coverment of the US to furnish information on the steps taken to prevent similar pervecation aimed against peaceful co-existence of matlons, representing crude interference in internal Czech affairs.

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FOR I

H MOGRAMMA FOR:

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JUSTICE:

Typnunt Unformal: Free Purspens Frees Torvice; International Pederation of Sree decrealists.

7 - P. M. W. Wast

Pome to Dist fr C/OT dtd 12 June, name subject.

1. I have read with interest the reference resonands which concludes with recommondations a minst the still ention of Engorski and the "or; animation" in connection with ap occurtions, including discentration activities. It is my recollection that there had bear a previo a recommodation against the use of this individual and his colleagues and areociates as sources of information. It is my further recollection that in part as the result of a recommendetion which we received from C. D. dackson, we recently granted a very pocest (#3500 per month) sensity to cover a try-o t ported of a few months! duration.

2. All you please advise no if I am wrong an any of my points of recollect on an Addicated above. It, on the other hand, my recellection is accounts, will you please organe for my signsture a brief communication suitable for transmittal to Sr. C. in-Jackson and sinting, in offset, that whereas we did in fact go forward with a modest spiritly for a three (?) wenth period, we have now had an opportunity to re-exhains this chiin situation inditail, including the identity and character of Naversai's sources and associates, and have reached the conclusion that we have no interest or desire to continue our cupport and relations is with Maroraki beyond the conclusion of the unial perfed.

(Signer) relation within

FM# 3 C. 1150 J. Deputy Director (Flans)

cc: C/:

Attachments: hef. meno and tala.

Security and a comp

TOO IS THE TOTAL MATTER!

20 July 1953

IO, Attn: Kr. Durkeo VIA : Chief, EZ IO/EE/P

Proposed Balloon Campaign in Event President Offers Food to Poland

a sample of the coupen which it is recommended that the Crusade for Freedom distribute by balloon from Germany in the event that a Presidential offer of food for Poland is refused by the Polish Government. This coupen reads so follows:

The bearer of this coupon is entitled to receive from the food supplies donated by Americans:

(food listed will be those specifically offered)

Stamped across the coupon are the words, "Invalid due to the rejection of the offer by The Polish 'Peoples' Republic".

- 2. We are advising the frankfurt mission of this plan and requesting their estimate of the number of leaflets which they could release by balloon from the Baltic. Please advise us whether or not your printing facilities can supply the German mission with whatever number of leaflets they undertake to distribute. We, on the other hand, will advise you sconest of the number of balloons we will require from your stocks and the address to unich they are to be consigned.
- 3. In the event that the Crusade desires to include a printed message on the reverse of the leaflet, it is requested that the text of the message be cleared either with this desk or with the German mission prior to printing.

Attachment:

LALPOLE LAVIS

Deputy Chief

see Deke guly
reply droves

EE/FrEChowardins
20 July 1953

2 Addressee

1 RI 2 EE/P

16 July 1953

	MEMORANDUM	POR:	IO/PP	V 37				
	ATTENTION:		Mr. Thoma	n Brader	1	-	•	
	SUBJECT:		Mr.					
•								
	l. In	Jamu	ary of this	year I	diccussed	with	our offic	ce the
L								
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MEMORANDUM FOR:

Security Information

*-* 2 -

PLTER SICHEL Chief, EE/FI

Attachment: IN 40404

Security Information

Read by Wiener 7/17/53

SchiEl Security Information

16 July 1953

HENORALDUM FOR DEPUTY DIRECTOR (PLANS).

SUBJECT:

RFE Report on recent Soviet Zone Politburo Resting

1. Attached horewith, I am forwarding you a cable which has just been received in New York from Munich.	•
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filgred) In OMAS W. Bar Dist

THOMAS W. RRADEN
Chief
International Organizations Division

Attachment: a/s

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SECRET

SECURITY INFORMATION

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- 15 July 1953

MENURANDUM FOR: DIRECTOR, CENTRAL INTRILICENCE ACENCY

SUBJECT:

Purge of Beria

Attached herewith is a guidance received by

RFE on the purge of Berli.

International Organizations Division

At Lachment,

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#### SECRET SECURITY INFORMATION

#### PROVISIONAL GUIDANCE: PURGE OF BERGA

#### I BACKOROUND AND ANALYSIS:

(This will be issued later in more detail as soon as time pendits.) The following facts, however, stand out immediately:

- 1. NO PERSON OF BERIA'S RANK IN THE SOVIET UNION HAS VALLEN SINCE BERIA HINCELF REPLACED YEZHOV IN 1938; THE PURCE COULD NOT BEING ATA HIGHER LEVEL. THE CHANGES AGAINST BERIA (OF BEING A BOURGEOIS REMECADE IMPERIALIST AGENT WHO THIS TO OVERTHERN THE SOVIET COVERNMENT, DESTROY THE COMMUNIST PARTY AND RE-ESTABLISH CAPITALISM IN THE USOR) ARE OF A MAGRITUDE COMPARABLE ONLY TO THOSE AGAINST THE TROTSKYLTES AND THE RIGHTISTS IN THE 1920'S.
- 2. THE STRUGGLE FOR THE SUCCESSION TO STAIL IS DEVELOPING MUCH MORE RAPIDLY THAN AFTER THE DEATH OF LEVEN. IT TOOK FOUR TEAMS FOR STAIL TO REMOVE THE RIGHTISTS. FURTHERHORE, CORE DESING THE SHIPT TO THE RIGHT IN THE EAST GERMANY AND HUNGARY, AND THE ANNOUNCEMENT AS LATE AS A WEEK OR SO AGO OF "PRO-NATIONALIST" CHANGES IN TADJIKISTAN, THE DESISION IN THE STRUGGLE MUST HAVE HAPPENED ONLY WITHIN THE LAST FEW DAYS. BEHIA'S ABSENCE (WHEN ALL THE OTHER MEMBERS OF THE POLITHURO WERE PROPERT) AT THE BOLDHOI THEATRE ON JUNE 28 WAS ONE OF THE FIRST PUBLIC INDICATIONS OF HIS APPROACHING FALL; THE JULY 8 EDITORIAL OF IZVESTA, THE SECOND.
- 3. THE FORCES WHICH DESTROYED BRIDGA ARE CERTAINLY A COLLECTIVE GROUP, NOT STUPLY MALENKOV HIMSELF. MALENKOV'S WARE APPEARS ONLY OWCE IN THE ANNOUNCEMENT AND THE PRAVDA EDITORIAL EMPHASIZES COLLECTIVE LEADERSHIP MORE THAN EVER BEFORE.
- 4. THE PRAVDA FDITORIAL MARKS A NEW REVERSAL IN THE GENERAL LINE—AWAY FROM RIGHTISM AND TOWARD LETTIST EXTREMISM, OR PERHAPS WARK ACCURATELY AWAY FROM MODERATION AND TOWARD; FASCIST METHEMISM. THE SHIFT TO AN EXTREMIST COURSE IS BASICALLY IN TWO QUESTIONS:
  - A. THE MATIONALITIES QUESTION
  - B. AGRICULTURAL COLLECTIVIZATION

IT IS NOW CLEAR THAT BERIA WAS PRO-HATIONAL RINGRITY AND ANTI-INTERSIFICATION OF COLLECTIVIZATION. THE GROUP WHICH HAS RESEVED HIM IS PRO-GREAT RESSIAN AND PRO-COLLECTIVISATION. IT IS RETURNING TO THE STALINIST LINE. WILL THE DOCTORS! PLOT BE REVIVED? THE SLANSKY TRIAL? SLANSKY-TYPE TRIALS IN THE SATELLITES?

5. NOT ONLY BERIA HIMSELF HAS PALLEN BUT THE SHOLE APPARATUS OF THE SECRET POLICE IS DENOUNCED, WILL LOSE MUCH FACE AND INFORTANCE AND WILL BE SUBJECTED TO A TREMENDOUS PURGE, WHICH MUST SHAKE THE WHOLE COVERNMENTAL STRUCTURE TO ITS FOUNDATIONS.

# SECURE TO DESCRIPTION

8. THE FROM OFFICIALLY MILL MODA SLY CONTINUE ON THE INTERNATIONAL SCHIEBUT WILL MAYE NOW A PORTUGE PROPAGATUM CHARGETER; NO DENUTE CONCESSIONS (E. G., SURREMENTING OF EAST OFFICIALLY WILL BUT THE PLACE. ON THE INTERNAL SCHIEIN THE SOVIET SPECIAL THERE WILL CONTINUE TO BE TALK OF IMPROVING THE LIVING STANDARD OF THE MEXIPS SITE IS ACTUALLY TO BE COURSE WILL BE TOWARD INCREASED CAPITAL INVESTMENT AT THE EXPRISE OF CONSUMER GOODS—PARTICULARLY IN THE SATELLITES.

#### II. GUIDUNE:

CAUTION: AS SECORE; WE EXPOSED ON NOTICE DEVELOPMENTS IN THE KREALIN AND THE CATELLITE CANNING SET IN DO NOT ACCEPT ANY ONE PARTICULAR THEORY. THIS IS THE END OF THE FIRST ACT OF THE POWER STRUGGLE FOR THE SUCCESSION, BUT ONLY THE PIRST ACT; THESE ARE MADE AND EDWOMER ACTS TO COME. THE COALITION WHICH DESTROYED STALL SO JUST AS ELUMENCE TO INTERNAL DISSENSION AS WAS THE MALENKOV-BETTA-BOLOTOF COALITION PROPED AFTER THE DEATH OF STALLIN. THE BASIC ANALOGY PERE IS TO SPALEN'S TACTION AFTER THE DEATH OF LEMEN. FIRST HE ELIMINATED TROISMY AND THE LEFTISTE (THE NEW COALITION NOW ELIMINATES BEVIA); THEN HE RILMINATED THE RIGHTISTE (PROPARLY THE NEXT ACT IN THIS PRESENT DRAMA WILL INVOLVE SLIMINATION OF THE EVEL OF THE COALITION BY THE HIGHING ELEMENT IN IT).

### A. TO TES PEOPLE:

AS THE BRISHEVING BENOTE EACH OTHER EVER MORE PEROCIOUSLY, OUR PROPLES CAN LOOK ON ALTH FLEASURE AND ELECTRANCE WHILE THUR OPPRESSORS ARE WAKING THE WELVES MEAKEN AND THEY (THE EACHTER BU OFTAN PROPERS) ARE DECOMING STRONGER. WHEN THE RREALIN IS WELKENED BY STREETHISTON THE SETELLITE EXPERLINE ARE EVEN HORE WEAK AND FARALITYD. AND CP COURSE THE PURGE ILES JUST BEGUN. LICAL SATELLI TE COM-MUNIST KIG SEDT WILL BE TOO SOCUPTED WITH SAVING THEER OWN SKINS TO BE AS TYRANGICAL AS EXCRE. TYPE COULD NOT COME AT A BETTER TIME FOR THE PEASANTS AND NORMERS OF SUSTEEN STREETS: AFTER ELECTERN CERMAN REVOLTS AND CZECHOCLOVAK DEMONSTATICES. THEY NOW KNOW THEME ONLY DETERMINED AND THEME ONLY POSTER. AS THEY ARE HARSHALLING THEIR FORDER, THEIR TYPARTO' STRUCTURE OF CONTROL IS CHACKING. THE EVENTUAL PROM OF COMMINSTER HAS KEVER MORE CERTAIN THAN HOW. THE REGIMES WILL CERTAINLY TRY, AS THE REPORT IS TRYING, TO PRESENT A FACADE OF "MONOLITHIC UNITY." BUT TOU INOT, AS THEY KNOW, THAT THE FACADE IS HOLLOW AND THAT THE REGIMES, CONTINED AND RENT KITH INTERNAL IT SSENSION, WILL PROBABLY NOT BE ABLE TO UNDER TAKE AND CHE CLEAR LED DECLEIVE POLICH. HOWEVER, WE SHOULD WARN THE PEOPLE THAT THIS SHIFT TO BE THERETE MAY MADE (IN HUNGARY IN PARTICULAR) THAT THE MESMLIN WILL ORDER LTG PUPPETS TO TAKE A MORE EXTREME COURSE THAN BEFORE (BUT HERE ALSO EZ MUST WAIT AND SEE\_CONTUSION NOW RELIGNS EVERYWHERE). NOW IS THE TIES, IN THIS SERIOD OF CONTUSION, FOR THE PROPLE TO SECURE THE GAINS THEY HAVE ALREADY BADE AND PRESS OF POR MORE. IN AVERY REAL SENSE, THE PROPLE RE MORE THAN EVERY ACTURES ON THE STAGE PATIES THAN SPECIATORS IN THE AUDI ENCE. LED BY YOUR NEW LEADERS, YOU THE PROPER HUST CONTINUE YOUR EFFORTS IN THE COL-LECTIVE PARAS AND IN THE TRACE UNIONS, IN THE WAYS YOU KNOW SO WELL, TO FORCE THE RECIES TO MAKE ACTUAL CONCESSIONS TO YOU.

## Security information

#### B. TO THE COMMUNICISTS:

THE KREMIN IS RIGHT IN ONE POINT—THIS IS AN EVENT OF IMMEM; SIGNIFICANCE. IT PROVED CREE EORE, AND RORE PRAIM ICALLY THAN AT ANY TIME SINCE THE THIRTIES, THAT HO COMMUNIST CAN EVER BU SAFE. THOSE OF YOUR LIKE ZAPOTOCKY WHO TRIED TO HEDGE IN HIS BRATISLAVA SPEECH ON THE NATIONALIST ISSUE; THOSE OF YOU LIKE NAGY, GERO AND BATA WHO BECAME THE SYMBOLS OF THE RIGHTIST COURSE—YOU ARE SHI TABLE OFFEICHES FOR THE NEW SLAUGHTER. AND THOSE COMMUNICT LEADERS WHO HAVE NOT BECOME PREMATURE RIGHTIST DEVIATIONS THAT HOW MANY OF THEIR COMMUNES THEY EUST DRAG DOWN IN A NEW PURGE. AND WHAT IS THE POINT OF THYING TO BECOME AN EXHIBISTS AGAIN? YOU KNOW THAT THE NEW SOVIET BROTAKY (RESEMBER WE CANNOT BE SURE WHO HE WILL BE, HAVENG ELIGHRATED BERGA, FILL NOW TRY TO ELIGHNATE BERGA'S OPPONENTS. AS COMMUNISTS (SEE CECHCSLOVAK GRIDANCE NUMBER THE) YOU HAVE ONLY TWO CHOICES.

TO SAFETY, OR — YOU CAN FLED. THERE IS NO OTHER CHOICE.

### C. TO THE SPORET POLICE:

TOUR TURN HAS NOW COME. IF ALL THE PEOPLE TRUT BERIA FROMOTED AND ALL THE LOCALMORGANS OF THE RVD IN THE USER ARE TO BE FURGED, AS IS NOW ARROUNCED, WHAT DO YOU THINK WILL HAPPEN TO YOUR FOOR MANIOMETTES IN THE SATELLITES? YOU HAVE EVEN LESS GHARGE TO SURVIVE THAN THE URGINARY COMMUNIST. AGAIN, YOU CAN MAKE YOUR PEACE WITH THE PEOPLE OR YOU CAN FLEE. OTHERWISE, YOUR DOOM IS CERTAIN.

#### NOTE:

AS YOU WILL SEE FROM THE ABOVE, OUR PRESENT LINE (THE INCREASING STRENGTH OF THE PEOPLE, THE INCREASING WEAKNESS OF THE REGIME) REMAINS INTACT. CZECHOSLOVAK CZIDANCE NUMBER TEN E ALMOST COMPLETELY INTO THE NEW CIRCUMSTANCES AND MUST NOW BE IMPLEMENTED (WITH APPROPRIATE CHANGES FOR HUNGARY AND POLAND) WITH REMEMBED VIGOR.

END MESSAGE

# SECRET

SECURITY INFORMATION

15 July 1953

MEMORANDUM FOR: DIRECTOR, CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

SUBJECT:

Purge of Beria

Attached herewith is a guidance received by RFE on the purgo of Beria.

CORD MEYER, JR.

CORD MEYER, JR.

Deputy Chief,

International Organizations Division

At tachment

# SECURITY INFORMATION

### PROVISIONAL GUIDANCE: PURGE OF BERIA

### I BACKGROUND AND ANALYSIS:

(THIS WILL BE ISSUED LATER IN MORE DETAIL AS SOON AS TIME PERMITS.)
THE FOLLOW NG FACTS, HUWEVER, STAND GUT IMMEDIATELY:

- 1. NO PERSON OF BERLA'S RANK IN THE COVIET UNION HAS FALLEN SINCE BERLA HIMSELF REPLACED YEZHOV IN 1938; THE PURGE COULD HOT BEING ATA HIGHER LEVEL. THE CHARGES AGAINST SERIA (OF BEING A BOURGEOIS RENEGADE IMPERIALIST AGENT WHO THEED TO OVERTHROW THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT, DESTROY THE COMMUNIST PARTY AND REESTABLISH CAPITALISH IN THE USER) ARE OF A MAGNITUDE COMPARABLE ONLY TO THOSE AGAINST THE TROTSKYLTES AND THE RIGHTISTS IN THE 1920'S.
- 2. THE STRUGGLE FOR THE SUCCESCION TO STAILN IS DEVELOPING MUCH MORE RAPIDLY THAN AFTER THE DEATH OF LEMIN. IT TOOK FOUR YEARS FOR STAILN TO REMOVE THE RIGHTISTS. FURTHERMORE, COME DERING THE SHIFT TO THE RIGHT IN THE EAST GERMANY AND HUNGARY, AND THE AMOUNTMEMENT AS IA TE AS A WEEK OR SO AGO OF PRO-NATIONALIST CHANGES IN TADJILISTAN, THE DECISION IN THE STRUGGLE MUST HAVE HAPPENED ONLY WITHIN THE LAST FIX DAYS. BERLA'S ABSENCE (WHEN ALL THE OTHER MEMBERS OF THE POLITBURO WERE MUSERT) AT THE BOLSHOI THEATRE ON JUNE 28 WAS ONE OF THE FIRST PUBLIC INDICATIONS OF HIS APPROACHING FALL; THE JULY 8 EDITORIAL OF IZVESTA, THE SECOND.
- 3. THE FORCES WHICH DESTROYED BETTA ARE CERTAINLY A COLLECTIVE GROUP, NOT SIMPLY MALENKOV HIMSELF. MALENKOV'S NAME APPFARS ONLY ONGE IN THE ANNOUNCEMENT AND THE PRAVDA EDITORIAL EMPHASIZES COLLECTIVE LEADERSHIP MORE THAN EVER BEFORE.
- 4. THE PRAYDA FDI TORIAL MARES A NEW REVERSAL IN THE GENERAL LINE—AWAY FROM RIGHTISM AND TOWARD LEFTIST EXTREMISM, OR FERHAPS MORE ACCURATELY AWAY FROM MODERATION AND TOWARD; FASCIST EXTREMISM. THE SHIFT TO AN EXTREMIST COURSE IS BASICALLY IN TWO QUESTIONS:
  - A. THE NATIONALITIES QUESTION
  - B. AGRICULTURAL COLLECTIVIZATION

IT IS NOW CLEAR THAT BERLA WAS PRO-NATIONAL MINORITY AND ANTI-INTENSIFICATION OF COLLECTIVIZATION. THE GROUP WHICH HAS REMOVED HIM IS PRO-GREAT RUSSIAN AND PRO-COLLECTIVISATION. IT IS RETURNING TO THE STALINIST LINE. WILL THE DOCTORS. PLOT BE REVIVED? THE SLANSKY TRIAL? SLANSKY-TYPE TRIALS IN THE SATELLITES?

5. NOT ONLY BERIA HIMSELF HAS FALLEN BUT THE SHOLE APPARATUS OF THE SECRET POLICE IS DENOUNCED, WILL LOSE MUCH FACE AND INFURTANCE AND WILL BE SUBJECTED TO A TREMENDOUS PURGE, WHICH MUST SHAKE THE WHOLE GOVERNMENTAL STRUCTURE TO ITS FOUNDATIONS.

# SECURATY INFORMATION

6. THE PEACE OFFERSIVE WILL PROBABLY CONTINUE OF THE INTERNATIONAL SCENE-BUT WILL HAVE NOW A FURELY PROPAGANDA CHARACTER; NO GENTLES CONCESSIONS (E. G., SURREIDERLING OF FAST GHTMANY) WILL NOW TAKE PLACE. ON THE INTEGRAL SCENE IN THE SOWIET SPHERE THERE WILL CONTINUE TO BE TALK OF INFESTING THE LIVING STANDARDS OF THE WORKERS BUT IN ACTUALITY THE COURSE WILL SE TMARD INCREASED CAPITAL INVESTMENT AT THE EXPENSE OF CONSUMER GOODS—PRETICULARLY IN THE SATELLITES.

#### II. GUIDANCE:

CAUTION: AS DEFORE, WE SPECULATE ON FUTURE DEVELOPMENT IN THE KREALIN AND THE SATELLITE COUNTRIES BUT WE DO NOT ACCEPT AND CHE PARTICULAR THROUGH. THIS IS THE END OF THE FIRST ACT OF THE PUMER STRUGGHE FOR THE EMPOTESCION, BUT ONLY THE PIRST ACT; THERE ARE MANY NORW AND BLOODIER ACTS TO CORE. THE COALITION WHICH DESTROYED BEHNA IS JUST AS SUBJECT TO INTERNAL DISSENCION AS WAS THE MALENKOW-BEHNA-MOLOTOV COALITION FORMED AFTER THE DEATH OF STALLS. THE BASIC ANALOGY HERE IS TO STALLD'S TACTICS AFTER THE DEATH OF LEMIN. FIRST HE ELIMINATED TRUTSKY AND THE LEFTISTS (THE NEW COALITION NOW ELIMINETS SECTIA); THEN HE ELIMINATED THE RIGHTISTS (PROBABLY THE NEXT ACT IN THES PRESENT DRAMA WILL IN-VOLVE ELIMINATION OF THE REST OF THE COALITION BY THE RIGHT ELEMENT IN IT).

TO THE PROPIE: AS THE BOLSHEVIKS DEVOUR EACH OTHER ETER MORE PROCEEDEDLY, OUR PEOPLES CAN LOOK ON WITH PLEASURE AND ASSULANCE WHILE THELE OPPRESSES ARE MAKING THEMSELVES WEAKER AND THEY (THE EASTERS EU OPEAN PEOPLES) ARE BECCATES STRONGER. WHEN THE EREMLEN IS WEAKENED BY DISSENCTOR THE SATELLITE RECOLLES LES EVEN L'ORE WEAK AND PARALYZED. AND OF COURSE THE PURGE HAS JUST EZONE. WELL SATELLINE COM-MUNIST HIG SHOTS WILL BE TOO OCCUPIED WITH SAVING THIER OFF SKINS TO BE AS TRANSICAL AS BEFORE. THIS COULD NOT COME AT A SETTER THE POR THE PEASANTS AND WORKERS OF FASTERN EUROPE: AFTER FASTERN CERUAN REVOLUE AND CZECHOSLOVAK DEMONSTRATIONS, THEY NOW KNOW THEIR OWN STRENGTH AND THEIR OWN POWER. AS THEY ARE MARSHALLING THEIR FORCES, THEIR TYPANTS' STRUCTURE OF CONTROL IS CRACKING. THE EVENTUAL DOOM OF COMMUNISH WAS NEVER MORE CERTAIN THE BOW. THE REGIMES WILL CERTAINLY TRY, AS THE RESELLY IS TRYING, TO PRESENT A PACADE OF "MONOLITHIC UNITY." BUT YOU KNOW, AS THEY KNOW, THAT THE FACADE IS HOLLOW AND THAT THE REGIMES, CONFUSED AND RENT WITH INTERNAL DISSENCION, WILL PROBABLY NOT BE ABLE TO UNDERTAKE ANY ONE CLEAR AND DECISIVE POLICH. HOWEVER, BE SHOULD WARN THE PEOPLE THAT THIS SHIFT TO EXTREMISH MAY MEAN (IN HUNGARY IN PARTICULAR) THAT THE KREMLIN WILL ORDER ITS PUPPETS TO TAKE A MORE EXTERMS COURSE THAN BEFORE (BUT HERE ALSO WE MUST WAIT AND SEE-CONFUSION NOW RAIGHS EVERYWHERE). NOW IS THE TIME, IN THIS PERIOD OF CONFUSION, FOR THE PROPLE TO STUFF THE GAINS THEY HAVE AIREADY MADE AND PRESS ON FOR MORE. IN AVERY REAL SERVE, THE PEOPLE RE MORE THAN EVERY ACTURS ON THE STAGE RATHER THAN SPECTATORS IN THE AUDI ENCE. LED BY YOUR NEW LEADERS, YOU THE PEOPLE MUST CONTINUE YOUR EXFORTS IN THE COL-LECTIVE FARMS AND IN THE TRADE UNIONS, IN THE WAYS YOU KNOW SO WELL, TO FORCE THE REGIME TO MAKE ACTUAL CONCESSIONS TO YOU.

#### Secret ' Secret Ty Information

### B. TO THE COMMUNISTS:

THE RESLIN IS RIGHT IN ONE FOINT—THIS IS AN EVENT OF IMMEND: SIGNIFICANCE. IT MOVES ONE SOME HOLD THE FRANK HEALLY THAN AT ANY TIME SINCE THE THIRTIES, THAT NO COMMENDS CAN EVER SE SAFE. THOSE OF YOUR LIKE ZAPOTOCKY WHO TRIED TO HEDGE IN HIS SEATISLAVA SPENCE ON THE NATIONALIST ISSUE; THOSE OF YOU LIKE NAGY, GERO AND HATE SHO BECAME THE SYMBOLS OF THE RIGHTIST COURSE—YOU ARE SUITABLE OFFERINGS FOR THE NEW SLAUGHTYR. AND THOSE COMMUNIST LEADERS WHO HAVE NOT BECOME MIGHLATURE RIGHTIST DEVIATIONEST WILL NOW UNDOUBTEDLY TRY TO BECOME INTEMNISTS AS FAST AS PASSIBLE—NO MATTER NOW MANY OF THEIR COMPADES THEY BUST DRAG DOWN IN A NEW PURGS. AND WHAT IS THE POINT OF TRYING TO BECOME AN EXTEMNIST AGAIN? YOU KNOW THAT THE NEW SOVIET ELCTATOR (REMARBER WE CANNOT BE CUTE WHO HE WILL BE, HAVING ELIBERATED BERIA, ETLL NOW TRY TO ELIBERATE BERIA'S OPPONENTS. AS COMMUNISTS (SAN CATCHOLOGICANA GUIDANCE NUMBER TEN) YOU HAVE ONLY THO CHOICES.

TO SAFETY, OR — YOU CAN FLES. THERE IS NO OTHER CHOICE.

### C. TO THE SECRET POLICE:

YOUR TUEN EAS NOW COME. IF ALL THE PEOPLE THAT BERIA PROMOTED AND ALL THE LOCALNORGANS OF THE MYD IN THE USSR ARE TO BE PURCED, AS IS NOW AMBOURCED, WHAT DO YOU THINK BILL HAPPEN TO YOUR POOR MARIONETTES IN THE SATELLITES? YOU HAVE EVEN LESS CHAMIS TO SURVIVE TEAN THE CHICHARY COMMUNIST. AGAIN, YOU CAN MAKE YOUR PEACE WITH THE PEOPLE OR YOU CAN FLEE. OTHERWISE, YOUR DOCM IS CERTAIN.

#### NOTE

AS YOU WILL SEE FROM THE ABOVE, OUR PRESENT LINE (THE INCREASING STREAGTH OF THE PEOPLE, THE INCREASING WEAKNESS OF THE REGIME) REMAINS INTACT. CZECHOGLOVAK GUIDANCE NUMBER TEN E ALMOST COMPLETELY INTO THE NEW CIRCUMSTANCES AND MUST NOW BE IMPLEMENTED (HITH APPROPRIATE CHANGES FOR HUNGARY AND POLAND) WITH REMEMBED VICOR.

END MESSAGE

### ROUTING AND RECORD SHEET

INSTRUCTIONS: Officer designations should be used in the "TO" column. Under each comment a line should be drawn across sheet and each comment numbered to correspond with the number in the "TO" column. Each officer should initial (check mark insufficient) before further routing. This Routing and Record Sheet should be returned to Registry.

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FORM NO. 51-10 FEB 1950 SEC. El Security Information

15 July 1953

142 ORANDUH FOR: DIRECTOR CENTRAL EN ENLANGERICE

SUPURCT:

MFM - Balloon Operation

Attached hereighth is the story of the balloon operation and an early report of what happened.

Deputy Chief International Organizations Division

Attachment: a/s

Security Information

# SECULT Security Information

FULLOWING RELEASED LOCALLY TODAY: RELEASE FROM RAWLO PPER EUROPE: LOCARCOED UNTIL 11:30 OUT - JULY 14, 1953

MUNICH, JULY 14, 1953— THOUSANDS OF HIGH ALTITUDE ELLCOME CARRYING
PESSAGES OF HOFE TO THE CZECHOSLOVAK PEOPLE WEFE MILLERY ON THE CZECH BORDER
LATT NIGHT BY THE CRUSADE FOR FREEDOM.

CARRIED BY STRONG WINDS AT ALTITUDES UP TO 30,000 PRET, THE BALLONS WERE EXPECTED TO REACH AS FAR AS THE INDUSTRIAL CENTER OF COTPAVA ON THE RYLISH BORDER, WITH PILSEN, PRAGUE, MOST AND SOKOLOV AS SYNTIL TARGETS.

THE "BALLOON BARRAGE" -- THE SECOND ALRED AT CZETACELOVAKIA BY THE CRUSADE FOR PRILLDON -- WILL CONTINUE FOR SEVERAL DAYS. A TOTAL OF HORE THAN 12,000,000 MESSAGES, OR ONE FOR EVERY PERSON IN THE COUNTRY, WILL BE EENT.

CRUSADE FOR FREEDOM LAUNCHED A SIMILAR BARRAGE AT SZZZZOSLOVAKIA ON AUGUST 23, 1951, AND ANOTHER AT POLAND ON AUGUST 28, 1951. HOWZYZE, THE PRESENT CPURATION IS FOUR TIMES AS LARGE AND RELIEVED TO EX THE PRESENT.

MESSAGES CARRIED BY THE DALLOONS RELEASED LAST NIZE AND TODAY WENT OF
THERE TYPES: A REPRODUCTION OF A NEW ONE-CROWN MOTE, MERING A FLEA TO OFFOSE
THE COMMUNIST REGIME; A PAMPHLET EXPLAINING THE RECENT DEMONSTRATIONS IN
ELST GENMANY AND THE FALL OF SOVIET POLICY CHIEF LATERATIC BERIA; AND AS ALUMINUM
COIN STAMPED WITH THE "FREEDOM BELL" AND THE SLOGAN "ALL CZECHS AND SLOTAIS FOR
THEEDOM—ALL THE FREE WORLD FOR THE CZECHS AND SLOTAIS."

THE BALLOONS USED IN THE OPERATION CALLED "WINES OF PROCESSAY ARE OF PAO TYPES, A RUBBER SPHERE WHICH EXPLODES AT HIGH ALTITUDES, SOLTTERING ITS PRESSAGES OVER A WIDE AREA, AND A PLASTIC BALLOON WHICH DESCRIBE ON THE TARGET. SOTE TYPES ARE PILLED WITH HYDROGEN.

THE PULL TEXT OF THE MESSAGE PRINTED ON THE ONE CROSS NOTE FOLLOWS:

CZECHOSLOVAKS, KNOW THIS; THE RECIPIE IS WEAKER THAN YOU HAVE DARED TO TRINK; POWER LIES WITH THE PEOPLE AND THE PEOPLE STAND CPPOSED. WITH UNITY

AND COURAGE, ORGANIZE YOUR STRENGTH: DOWN WITH THE COLLECTIVE! INSIST ON WORKERS! RIGHTS! TODAY DEMAND CONCESSIONS; TOHORROW - FREEDOM!

### ON THE OTHER SIDE -

MEN CALL THES "THE HUNCER CHOWN - GIFT OF THE SOVIET UNION. IT IS THE SYMBOL OF REGIPE DECYMPATION, OF FIVE-YEAR FAILURE: IT IS A CHALLENGE TO FIGHT, TO MEET WEAKNESS WITH STRENGTH, TO RESIST AS YOU KNOW BEST. THE OTHER CAPTIVE PEOPLES ARE UNITING AND WILL JOIN YOU IN YOUR STRUGGLE. THE FREE WORLD IS WITH YOU! ALL FOWER TO THE PEOPLE!

THE FULL TEXT OF THE PAMPHLET ABOUT EVENTS IN EAST GERMANY: CZECHS AND SLOVAKS'
HEAR THE MESSAGE WHICH COMES TO YOU TODAY FROM THE FREE WORLD:
THE SOVIET UNION F OFFICE WEAVER! THE PEOPLES OF THE CAPTIVE COUNTRIES ARE
GETTING STRONGER! THE SOVIET UNION IS GETTING WEAKER. THE STRUGGLE FOR STALIN'S
HERITAGE SHAKES THE ENTIFY SOVIET EMPIRE AND FEAR HAS CREPT INTO THE KREMLIN.
WHO WILL FALL WITH BERIA AND WHO WILL FALL AFTER BERIAT HOW MANY MULLIONS WILL
PALL VICTIMS TO THE NEW PURGE WHICH IS NOW GOING TO BEGIN - THE BIGGEST PURGE
WHICH THE SOVIET UNION HAS EVEN KNOWN?

HOW MANY VICTORS WILL FALL IN THE SOVIET UNION AND HOW MANY IN THE OCCUPIED COUNTRIES? WHO WILL FALL WITH BERIA IN PRAGUE AND WHO WILL IE DRAGGED DOWN HY HIS PALL IN BRATISLEVA? WHO WILL BE THE NEW SLANSKY AND WHO THE NEW CLEMENTIS? AND WHEN THE PURGE SPREADS AND BROADENS, DOWN FROM THE FOLTMEUREAU TO THE LANDS AND DISTRICTS, TO THE OFFICES AND THE FACTORIES - HOW MANY FUNCTIONARIES WILL SAPELY SURVIVE?

ONLY THOSE WILL SURVIVE WHO WILL DETACH THEMSELVES FROM THE SINKING COMMUNIST BOAT IN TIME. ONLY THOSE WHO JOIN THE FROPLE AND HELP IN ITS STRUCCLE AGAINST THE OPPRESSORS. AT ANY RATE, THE SOVIETS ARE IN A BLIND ALLEY. IF THE WASCOW BOOT WILL WHICH EVEN HEAVIER ON THE NECKS OF THE OPPRESSED PROPIE AND IP MOSCOW'S CEMANDS UPON THE FRIGHTENED PUPPET GOVERNMENTS OF THE CAPTIVE COUNTRIES WILL BECOME MORE PRESSING, THE PREJETANCE OF THE PROPIE WILL ONLY GROW: FOR THE PEOPLE WILL NOT RETURN INTO SUBMISSION. IF THE COMMUNIST RECINES, IN ORDER TO APPEASE THE WRATH OF THE PEOPLE, WILL TRY TO BRIDE THEIR SUBJECTS BY PROPIESING CONCESSIONS AS WE HAVE SEEN IN HUNGARY AND IN EASTERN OFFMANY, THEY WILL HOT GET ANTWERS: FOR THE PEOPLE WILL NOT BE DECEIVED ANYMORE BY PRONT CONCESSIONS.

THE PEOPLE ARE GROWING STRONGER. THE FIRST FLAMES OF REVOLT PLARED OUT IN CZECHOSLOVAKIA AED IN EASTERN GERMANY. FROM PILSEN, FROM MCFAVSKA OSTRAVA, FROM BERLIN, DRESDEN AND MAGDEBURG THE ECHO OF THIS REVOLT PEARED THROUGHOUT THE WORLD AND DEEVLY SHOCK THE ENTIRE SOVIET REALM: THE PEOPLE SHOWED THEIR STRENGTH.

THE CORGUNIST REGIVES RECOGNIZED THE MENACE AND RECAME APPAID. THEY STARTED APOLOGIZING, THEY STARTED SNLF-CRITICISING, THEY STARTED GIVING PROMISES. IN OZEMANY THE ANTI-LABOR DECEMES HAD TO BE REVOKED. IN CZECHOSLOVAKIA THE PRIGHTEHED GOVERNMENT WAS FORCED TO DESIST FROM APPLYING THE PENAL LAWS CONCERNING ASSENTENIEM. IN MOSCOW, UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF THE NEWF OF THE PEOPLES REVOLT IN CZECHOSLOVAKIA AND GERMANY, THE INTERNAL STRUCGLE EXCAME SHARFER. BERIA AND HIS ALL-POWERFUL FOLICE FELL AS VICTIMS. YOUR REVOLT HELPED TO ALTER THE COURSE OF HISTORY: NEW FORCES MADE THEIR APPEARANCE ON THE BATTLS-FIELD, THE PLOFLE WOR ITS FIRST MAJOR VICTORY IN ITS FIGHT WITH THE REGIMS.

CZECHS AND SLOVARS: THE MORE YOUR OPPRESS AS ARE SHAKEN BY UNCERTAINTY,
THE GREATER IS THE CERTAINTY OF YOUR VICTORY. THE RESIDE IS APPAID OF YOU,
IT KNOWS THAT POWER IS PUNDAMENTALLY ON YOUR SIDE. THIS IS THE TIME WHEN
PEOPLES UNITY, A COMMON AGRESMENT AND A UNITED PURPOSE ARE ABLE TO WIN COM-

## SECRET Security Information

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CESSIONS. YOUR SATTLEFIELD IS IN THE FACTORIES AND IN THE FIELDS. ON THIS BATTLEFIELD

BATTLEFIFD OF LABOR YOU HAVE THE ADVANTAGE OF NUMBERS. ON THIS BATTLEFIELD

YOU CAPHOT BE VANCUISHED. YOU WILL NOT BE CONTENT WITH BRIBES, YOU WILL ASK MORE AND

ASK FOR DEEDS. YOU WILL NOT BE CONTENT WITH BRIBES, YOU WILL ASK MORE AND

HORE FROM THE EXPLOITERS. WE DO NOT PRESUME TO GIVE YOU ORDERS NOW TO GIVE

YOU ADVICES. YOU AND YOUR MIN LEADERS WHO ARE BEING BORN IN THE STRUGGLE KNOW

BEST NOW AND WHERE TO STRIKE. BUT WE WANT YOU TO KNOW THAT YOU ARE NOT ALONE:

AMONG THE MASSES OF PEOPLE BEHT ID THE IRON CURTAIN THE FIRE OF REVOLT IS

SMOULDERING AND ITS SPARKS ARE PLYING FROM COUNTRY TO COUNTRY. EVERTWHERE IN

THE FREE WORLD. YOUR PRIENDS ORE WITH YOU. THEIR HELP WILL GROW AS YOUR

DETERMINATION ORGAS.

SECRET Security Information

The following was received from Conden, Munich

Have report early afternoon that Czech fighter plane attempting shoot down balloons. In only instance so far reported, planes shot down two out of ten that were in air at moment. Also have report that attempts being made shoot balloons down from ground, but no success. This shooting occurred at 1510 local time, which is only report so far. Will inform you of any developments.

Secret
Security Information

The following received from Condon, Hunich

Following is full story as of 1700 local time on shooting. At 1400 two possibly three jet aircraft, presumably MIG, which kept well within Czech territory, managed after considerable moving to shoot down two repeat two balloons. Aircraft departed area and have not returned since. Small arms fire during most of afternoon accounted for total of three repeat three balloons. Small arms fire effective only during periods when weather conditions did not permit rapid rise of balloons crossing border at height within range of submarine guns and carbines.

End of Messaga

Walker's report - Temper of residence in launching area calm and unworried.

GEERLY Information

MEMORANDHIM FOR: Chief, 10

8 July 1953.

FROM:	EE/Czechoslovakia	
SUBJECT:		a casa assessance

Security Information

RICHARD A. FINNEY

# SECRET Security Information

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7 July 1953

Noted by 801 -7//3 (

NAMED AND ASSESSED FOR PARTICIPATE ASSESSED  
SUBJECT:

Proposed Enlloon Operation

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Shepardoon will cend further word after these talks.

Cool Mayor h. for

Chief International Organizations Division

SECRET Security Information Secretary Secretary

7 July 1953 1)

Memorandum for the Record

Subject:

Conversation with Congressman Kersten

- 1. On 6 May Congressman Kersten addressed a letter to the State Department, enclosing a letter dated 6 May 1953, which he had received from Mr. Creighton Scott, a former employee of Radio Free Europe at Munich, Germany. This letter was highly critical of certain personnel in RFE, particularly as regards allegations of pro-communist attitudes. On 6 July I discussed these criticisms with Congressman Kersten in detail, conveying to him orally the material contained in the memorandum of 17 June 1953 from the Director of Security; Subject: Inquiry by Congressman Kersten; which the Director of Security had noted should be utilized in this meeting with Congressman Kersten.
- 2. The Congressman noted the difficulty in evaluating the type of criticisms which Mr. Scott had made but appeared willing to accept our explanation.
- 3. Congressman Revisten then turned to certain criticisms which he had heard expressed regarding RFE from several sources, including Scott. One such criticism is that RFE is no doing the best it should on religious programs. He feels that this aspect of the broadcasts could probably be considerably strengthened, particularly among Catholic elements.
- 4. Mr. Kersten cited the opinion of Count Tarnowski (sp.?), a well known Pole, who told the Congressman that any fourteen year old Soviet citizen would be so well briefed on Soviet philosophy as to turn up their noses at the RFE material. The Count (and Kersten appears to agree) feels that the Soviet population has more sophisticated philosophical material thrown at them by their own Government, and that it should be an important function of RFE to counter with an attempt to destroy the Soviet philosophical material and shake the Soviet faith in their theoreticians.
- 5. Congressman Kersten realized that it is difficult to capture a wide audience with philosophical arguments, but he feels that if these arguments reached a segment of important leaders behind the Iron Curtain, it would help to destroy and counter the philosophical teachings of Marx, Lenin, et al. The Congressmen feels that many of our broadcasts deal with economic matters, and, while these are important, RFE should go

Commenced Section 1

desper and hit harder on religion and philosophy.

- 6. While Congressman Kersten is aware that many of the captive population are not interested in rightest movements, it is his opinion that RFE cannot beat communism with socialism. In particular, he felt (and Scott bore this out in their conversation) that we were making too much use of Czech socialists, and we were using socialists from the Benes Government which had sought to compromise with the communists. While he recognizes the popularity of Benes and Massryk in Czechia, he feels they are not effective in Slovakia, where there is a heavy Catholic population.
- 7. Congressman Kersten plans to go to Europe, probably in September. While he did not say so, I believe he would welcome an invitation to visit RFE, Munich. Furthermore, as the author of the Kersten Amendment and of several resolutions on the enslaved peoples; at least one of which may receive Congressional approval at this session, consideration might be given as to whether it would be advisable to request the Congressmen to utilize RFE facilities to broadcast while he is abread.

Walter L. Pforzheimer Legislative Counsel

OGC/WLP: Jps

the original of time to the sour

3 July 1953

MEMORANDUM FOR: DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE

SUBJECT: D'Arcy Brophy and Louis Howins' Trip to Europe

TW BRADEN

THOMAS V. BRADEN
Chief
International Organizations Division

C10: TW3/eh

14-00000

Orig - Addressee 1 cc - 10/Br I 1 cc - CIO 1 cc - RI

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SICURIAL INFORMATION

1 July 1953

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STORT SECURITY INFORMATION

THOMAS W. BRADEN
Chief
International Organizations Division

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MEMORANDUM FOR: CHIEF, INTERNATIONAL CENTANIZATIONS DIVISION SUBJECT: for Balloon Operation

15/ aw. Dulles

ALIEN W. DULLES Director

10/BrI:WPD/eh (30 June 1953)

Orig & 1 - Addressee - Finance 1 00 - Budget 1 cc 1 cc 1 cc - CION 1 cc - RI - DCI

MEMORANDUM FOR: C/PP

SUBJECT:

Recent Developments in the Bumanian Refugee Situation

- 1. In a verbal report to the Rumanian National Committee upon his return from a trip to Europe to secure former King Michael's approval of a proposed refuged committee, Hr. Visoianu stated that the King did not reject the proposal advanced for the reorganization and enlargement of the present Committee, although he indicated no interest in having the plan out into effect irreductly.
- 2. In his last conversation with Mr. Viscient, the King requested that the members of the present Rumarian National Committee should send him, either jointly or individually, their opinions in writing about the following points:
  - a. On What grounds does the Runarian Matienal Committee consider that it cannot continue in its present form?
  - b. What are the criteria for choosing the members of the new committee and who are the persons who should belong to it?
  - c. Who are the Runs lan exilos and Runsman organizations in exile which could be consulted by the Hing to nevise him in the matter of forming a new Matienal Committee?
- 3. The Rumanian Mational Committee members plan to send a joint resolution to the kind requesting that he entrust Visciana with the formation of a new committee to be commissed of members whose names were submitted to the King. Should Hichael refuse this request, the Committee intends to tender its real mation.
- h. Visofanu reported that he had conversations in Paris with Gafencu, Gherna, Veniamin and Antoniade, to show he proposed dembership in the new committee. At that time, which was before the death of General Endescu, Gafencu refused because of the exclusion of the General in the new or anization. Since Visolanu was unable to return to Paris after his conversations with the King, a meeting with Gafencu subsequent to Eadescu's death has not been possible. Gherman old not refuse to

become a member of the new committee, but wished to be accepted as a representative of the Secialist Party. This would be difficult because of Chernan's affiliation with the left-wing faction which soceded from Fetreucu's Farty in 1946, subsequently joining with the Communist Party. Anteniade and Verdamin have agreed to become members of the new committee.

5. In a letter to the Fund on 26 May 1953, Gafencu stated that an attempt should be made to give support to a new committee through a large national council in order to establish unity of the leaders and of the Rumanian colony abroad. He said that on the day of General Radescu's death he had received a letter from the General asking him to take over "Mis task" to assure the unity of the Rumanians abroad. Gafencu also wrote that friends in Faris and abroad had asked him to take over the leadership of a small "ad hoc" committee with the support of all the Associations of Free Rumanians, which he stated he will do if the New York group assures him of their support. After that, he indicated he would see if there would be a possibility of an understanding with the Viscianu group.

7. It would appear that there is little reason to believe that the Rumanian refugees will set aside their factional differences and personal ambitions to form a representative committee at this time.

Acting Chief, SE

### SECRET

SECURITY INFORMATION

25 June 1953

MEMORANDUM FOR: CHIEF, INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS DIVISION

SUBJECT:

RFE Coverage of Stockholm ICFTV Congress

1. At our request RFE is going to give full coverage to the ICFTU Meeting In Stockholm. It has arranged to have the meeting covered by three desks. The Bungarians are using a Stockholm stringer, while the Poles and Czechs are each sending editors. In addition, there will be overall coverage to the central newcroom by RFE's information corresponds to the central newcroom by RFE's informati pondent, Dreifuss. Messages from the labor leaders of the free world will be broadcast to the Czech people, in line with our recent guidance.

2. A copy of the UN Slave Labor Report was delivered & the boat of Col. Mullany's friend yesterday afternoon prior to departure.

WILLIAM P. DURKEE

Chief, IU/Branch 1

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SECRET SECRETY INFORMATION

23 June 1953

MEMORANDUM FOR: DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE

SUBJECT:

Your Moeting with NCFE with afternoon.

THOWAS W. HRADEN
Chief
International Organizations Division

conf. laformatton

30 January 1953

MEMORANDUM FOR CHIEF, INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS DIVISION

SUBJECT:

Telephone Conversation with Jesus McKnight, Pepartment of State

1. Hr. Ecknight called to report that Mr. from the UN Public Affairs Office is very disturbed about the conduct of "some RFE man" in New-York, who is approaching members of the UC Mission to the United Nations and asking them all corts of questions, for example, their views on the recent Doctors Trial.

2. In. McKnight feels that this practice should be discontinued, especially in view of the fact that the new merbers of the US Mission are not yet fully informed about, or sympathetic, to RFU. He feels that any questions concerning US policy on particular issues should be cleared with Ur. \_\_\_\_\_ the VOA Policy Chief in New York.

3. I think this matter ought to be discussed with Bob hang. Would you let me know whether you will take it up with him, or whether you wish me to do so.

you do so.

ELLEN STERN IO/TOUTC

Security Information

SECURITY ANTONIATION

2 February 1953

WELSORIAUDUM FOR THE RECORD!

SUBJECT: Meeting to Discuss State Department Proposals on how to Counter-Check Items on UNGA Agenda.

1. I attended a meeting on Wednesday, 28 January 1993, to discuss paragraphs 6 and 7 of the attached paper propared by the Department of State. It calls for the establishment of "a commission of independent members to study the nature and extent of this escapes problem; with the view of determining the reasons and circumstances impalling these people to escape" and suggests that "this inquiry could follow the pattern of the commission on forced labor. The Commission would hear refugees in such places so weltern Germany, Caneva, etc., and its eventual report to the assembly would, in fact, be a report on the entire commission, the denial of basic human right, etc."

3.

FLLEN STERN LU/TONIC

IO/TCHIC: ES/hka

Distributions:

Orig. -Addresses
2 cc -IO/TOMIC
1 cc -C/IO
1 cc - RI

1 cc - Mr. Braden -

SECURITY INFORMATION

23 April 1953

SECURITY OFFICER, CLA SUBJECT:

- 1. Pursuant to my conversation with Mr. Hamby, I have talked with the inrector of RPR and he has agreed to terminate subject's present job.
- 2. He intends to bring subject to Mers York and makehim his personal consultant in the New York office. He assures we of his full intentions to carry out this plan and further assures me that he has no intention of giving subject administrative or aut ority of any kind.
  - 3. Is this arrangement satisfactory to you?

THIS W. BRADEN CHIFF International Organizations Division

CIO: To Seh

14-00000

Orig & 1 - Addressee 1 cc - 10/Br I

1 cc. - IO/Security Officer

1 cc - CIO

1 cc - RI

STORMAN CHANNES

22 April 1953

In response to our request from the Fund, we are forwarding herewith the general information available concerning

THOUSE 4. STADEN
Chief
International Organizations Division

Attachmente: (5)
Ltr. to \_\_\_\_\_\_dtd 1/20/53
Personal biography by \_\_\_\_\_\_
Excerpt from Congressional Record for 2/9/52
Booklet by \_\_\_\_\_\_Article by

IO/Branch lawPD:jb
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CIO - lcc
RI - lcc

SECURITY INFORMATION

## Collège de l'Europe Libre

CHAIRAU DE FOURTALES - STRASBOURG-ROBERTSAU (Bas-Rhin)

TELEPHONE DIRECTION: 832.88 - INTENDANCE: 832.86
ACRESSE TELEGRAPHIQUE: EXILUNIVER STRASBOURG

Paris 4-1,1953.

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Joseph has here were aware of what they been up

Luciely.

April 1, 1953

#### No. 26 Dear Adolf,

A day or two before I sailed for Europe in January, 1953, I received a typed manuscript copy of the "Progress Report on the College de l'Europe Libre", which has now appeared in mimcographed form under date of February 27, 1953, over the signatures of Royall Tyler and Richard Sears!

I admit to considerable curiosity when this document appeared. In the covering letter Royall Tyler morely stated, "It comes from Dick Sears". I rather wondered why this report should be compiled when it was known I was coming to Europe presumably to examine into conditions and it seemed to me immediately that this might be a counter foil to what it was expected I would find. In reply to a direct inquiry from me, Sears now states it was prepared "to reinforce the German language unit project by supplying information that was apparently lacking.

So, while the factual material in this report can not be questioned — I mean the statistics and the historical portions — the interpretation of them does not reflect the disappointing results. This pertains to the work of the Committee on Awards on the one hand and

When I asked Sears how widely this report had been distributed he told to the members of the Association du College

April 1, 1953

Dr. Berle

de l'Europe Libre and to Mesors. Thomas Braden, John C. Enghes, C. D. Jackson and Whitney H. Shepardson". I assume, therefore, that the members of our Executive Committee, to whom I am sending copius of this letter, have received

The sentence (bottom of Page 9 and going over to top of Page 10), "These were mon of advanced education, expert in their knowledge of their own countries but also, most of them, having studied in French institutions and so capable of forming a bond for the students between their training at home and in exile.", is not an accurate description of the caliber of the tutors.

On the same page again, fifth line from the bottom, the phrase "the severity of the action taken in the autumn has had a salutary effect in imposing firmer discipline and setting higher standards" simply is not so. The manner in whichthe action was taken, and the inaccuracy of some of the judgments, whichhad to be reversed, called forth protests from staff and students alike and did as much as anything else to cause present low student morals.

On Page 16, the last sentence in the first paragraph reads, "A fresh start in life combined with exposure to Western thought and practice will, we are encouraged to hope, produce a full return." Instead of what the statement implies, the students have witnessed a cleavage between the European staff and the Americans, — and the "exposure to Western thought and practice" has been anything but inspiring or unifying.

The distribution of this document can be and will be very misleading by its implications that success has been achieved to an extent that warrants our proceeding on our present path. That will be unfortunate. We have acquired a fund of valuable experience and we have made mistakes. The net result is the present situation. Fundamental changes must be made, which are bound to be unpleasant, but they are essential, unless we are going to continue a more

Sincercly yours,

LT:ECK

Dr. A. A. Berle, Jr. 70 Pine Street New York 5, N. Y. Levering Tyson President

6 April 1953

MEMORANDUM FOR: DEPUTY DIRECTOR (PLANS)

SUBJECT:

14-00000

Information reported by Bob Lang, EFS

Bob Long has had reported to him the following:

1. Epstein, an investigator for Senator McCarthy, has just turned into the Senator a 150-page anti-RFE report.

THOMAS W. BRADEN Chief International Organizations Division

IO/BrI:WPD-TWB/eh

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FORM NO. 30-4



## DEPARTMENT OF STATE UNITED STATES INTERNATIONAL INFORMATION ADMINISTRATION WASHINGTON

April 3, 1953

My dear Mr. Wieners

I want you to be informed of the action which I am taking in repard to intermational broadcasting facilities in this country.

I have sent a letter to the communies concerned along the lines of the enclosed which gives a full explanation.

Sincorely yours,

Robert L. Johnson Administrator

Enclosures

Copy of letter to broadcasting companies terminating contracts.

Mr. Frank Lisner, Central Intelligence Agency.

419/53 CE- EA FILL

INTERNATIONAL INFORMATION AND EDUCATIONAL EXCHANGE PROGRAM

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This action is them with presume request particularly became you and your Company have remissed in very ways resultant of such wellus to the United States, and because I know that the the begandow in a highly paintotic spirit.

Sincerally years.

Roberta L. Johnson. Mainiumntor

6 April 1953

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THOMAS W. BRADEN Chief International Organizations Division

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SECRET.

DD/P 3048

2 April 1953

MEMORANDUM FOR:

The Director of Central Intelligence

SUBJECT:

Good news concerning William Heimlich.

- 1. I have just received through Mr. Durkee a report from the RFE people in Munich to the following effect.
- 2. Mr. Heimlich has visited the premises and talked to some of the key personnel of RFS-Munich. He was cordially received and shown around. At the conclusion of his visit, Mr. Heimlich stated that whereas he was not primarily or particularly interested or concerned with NCFF/RFS activities end operations (presumably meaning that he was more concerned with the State Department information project -- and presumably MFA), he had been very much impressed by what he had seen. He was satisfied that this was a hard-hitting operation; that there was no "fat" on it; and that he would so report to the Senate Committee upon his return.

FRANK O. WISHIR Acting Deputy Director.

11 Charles and Labour 1

co: C/10 - information.

SECRET

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### SECURITY INFORMATION

2000 million 19

2 April 1993

eropaida, ka	DEPUTY DEFENDED (PLANE)
VI.7	is Chief, Political and Prychological Jarfare
H.JECT:	Points raised by you in connection with ire Europeta conversation withon it learns 1953 and Unitary Shepardson on To Euroh 1953.
The follow	ring answers to hir. Wisser's comments on rebject remot and by hir. Durkee:
charge of	Tr. Ling does not intend to put in official Humich operations. By remark was intended to indicate cently with Hangto consent.
by us. Ly	the original tice-box' statement was indeed passed on reference was to our approval of an alternate tice-box entitled, those felicy statement, which sheardhas prospe in place of the original.

THOMAS .. DAADET

Chief

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#### ROUTING AND RECORD SHEET

2363

INSTRUCTIONS: Officer designations should be used in the "TO" column. Under each comment a line second be drawn across sheet and each comment numbered to correspond with the number in the "TO" column. Each officer should install scheck mark insufficient) before further routing. This Routing and Record Sheet should be returned to Registry.

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### SECRET Security Information

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	ADATH BUR 9	4:30 E. TO 12:	18 12	

During the course of our conversation Mr. stated that he was pleased to have had the opportunity to meet here and to clear up his status. He also stated that:

- a. In his opinion Wr. Lang is indispensable to the operation of RFE, but that it was necessary for Mr. Lang to be in Munich more often. He feels that in spite of Mr. Lang's over-all comprehension that developments in Munich have out-run Lang's or anyones especity to understand it without closer contact with its day to day operations.
- b. He has a high regard for He. Richard Condon, whom he feels is doing an excellent job. It is opinion that Condon needs a competent administrative assistant and that Alan Highie, HTE correspondent in Lenden, could fill such a position. Lang agrees with him. feels it remarkable that during his considerable time with RFE that he has never heard a bad word about Fr. Condon.
- c. He has a very high regard for Fr. Griffith and the role he plays in RFF's operations, however, it was his feeling that it is impossible for Er. Griffith to adequately take care of RFF's outside relations in Germany because: (1) Griffith does not have the time and; (2) He is not particularly effective in dealing with Germans because of his youth and rather pedantic manner. He informed me that there is a possibility of retting \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for employment with RFE and that he felt \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ could excellently undertake the job of dealing with the German government and German public because of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ language facility, his familiarity with Termany and his prestige.
- d. He is reor anizing the News and Information Service of RFE because the drying up of escapees has increased the need for top rank correspondents with depth of European experience and political knowledge, so that significant ideas and contributions to SFE propaganda can be developed. He also feels that a reorganized news gathering service will lead to more effective American leadership because of the respect the exiles will have for its American personnel. Such procedures, in his opinion, are necessary in order to properly integrate the various free radio deaks, their use of information recourses and to professionalize program content. He says he intends to have his News and information Service prepare scripts to be used by all deaks. In addition, pointed out a news gethering service of top rank correspondents will allow him great operational flexibility, for personnel can be interchanged at will.

SEUSET!

SECTET
Security Information

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	a personal friend.
	CONTRATZ:
H	is a strong person who in taking over FFE Bunich, apparently with langer consent. I suspect Lang gives his consent because he has been unable to design a cither driff ith or Condon. Lang has precumbly heretofore coalt with this problem by invisting upon F.T. policy central and by Keeping an inordinately large Czech, Polish and Bungarian program dosk in New York.
	I am sere there is merit in many of observations but respect that real trouble is browing between New York and Monich, especially among exile personnel as this becomes more a
	William Polinkiel MELLINI P. DURKER DO

SECRET Security Information

#### Security Information

MERCHANDO OF CONVERSA IN THE COURT SHEELEDSON - 16 MARCH AT 9:00 AN
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- 1. Mr. Thepardson said that he had gone ov r Drew Pearron business with his ontire staff and that they had all agreed that a policy of silence was clearly indicated, and that this was not a time to release the "ice-ben" statement which he referred to as "ice-box" statement maker I and number 2. Shepardson said he would feel out C. D. Jackson in his neeting with him today to determine whether C. P. thought any approach to Pearson should be rade and whether he himself would be the one to do it. We agreed that such an approach to Pearsen-should be made by meone else.
- 2. Then I queried him about the "ice-bex" statement number 2, he said he referred to the NOVI Policy Statement which states the fact of US Severament support. He said that it was his understanding that it had been cleared down here. I replied that to my knowledge this was not so. I told him all we had ever had was a draft statement which had been discussed informally. He agreed that if this was in fact the case, he would irrediately send the policy statement for our formal approval.
- 3. During the course of our conversation be indicated that Abbot Washburn had arranged for RFD to appear before the Jackson Sommittee on March 26 and also had arranged for the rest of NOTE to make a presentation some time in April. I asked whether dr. bulles was informed of this and he said he was not aware that he was. I suggested that some problem existed here for MCFE is Mr. Dulles' responsibility and that no-one denied that MCFE/FEI should make such a presentation, it was still a fact that such a unilateral presentation night lead to some difficulties. I therefore suggested that we make a joint presentation whether written or eral, to which Mr. Shepardson agreed.
- h. I discussed the problem of security in MER, Dunich, and our concern that a security or FFE be placed in Munich. Shepardson immediately agreed that this should be done and we agreed that I would prepare a paper for him outlining what we thought our problems are. In the meantime, will not be informed of our discussions on this subject. We also agreed that the ratter of sorking cut the placement of such a person in RFE would be a matter of joint study, but that it was largely a problem for him to work out with such assistance as we
- We discussed the question of Shepardson agreed that he would talk with Spencer Thenix in order to arrive at an over-all estimate before submitting an official request for funds. It was agreed, therefore, at this time we would not take any action on Phenix's request dated 17 February 1953.
- 6. I stated that I was anxious for a thorough review of Albanian-Aumanian emigre questions and we agreed that after Shepardson had time to give personal attention to details of these matters, we would have a full discussion here.

Security Information William V

Chief, IC/Tomic

Security Interpation

1 April 1953

MENCARATRA				, ,	
MEMORAHDUM	PORT DIRECTOR	R CENTRAL THE	LLICENCE AGE	NCZ	
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		•	THOMAS W. Chief		
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Attachment:	Ltr.Cr.Phenix 3/23/53	dù			ATSYCH

SECRET Security Information

Legaty Director (Flans)

CONCURRENCE:

Socurity Theorem ico

23 Harch 1953

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Boomil Tacha miten

Sincerely,

SECRET

Security information

100/F 3787

1h Pay 1953

MENDRANDUM FOR : Chief, PP

SUBJECT:

Letter from

Richard Melms
Chief of Operations, DD/P

15 T T

Attachments

9 June 1953

MEMORANDUM FOR: DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE

SUBJECT: Project

Attached is an accounting signed by

of the Project for the period August 15, 1952 to

May 27, 1953. This is for retention in your files.

(signed, 18.0%, AS, W. BRADEN

THOMAS V. BRADEN
Chief
International Organizations Division

Attachment
As stated.

14-00000

CIO: THB/ah

Orig - Addressee 1 cc - IC/TONIC 1 cc - CIO 1 cc - RI

SECURITY INFORMATION

SECRET Security Information

2 June 1953

MENDRAMUMM FOR: BEPUTY DIRECTOR (PLANS)

SUBJECT:

Remarks for meeting with Spencer Phenix et al on Thursday, 2:30 PM, & June 1953

1. At a PRC action on Friday, 29 May, as an interim action posting a full review in August of NCFE's total program and budget the Division recommended:

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THOMAS W. BRADEN
Chief
International Organizations Division

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May 5, 1953.

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## SECURITY INFORMATION

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MEMORANDUM FOR:	CHIFF; INTERNATIONAL ORGANI	ZATIONS DIVISION
ATTIBITION:	IO/BRANCH ONE	
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	Acting Chief, SF	
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## SECRET SECURITY INFORMATION

Recal 31 mar.

MEMORARDUM FOR: Chief, International Organizations Tivision

SUBJECT:

Reported Financial Support of

REPERENCES

Memorandum (10-3-682), cated 2 Worch 1953

ACTING CHIEF, SE

SECRET SECURITY INFORMATION

#### SECRET

MAR S

#### MEMORANDEM FOR: CHIEF TO DIVISION

SUBJECT

Proposal for Establishing a Microfilm Library of Rumanian Reference Material

- l. The attached paper outlines a project which may be of interest to your division. A Rumanian emigre, interested in propaganda and cultural activities, prepared the paper after consulting with a number of refugee scholars.
- 2. Although the results of such a project would be of great value to implementation is considered beyond the scope of the activities of this Division. Further, it appears more practicable for a project of this type to be undertaken by a research or cultural organization, rather than an intelligence agency, in order that the results may be more widely used.
- J. It is suggested that the MOVE, which is concerned with worthwhile employment of rofugee intellectuals, may be interested in this project is not in a position to finance such a project, it is possible that a privately endowed foundation would be interested. The emigre has discussed this project with the proje

#### SECURET

5. If further information is desired, please contact extension 195.

JOHN E. BAKER Chief, SE

Attachment: As stated above

## SEGRET Security Information .

Orig to busher Reca: 4/2/53

26 March 1953

MEMORASUEE FOR	CHI=P, 10	mation on	
Subject: Reference:	Socret Memo from Chief, IO, Subject: Informati		
	located in Frankfurt dated 19 F	arch 1953	

JOHN E. BAKER CHIEF, SE Commercial March

MAR 12 5 195**9** 

MEMORANDUM FOR:	Chiaf,	Paychologica	l Warfare	Division	
SUBJECT:					
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(Signed) MERED C. ULMER 12

ALFRED C. ULMER JR.
Assistant Chief
Political and Psychological Warfare Staff

cc: C/IO

# SECRET Security Information

14-00000

16 Karch 1953

	PEROPOSIDUM FOR	: Chief, International Organizations Division
	SUBJECT:	Remorandum dated 13 Harch 1953, Subject: "Notes on Pauls Trip"
	l. C. D. behalf, asking	Jackson wrote the Boris Take Foundation on Cohranen's that he be granted [10,000. He was granted this amount.
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SECRET
Security Information

### SECRET Security Information

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the direction of administrative and finance people. who is as scrupulous and thorough as any man can be, made all such arrangements and I would accept his recommendations of what needs to be done, if anything.

Chief, 10/TOWIC

25 Harch 1953

DIRECTOR OF CHITRAL INTELLIGINGE

Dr. Paul A. Fabry STEATER TE

it Clover's suggestion, I saw Paul Fabry, a very impressive and learned young Hungarian who is not a citizen and the wanted a job. I have replied to him negatively in the attachment and do so because there is a long list of allegations in the files about his and his vife's Communist associations. These allegations may or may not be correct but are accepted as correct by John Hughes who advises most strongly against having anything to do with him.

> THOMAS W. BRADMI Chief International Organizations Division

/ttacheunt

C O P

25 March 1953

Dear Dr. Pabry:

I have given a lot of thought within the past few days to the question of your immediate future which you raised with me. I find on checking into our rules and regulations that I simply can't help you here. I am sorry about this because you are an impreszive man to talk to.

I wish you good luck elsewhere.

Sincoroly,

Thomas W. Braden

Pr. Paul A. Fabry No W. E?th Street New York, Hew York Security information

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7 Morch 1953

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MEMORANEUM FOR: Chief, 10/PP

ATTENTIONS

Hr. Thomas Braden

SUPJECT:

1. Reference our conversation sometime ego, I would like to give you the results of our Revistry checks on

- 2 -

3. I should appreciate your keeping me advised on the possibility of keeping as the RFF representative.

PETER SICHEL

14-00000

## SECRET Security Information

2574

5 Merch 1953

MEHORAHDUH POR

Chief, IO Division

ATTEST TON:

Mr. Durkee

VIA:

C/PP

SUBJECT:

Radio Free Europe. Miscellaneous matters; conversation with Mr. Lang.

- 1. This is a brief report for the benefit of Mr. Durkee and for the information of Mesers. Parnes and Braden, concerning certain aspects of my luncheon conversation with Mr. Robert E. Lany of a March.
- 2. I believe that I was successful in covering in one way or another all of the points raised with me by Mr. Durkes prior to my conversation with Mr. Lang. I will not attempt in this memorandum to recapitulate the entire conversation, but I will comment on certain aspects thereof and state that, in peneral, the conversation seemed to me to be quite satisfactory.
- 3. I received the impression that there are still wheels within wheels" and much internal friction within the NOFE set up. This is very regrettable, but it seems to be a fact of life which I think should be brought to the attention of Mr. Shepardson at a very early date, and he should be urged to bring the warring factions together on a more anicable basis. The personalities involved are all important to the success of the operation and it is a great shame that they spend so much of their time and energy trying to out-maneuver and checkmate one another. I would not "give up" Bob Lang on this in talking with Mr. Shepardson -- but simply make this as a general observation of ours.

you and	h. I came down quite hard on Bob with respect to which Mr. Durkee handed to me and which herewith. I pointed out that this thing struck us for three good and sufficient reasons, to wit:	I return	to beć,

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ASTERON FILMS OF WISEON

TRACE O. WISHER
Deputy Director (Plans)

Dnel (1)

SECRET Security Information

Recd 6 march 50 sent 6 Stern

SUDJECT : Material for Transmittal to RFE.

MEMORAHDUR FOR: C/10

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- 2 -

JOHN R. HAKER Chief, SE

Attachment (1)

ESHET

SECRET > Security Information

Juspens 6m 1d

26 Pebruary 1953

MEMORANDUM TO: Acting Director, Central Intelligence
Agency

SUBJECT:

1. This is in response to your request for our views regarding the attached letter from

3. I would suggest, therefore, that in acknowledging letter we advise him not to make a special trip to Washington. Instead, we might suggest that if he is here on other business at some future time he should set in touch with Mr. at Sterling 3-5520. Is with the Contact Division, Office of Operations).

JOHN A. BROSS Chief, Eastern European Division

5 Mar 53

Note on cover sheet returned to EO/DD/P states:

"IO/TONIC concurs in subject memo - ES per WPD

5 march 1953

February 25, 1953



Ou of given Eller 13 Fet

CEO 1 2 1953

ASSOCIANDUM FOR	io division	
Subject:	to expression and the comment of the	to Secure Employment

2. It is requested that RFE be informed of the above information.

JOHN E. BAKER Chilef, SZ

C. Same

# 764-6

12 February 1953

Dear Oliver,

Would you be kind enough to pass on

the enclosed memorandum to

Lany thanks.

Sincerely yours,

Enc. 1

sent to della cruech, Va.

SECRET SECURITY INFORMATION

C O P

> 12 February 1953 110 W. 57th Street New York City

Dear Ed.

I saw your name on a piece of paper today written in recommendation of one stationery no less.

We are considering him for a Job with the Rumanian desk and would be grateful for your comments. He seems, so far as we have been able to determine, to be well equipped but a difficult personality.

Hope to see you sometime soon.

Sincerely yours,

/s/ Bob

Robert E. Lang

(For

4-00000

to Individual

12 February 1953

## SECRET Socurity Information

20 February 1993

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THE W. BRADEN

THE AD W. THAT EX

International Grandmations Civilion

Approved:

14-00000

Coneral Coursel

Teputy Tirector (Accidetration)

Attachment: 1 (a/s)

SECRET Security Information

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Distribution:
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RI - lee
IO/AD - lee

\$28 6. 1953

DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE MEMORANDUM FOR 1

SUBJECT:

NCFE Support of

REFFRENCE:

Your Memorandum of 12 January 1953 (ER #3-6149),

same aubject.

BIRH

RECHARD HELES Chief of Operations, DD/P

APP/ACU/LVm 31 January 1953

Distribution:

Addressee - Orig & 1

Chief of Operations, DD/P - 1

CPY - 1 CIO - 1

APP - 1

RI - 1

3 Fobruary 1953

My dear Mr.

I appreciate your letter and your interest. I recall with pleasure our acquaintance during the war and have noted your desire to serve the "democratio cause".

Very sincerely yours,

(Signed) ALICH W. CHELES

CIO:TWB/mf (19 January 1953)
retyped O/DDCI:REL/leb (23 January 1953)
retyped O/DDCI:AWD/mam (3 February 1953) Disti

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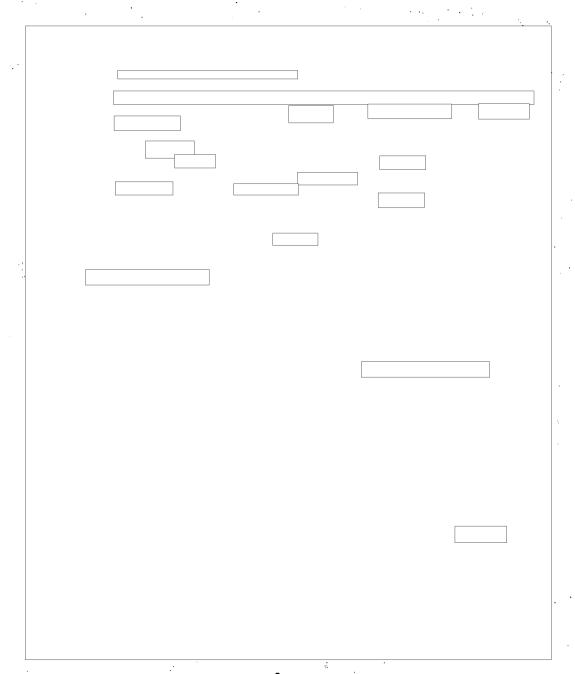
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SECRET INFORMATION



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SECRETA INFORMATION

SECTET

No.

2 Fahruary 1953

MUNCHANDUM FOR: TO/TONIO

SUBJECT: Call from Limited METER

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28 April 1953

MEHORASTUN POR:	DIFECTOR OF CENTRAL THIMLUIDENCE	• .		
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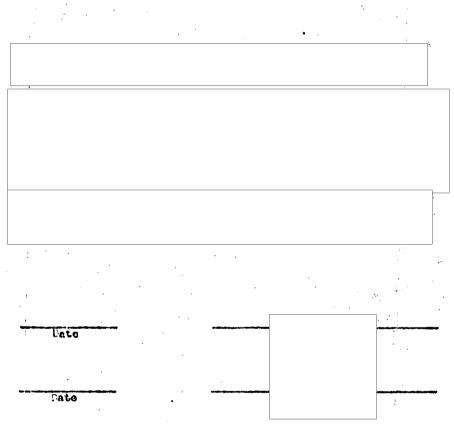
- (signed) 10:00 12 %

THOMAS W. ERADZ# Chief International Organizations Division

Attachment
Draft Memo of Understanding

IO/BrI:WPD-TWB/eh

Orig - DUI (TAPU DO/P)
1 cc - IO/Br I
1 cc - IO/Br II
1 cc - CIO
1 cc - RI
1 CC - CPP



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Program Dept. Personnel - N.Y. (Total) -111 -468 -579

(Free Lance not Included)

State Dept. errisideratione Further inquires revolved with 4. O'Coursel - 2591

Mr. Braden:

Ellen mays a clearance has been in since h Dec 1952 on Allen Michie. Nothing has been done in Sucurity on it and nossibly they can get to it next week. O'Connel on 2591 is the one handling it.

.F3I made a check on him in Aug 51 and found some rather decogatory info. State was considering him for employment and dropped it because of FBF check.

Do you want to call Long and tell him clearance has not been secured yet?

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FORM 867 USE PREVIOUS EDITIONS

SECRET

17-463

It really refer to:

25 January (1953

Brar David:

14-00000

You may be interested in a dispatch which I received here a couple of days ago and which I quote as follows:

"On January 14, Alexander Booker of the German Foreign Office informally brought to our attention a map of Eastern Europe which appeared in the December issue of "News from Behind the Iron Curtain", a monthly periodical published by the "National Committee for a Prec Europen. This map which is shown in small scale on page 1 of this periodical, shows all of Eastern Germany, including East Prussia, the Satellite States, and the former Saltic States. In the case of the former German territories east of the Oder-Weisse line, the area is simply shown as belonging to Poland, and its pre-war borders are not set off by a dotted line. With respect to Poland, Csechoslovakia and Eumania, however, the territories that were annexed by the Soviet Union during or after World War II are clearly marked by a dotted line. Furthermore, the Eastern Zone of Germany as well as East Prussia are shown in the same colors as the Soviet Union, whereas the Baltic and Satellite States are shown in white.

"Although Booker admitted that the man itself was not of great importance, he nevertheless pointed out that it represents 'a typical example of the one-sided anti-German propagandat put but not only by the National Committee for a Free Europe but also by Radio Free Europe. Such propaganda, he said, can only increase the misgivings which many Gormans, particularly the refugees, already entertain with respect to the activities of the committee and on the operations of Radio Free Europe on German soil.

A more constructive and objective propaganda policy of the committee and Fadio Free Europe along the lines of a larger European Community that would embrace Poland and Czechoslovicia as well as a reunited Germany and the other European nations would not only contribute to a better understanding

between the various refuges elements but would also have the full support of all dermiss, Sooker added."

Incidentally, I think you are doing an awfully good job on this kind of thing. The other night I actually read through an entire copy.

The article on music for the masses and the general expose of the attack on the arts is particularly significant, I think. Until the recent anti-Semitism, this field of culture is the one field of Soviet activity in which they were vulnerable before neutralists and fellow-travelers everywhere. The textency of the intellectual to smallow the Soviet line on culture, to fall for the Stalin Prises, the high status accorded the obedient intellectual in Soviet society, and pseudo-scientific appeal of the Marxian dogma of equality is cangerous. In a free society, the intellectual is the origin of ideas.

Anything we can do to show the fact that every aspect of Soviet culture has been transformed into an instrument of the State, that the intellectual's role is important only so long as he is obedient, that in fact the product of the Soviet artist would not hold a candle to the standards set by fellow-traveling circles in Vestern Surope, and that the Soviet has corrupted the principles of equality on which it presumes to stand is terribly important.

I am sure you are sware of all the above but I thought of it when I read the piece in the last issue, and my comment is just another way of telling you what a good job I think you are doing.

Sincerely,

(Mr. David Powers
New York, New York)
CID:TWB/eh
Crig - Addressee
1 cc - Leonard Stamm
1 cc - TONIC
1 cc - CIO
1 cc - RI

The Muller I will need the

Security Information

27 January 1953

MERORANDEZ FOR: CHIEF, INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS DIVISION

SUBJECTS

Exploitation by HFE of Physicians (Plot)

- 1. Attached herewith the January 17 Washington Post Editorial on "Communicat Autisemitism", which you requested.
- 2. This editorial has not been proviously sent to New York. However, I should like to call your attention to the fact that the material covered in this exitorial has already been exploited by RPE, as evidenced in their. guidances of 13, 14 and 15 January.

EZILEN STERN IO/TONIC

Attachments As stated above

Just mote lev. to dang 30 Jun 53

# SECLET Security Information

The Crusade officials have estimated that in addition to the above expenses to close out the 1952 campaign.

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SEGRET 27 january 19

E. R. SAUNDERS

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### RESTRICTED

- HII 4 - HUNGARY Jun. 26, 1953

'JOINT' ONLY ONE OF U.S. EPY TENTACLES

Budopost, Burgarian Home Service, Jan. 23, 1953, 1900 CMT--L

(Commontary by Pal Londval)

(Summary with Quotationa)

In the report carried by an "American bourgeois weekly" the name of the banker Warburg was included smong several philanthropic U.S. businessmen. Tarburg was described as one of the most zeslous among them. The adjoctive would have been truly set if applied not to Warburg's philanthropic activities but to his business activities.

"In the history of American capitalism we have beard of many a chrowd and bone businessmen, but few have been more cunning or more ready for any aid every wiskedness than Warburg. By profession he is a banker-and not just any second-or third-rate speculator, but a member of Kuhn, Loob, and Company, the second largest banking firm in the United States. At the same time, he is also chairman of Joint, the Zionist Jewish bourgeois-nationalist organization.

"It will be remembered that the Joint has been, to the accompaniment of the culogies of the bourgeois press, acting for yours under a philanthropic disguise and with the alleged purpose of providing financial aid to Jews in Europe and other countries.

"In reality this organization--as revealed by the Flancky trial and the case of the group of doctor-wreckers unmasked in the USTR--has served as a forward base of American imperialism and has carried out, under the direction of the U.S. caplonage service; apping, terrorist, and asbotage setivities against the USER and the People's Democratics.

Birds of a feather flock typether: Joint is given away by the identity of the man heading it. Er. Warburg, donning the robe of the philanthropist and placing himself in the role of savior of the Jewe, has been the bosom friend and business partner of the West German banker Pfordemongos, one of Hitler's former financiers and advisers, one of the wickedest Nazi war criminals.

"Warburg, the Sionist leader, and Pfordemonres, the Hitlerite, have Jointly founded with vest initial capital a banking firm in Hamburg, the most important investment in West Germany of Rubn; Loeb, and Company.

### RESTRICTED

- 出55 -

HUNG/RY Jan. 26, 1953

"This some arburg who, with one hand, scribbles humanistic and charity appeals has pocketed with the other-as a chief shoreholder of I.G.
Farbonindustrie--rich dividends resulting from the manufacture of poison gas for the Ausehwitz doubt camp, where several million people, including many hundreds of thousands of Jews, were killed. This same arburg who presches about helping the victims of the war is one of the main architects of the cold war and, with the golden rain of dollars he helps to set on its feet again the bloodthirsty and money-hungry German importation.

"Such is the likenous of philanthroplets for whom every life extinguished, every bomb dropped means the clinking of gold. Under the expert direction of Mr. "arburg, the principal task of Joint has been apping and the organization of subotage for the overthow of the People's Demogratic regimes. This was the organization which directed the base activities of the deter-wreckers and gave instructions for the extermination of the leading cadres of the foylot Union. At the same time, however, it does not look with contempt upon currency deals and black marketeering or smuggling. Spying and sabotage have proved excellent business also. Through the flegal emigration movement in Greehalovskis, for instance, Joint made a profit of 9 dellars for every dellar invested. The damage which these ariminals have caused the Greehalovsk Poople's Republic would have covered the costs of 20,000 room flats or 177,000 car loads of wheat."

Joint, though important, is by no means the only espionage and terror organization of American imperialism. The U.S. Government long ago made on institutional and an official governmental activity of the organization of essensinations and acts of terror. The Mutual Security Act provides 100 million dollars for the recruitment into armed formations of "war criminal and other criminals who fled from the USCR and the People's Democracies," for action against their countries of origin.

Since the end of the World War Two the war incondiaries have been tensciously and systematically building up their interwoven and world-embracing capionage notwork." The sum total invested for the purpose is far in excess of the amount atipulated in the Mutual Security Act.

'The Ewise paper DIE TAT cotimates the annual aperating costs of the Central Intelligence Agency, employing 6,500 permanent and tens of thousands of temporary spice, at 300 million dollars.

### RESTRICTED

- HH 6 -

HUNGARY Jan. 26, 1953

"That agency was recently given a new chief, following the resignation of Gen. Pedell Smith, with the appointment a few days ago of Allen Pulles, the brother of the new Secretary of State, the immediate director of the secret war against the USCR and the People's Domocracies, the recruiting officer of the Rajks, Szonyis, Slauskys, and other traiters of the same brand.

"The central caplonage organization embraces several bodies active in appling and diversion and commutinged with impressive names, the espionage organization known as the National Committee for a Free Europe being one of the many mointained with U.S. dollars and directing its own branch organizations all over Europe. That committee, too, has been headed by filen Bulles, and its members have included Freedent Eisenhower, Con. Clay, and representatives of the yellow trade unions and of "all Street."

That committee has been the motive force behind the various national committees, including the one led by "proven traitors like Ference Negy, Mikolajoryk, and their associates." In Straubourg and other places captanage has been given a scientific standing at universities, together with various methods of incendiarism and associatein. The "Green International" is also one of the committee's branches, allied to "the gang of the international same of landlords deprived of their estates.

'It is but a few months ago that the Czechoslovak State Security organs unmoded a terrorist group belonging to the international empirings organization. The outbursts of fury of the imperialist lic-monufacturers, their wailings, the salvots of rage coming from the bourgeois politicians, are proofs in themselves that the exposure of the undercover Joint agencies, the recent liquidation of American apy and terrorist groups in Bulgaria and Poland has touched the organizate of a new wor to the quick.

'According to deta not quite complete, in the past year alone 41. American may groups and terrorful organizations have been liquidated in the USSR and the Popple'r Democracies. We must be prepared for the time when the enemy, precisely because of the new blow suffered by him, will try to harm us by even viler means.

We must always remember Stalin's wise words to the effect that so long as there is capitalism around us, there will be wreakers, diversionist spics, and terrorists sent by foreign countries to stab the Soviet Union in the back. Let us therefore fight with even greater vigilance, let us fight even more implicably against the enemy's attempts to prevent, by substage and subversion, the building of Socialism. The frustration of his plans depends upon us and upon our vigilance."

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SECRET Security Information

### SECRET

Security Information

26 James 1953

MESORANDEM FOR: CHIEF, INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS DIVISION

SUBJECT:

14-00000

Meeting of Poles to be held here in February

REFERENCE:

Memorandum on same subject from CIO to 10/Branch I, dated 23 January 1953

- 1. NCFE has confirmed that a meeting of ambareadors and diplomats of the Polish Government in Exile is to be held here in the middle of February.
  - 2. The following individuals are scheduled to attend the meeting:

#### a. Ambasendors

### b. Agento

Koravski Paris
Raczynski London
Pabinski Grissa
Lipski Marnington
Arciszewski Esenos Airas
Dombinski Gris

### c. Others

- 3. The purpose of the meeting is to discuse end decide matters concerning the foreign policy of the Government in Exile. ECPE has heard rumors, but does not know for a fact, that the Poles-intend to pay their respects to the new Administration. If this should be done, General Bosnkowski (who is returning from Canada at the end of this week) would be the spokesman, since he knows Eisenhower personally.
- 4. NCPE is in no way involved in sponsoring or financing this meeting. The Polish Government in Exile has funds of its own which should enable it to send delegates.

SECRET

WILLIAM P. DURKER Chief, 10/TONIC

23 January 1953

MEMORANDUM FOR: 10/BRANCH 1 - Miss Ellen Stera

SUBJECT:

14-00000

Moeting of Poles to be held here in Fabruary

- 1. John Bress telephoned me late today to inquire whether BCTE knows anything about a meeting of a group of Poles in the Polish Government in Exile to be held in February. Sokolowsky'?) was mentioned as a member of this group, and it is their intention to meet with Poles from South America, and pay their respects to the new Administration.
- 2. The Embassy in London is concerned about visas for these Poles and Bob Joyce has asked John Bross whether we are giving any encouragement to this proposed meeting.
  - 3. Will you find out from NCFE what they know about this?

THOMAS W. BRADEN
Chief
International Organizations Division

CTO/en

Toig - iddressee 4 cc - CTO Tomic file

CORPORT TORMATION

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### 23 January 1953

MEMORANDUM PORI	CHIEF, IO BRANCH I
SUBJECT:	Use of RFE

THOMAS W. BRADEN
Chief
International Cryanizations Division

CIO:TWB/eh

14-00000

Orig - C/10/Br2 1 cc - CTO

The Brown

14-00000

Primto O10 terfile 1.6906

> 22 January 1953 (Haller)

MEMORANLUM POR: Chief, TO

FROM:

Chief, PI/Plans/Cover

SUBJECT:

Comments concerning Crusade for Europe

SECRET Security Information

14-00000

22 January 1993

Description: Entry, introduction of the contraction o

Luckie Memo 13 Jan Sent lo

Secretary Secretary

Security Information

26 January 1953

PERORAHDUR POP: OFFUTY DIPFOTOR (PLANC)

SUBJECT:

14-00000

Graft NCFF Folicy Statement

- 1. Attached is a draft NCFF Policy Statement which has been reviewed and accented by the Executive Committee of NCFF, but which was sent to us without the knowledge of Idmiral Filler and therefore should probably not be commented on by you to any of our friends in New York unless you have also received a copy from another source. Admiral Miller probably intends to send up this statement after it has been approved by the Board of Lirectors.
- 2. You may wish to compare it with the old ice-box statement now in effect, slao attached.
- 3. You may also wish to note Part I, paragraph 2 in which mention is made of government surport. It is apparently the intent of NOFF to make this statement not an ice-box statement, but a public document and if so, I think you ought to make particularly certain that you approve this part of it.
- 4. Finally, I think you will want to note the general tenor of Part III. Perhaps I am quibbling, but it seems to me a trifle full-blown. I realize that NCFF is a separate government agency just under cabinet status, but this reads a little bit as though it were putting on the trappings of national sovereignty.

THOM: W. ERADEN
Chief
International Organizations Division

Attachments As stated.

CIO: TWB/mf
Distribution:
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1 cc - CIO

1 cc - GIC 1 cc - RI

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Section.

For Bill Durkee

.001 (1) 1052

HEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD SUBJECT: PRC Mooting

14-00000

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# SECTION Security Information

21 January 1953

### MEMORANDUM OF CONVERSATION

14-00000

EVENECT: Crusade for Freedom

Per telephone conversation from Mr. Dorkee on 21 January 1953, the following was stated:

SECRET Security Information B Jamiery 1953

MENURARUM FOR: DEPUTT DIRECTOR CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

VIA: Deputy Director (Plans) Chief, Political and Psychological Warfare

SULJECT:

14-00000

Additional Funds for the Crusade for Freedom

A. Furir requested for termination of 1952 empaign.

14-00000

(LIME) W. Wolde THMAS W. ERADEN Chief International Organisations Division

Documber 23, 1952

# SUPPLATE OF FUNDS REFERED

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SECRET SECURITY INFORMATION SECURITY INFORMATION

December 29, 1952

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Security Information

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On Hermiter 13, 1953. Covered Chap and Computes Chabean Status, weeks to state obligation for the SSS transfer requesting their opinion and carriestians in the tests of continuing the Canada discovered the poor. Figure a feddinated variable of continuing a participated characterist program all carries by a fund delive in the Call. Experiment place this continue this cont.

This would require the devalopment of a field engantestion on a relief conto to trive from the trive find and to so thing the influence that Influence the Arabendian which the security the Life of the Life orapidge. And objectives may be attained in the major.

The first way is to become at the entired lived the entercoret and economic tion of nutional groups in all finish of suctivity, with the electronic idea of necessary voluntees for the course voluntees for the course was found. Lovel.

The arrived may do to much discretly in the clair from the city and county level.

We are provedly utalked to every out the relied moreovery in the livet approach on the mational level. However the second nothed requires a more consequent of electric. For expendentional purposes the country about he divided into four regions with a national representation in the electric for a second motion. This extinual representations should at all times to represent a national representations of our desired to be at contact to the circum within his region of the mational beats. His transform groundly are:



- i. To interpret misional policy to the existe dustrance.
- 2. To feellikate the flee of material, near releases, the. From the mational effice to the pasts within the various structure.
- To needst the chair chairman in succeeding from the nation in office nordalization of all kinden.
- he To sid the state chairman in particular his organization.

As the lime of the comprige the rection state christmen would, with the commod of the nettenth representation, weather the confidence of their the compression at the chief level to earny on the intensite phases of the engalge effort, within budgetnry limitations.

Expendence in the Airid in voluntary expendentions over the years ledientro that this matter of regional representation is effective and consideral for the Tablesing remains.

1. The nutleast representative is the full-time amployee of the organisation, with a knowledge of the bread finance of the next of the organization. He is therefore equipped to interpret policy and energies judgment as repidly as required.

SECRET Security Information SESRIT Franklin Andonie (Alon

-32-

- 2. As an employee of the mational expandention he is directly morphomible to the national expandention, and is by the fact maker the control, and subject to its supervision within a general framework of action.
- 3. Working the year-round with state chairmen and what a committees, < the matienal representative is in an excellent position at compaign time to sewere the type of temperary personnal and help that the chairmen and the state situation requires.

erves Deuxiè y Information SECURITY THOMSANTON

TABLE OF PERSONNAL CRUSARE FOR STREETS

Executive Vice Chairman Secretary

Compaign Director
Secretary
Admintant to Compaign Director
Clerk Stanographer

National Representatives - Headquarters in New York

.A. Labor, Voterans, Federal Employees

B. New York City operation and special assignments

C. Management Groups, Corporate Appeals and special assignments two stemographers

Hational Representatives as in Field

Five Matienal representatives will be assigned on a regional basis to work with state chairmen and state committees.

Assistant Treasurer's Office - Accounting Department

Assistant Treasurer

Secretary
Chief Accountant
Assistant Accountant
Stanographer

Telephone Operator Stock Clerk end Messenger

Publicity and Public Relations Director

Secretary

Assistant Director - Features, Engazines, House Organs Stemographer:

Director - Speakers Bureau

Radio and 37 Director Secretary

Director Homen's and School Groups

National Representatives for assignment on a Regional Rapis
"" New England and Middle Atlantic (Out of New York Office - 1 man)
"South atlantic."

Midwest

Far East

Munich Operation - Public Relations

Secret Security information DEFUTT INFORMATION

CRUSADE FOR PREEDOM



SOURCELLEGERATION

14-00000

to Tonic

SECRET SECURITY INFORMATION

January 20, 1953

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SECRET SECURITY INFORMATION

14-00000

SEGNET REGURLLY INFORMATION

Sincerely yours,

SECRET SECURITY INFORMATION

SUBJECT	DUM FOR: Chie	of, Eastern Eur	opean Divisio	ж ·	
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SECRET

Enclosures (2)
As specified.

CC: C/IO C/FI C/WE FRANK G. WISNER Deputy Director (Plans)

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15 January 1953

MEMORANDUM FOR:	INSPECTOR GENERAL	÷
SUBJECT:	Briefing Papern	- -
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THOMAS W. BRADEN
Chief
International Organizations Division

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# SECRET Security Information

NOTE has, from small beginnings, for purposes only generally defined, grown into a large institution organised as follows:

NOTE is a non-profit membership corporation, organised under the laws of New York State.

The Committee's major divisions, functions and budget for 1953 are au follows:

a. Division of General Administration - Sudget for fiscal year

This is a headquarters administrative unit in NOTE's new York headquarters. It is not an over-all administrative unit, as each subdivision has its own administrative organization.

b. Division of Calgre Relations - Budget for fiscal year 1953 -

The Division of Emigre Relations is the political center of NOFE. Through this Division, support is given to the various emigre organizations and to individual congress.

In the part two years, this bivision has attempted -- with conspicuous lack of success -- to create unified refugee groups. It is at present in the process of reviewing and revising its relations with individual origins and enigre organizations. It is attempting to exercise closer financial control over those organizations and to develop a program using enigre groups and individuals in a way which will contribute more positively to psychological warfare afforts. This filvision of MOFF is the most responsive to guidance.

e. Pivision of Intellectual Cooperation - Sudget for Fideal

The activities of this Division are principally directed to the building of intellectual resources which will ensure continuity with the past and which can be used when the satellite countries are liberated. The Division's activities consist of:

- 1. The Fast Ehropean Inquiry, an outgrowth and enlargement of the Tamubian Inquiry, which was ervated by Woodrow Wilson in 1918. Its aim is to prepare basic materials in order to meet the minimum needs of those who will be charged with the reorganization of the Tamubian erea.
- 2. Other Studies of a miscellaneous nature useful to the other divisions of NATA and to students of Central Europe.

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- 3. Scholarships to American universities this year will be 80-35 to highly qualified exiles the have signed a pledge to return to their homelands after liberation.
- h. Textbooks to replace Communist textbooks are being prepared in stockpile and manuscript form.
- 5. The Mid-European Law Project, which digests and annotates current legislation from the Iron Cartain countries.
- 6. The East European Accessions list, which publishes a monthly annotated bibliography of current published anternal from the satellites received in the Library of Congress.

## e. Research and Publication Service - Sudget for fiscal year

The Committee for Research and Publications was created in Nevember 1951 to make available in currently useful form information about the satellite countries. It gathers beforeation from four basic sources:

- The analysis of 270 Communist newspapers and periodicals;
- 2. RFE's overseas information-gathering network;
- 3. Monitoring reports from all major satellite radio stations. The analysis of the 10,000 publications from the satellite area ruceived annually by the Library of Congress. The compiled information is used in the following ways:
  - a) Within NOFE Daily digest of all Iron Curtain information.

    These are prepared for the use of RFEE's

    New York language desk;
  - b) Weekly trend meetings by RFE RPS deak heads to discuss the interpretation and use in radio programming of events in the Iron Curtain countries;

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- Research projects on specific tempets for RTS's New York and Munich language Cerks. Delly monitoring highlights summarize major examts in all satellite countries;
- d) RFC also makes available its information files to the Divisions of Intellectual Comperation and indices Relations;
- e) A "Black Rock" prepared every wix months, contains communist attacks against MCTL-RTE;
- f) To the general public These from Behind the Iron Curtain, a nonthly magazine of source material about the target area, is issued to a medical people in the field of communications. The research studies have been distributed outside the Committee to a total of N,500 people. Foreign language belietins in each of the major tengues of the satellite countries, are distributed to some 5,000 exiles in 52 countries outside the Soviet orbit. These bulletins, which average 100 pages each, are the only complete and unbiance source of information about their captive handlands available to those who have escaped.

### f. Radio Proc Suropo - Sudget for fiscal year 1953 -

Radio From Europo's main broadcasting studio and engineent is located in Munich, Germany. Breadcasting facilities are maintained also in Mew York and there is a relay station in Fortugal. RFE broadcasts an average of about 1,0% hours per week. If this broadcasting time 1874 hours are original programming, directed mainly to Greenoslovakia, hungary and Feland. Broadcasts to Bulgaria, Rumania, and Albania are prepared and relayed from New York. New York exercises policy control over 271 proadcasts through daily guidances and a tele-type system between Munich and New York.

Radio Free Europe has ite com information section to provide its broadcast materials. It has correspondents and offices in London, Paris, Stockholm, Berlin, Hamfourg, Frankfurt, Salaburg, Vienna, Linz (Austria), Wels (Austria), Fraz (Austria), Yeas, Trieste, Athens and Istanbul. These offices produce an average of over one thousand reports per month. In addition, material for broadcasting comes from: 1) satellite press publications; 2) RPE's monitoring service of satellite and Russian broadcasts; 3) information from the Division of Emigre Relations, private letters, news service, the EIC, VCA and others.

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The foregoing is a cureory outline of MOFE and a brish record of our attempts to solve administrative problems. To complete the picture, the following is a brish outline of the major psychological problems we face with MOFE.

U.S. program for dealing with the estellite nations of Eastern Europe. The top of fields of ECFF have no detailed comprehension of U.S. policy, nor any understanting of how they can contribute to its development and operation. They give only lip service to to idea of chaming policy galdance from Washington. Their apparent attitude has been that they can make a trip to washington, determine what which policy is, and return to New York with the job done. This push-bitter mentality, added to their deep-scated suspicion of Covernment interference, has lead them to resist our efforts to study their role and to develop new ideas, or reascens old ocen.

is a result of these attitudes, there has been considerable difficulty in saiding information about MOFF activities, problems and plans. For example, we do not receive any regular ecomunication from Admiral Mara, Willers we have received no list of MCFR personnel, ner any minutes of meetings of the Staff Free tive Cornittee, or the Found of Mirectors. Even more important than this is We fact that the heads of divisions are prevented from having contact with us, except on occasions when Admiral Miller is out of town. As a result, for instance, Mr. Long, the head of RFE, who has considerable problems and is anxious for the Dillest Minison, is prevented from dealing with us personally. Conversely, every attempt to deal with NOTE personnel individually is looked upon with empiricion and carried on by NEFF personnel, with some apprehension. The respons for Admiral Hiller's attitude are two-folds (a) In his organization he wante everything done through him; and (b) He done not wish any outside "control" over his activities. (Adviral Filler's canner of conducting affairs within the Corodittee is resented by Mr. Shencer Phendx and other numbers of the Poerd of Firectorn, but Fr. Therix and NOFE Firectors support Admiral illier in his reluctance to deal outside the Fourd.

Trico lack of constitution and comen study has clear reflections in the organizations itself. NOSE is not an integrated organization. Each division operates accurately, without any real relation to other divisions. Added to this, the lack of a clear understanding of the Cormittee's purposes and of its place in the total psychological warfare efforts of the United States has led to real dissatisfaction among the Firstein heads. They are environ to know that they are doing, to integrate their cum efforts and to cooperate to the maximum.

To formulate our own and MCFFF ideas, we have been and are carrying on discussions with the officials and marking personnel of MCFF. In some of those discussions, Mr. Francis B. Stevens of the State Department, has been a direct perticipant.

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Those discussions have envered a wide variety of subjects which can generally be described as followers

- (1) What is NORTH place as a whole in sourcean policy toward the matchine matters? What is A order policy? What coefficient are likely?
- (2) How can MTT, especially the division of Reigne Felations, contribute more effectively to psychological and political variant, not only for effects being the Iron Curtain, but in the Free World? For example How can MRL securely engage in further activities in the pattern of its successful bottoms at the united lations There Laker Rearings and the International Red Greek Restings at Terento?
- (3) Thould NOTE continue to support enters councils, or should some other technique be developed which can enable it to be entere offective use of adgree for psychological warters perposes?
- (4) Now can the descarch and Indications Livision, the division of Intellectual Cooperation, and the Free division ty best contribute to these efforts?
- (5) Is MIN efficiently organized? What, for example, is the effect of the livision of integre bolations' dealings with swigres on the position of RFS in Surope, etc?
- (6) How can so give specific guidance to HTE? What kind of information in wanted, for example, by HTE? What stackes and means of overcoming jurisdictions to made nyallable to HTE? Now can American and writish lugations in the saw litter best provide guidance and information for PRE?

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There are, in addition, so a specific current pro less that should be montioned. They are:

(1) Sy to position in Generally difficult. The political situation in General has developed so that the terms expelled, much ring some 9,000,700 votes, have folled will the extreme nationalist elements, now of whom are conformal extractions, a changloved separation. This groups holds a potential possible behance of power between the CD and the SAD. Its a result, both parties, but particularly the SPD, are beaming more vociferously nationalistic. Fig. as an American operation in General, including the value of America, will be the subject of pressures, IPC is most volumentale of all because of its Fastern European personnel and the nature of its breadcasts, FIC's problems are the subject of earcful study at the prepont time by NOFE, and others.

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Should RFE be forced out of Germany -- its facilities in Portugal can be expanded to take over the job. Programming can be moved to London and Paris. In addition, MFE has asked us to consider the feasibility of their locating a station in Turkey to enable them to program full time with a strong signal into Damania, Pulgaria and Albania.

SECURITY Information

### CHUSADE FOR FREEDOM

### 1950 CAMPAIGN

- 1. The Crusade was launched by General Dwight D. Eisenhower on a nation wide broadcast.
- 2. The symbol of the Crusade, a ten ton World Freedom Bell, inscribed with a quotation from Lincoln, "This World under God shall have a new birth of freedom", toured the United States from coast to coast. The "Freedom" Bell" was sent to Berlin to become part of a "Freedom Shrine", and tolled there over an international radio hookup.
- 3. Freedom Scrolls signed by 15,000,000 contributors were taken to Berlin to become a permanent part of the Freedom Sarine.
- 4. In the United States, local committees were established throughout the country. General Licius Clay was appointed chairman of the Fund raising campaign of the Crusade for Freedom. Ar. Abbott Mashburn, Chief, Public Relations for General Foods Corp. was appointed as the director. Assisting companies were: Fund raising John Price Co., Inc. Advertising Hewitt, Ogilvy, Benson & Mather Inc. Small mass contributions were solicited. Contributions from large individual donors were solicited later, in order to afford the fund raising campaign a broader continuity. Literature (samples attached) of all kinds, explaining Radio Free Europe were distributed.
  - 5. Financial results were as follows:

Expenses;	
Contributions	

#### 1951 CAMPAIGN

The 1951 Crusade Campaign was begun by the launching of ballooms into Czechoslovakia and Poland containing pamphlets of encouragement to the people of these countries. Copies of the message and samples of the balloons were used to solicit contributions in the United States. Publicity dealt largely with Radio Frue Europe. Free magazine advertising was widely used for the first time. A coast to coast telethon was used.

Inadvertently, through mistakes of the staff and the failure to adequately brief community leaders, the Crusade mistakenly implied that the Voice of America was ineffective — that only Radio Free Europe, the privately supported radio broadcasting station, could do an effective job.

After conferences with the State Department, it was agreed that VOA and RFE were complimentary activities and that in the future the Crusades

(1) Would not put out anything which might be interpreted as a criticism of the Voice. To that end, an attached leaflet was inserted as an insert in the January 1952 "Crusader", a newsletter which was sent out to the 8,000 regional chairman of the Crusade for Freedom. It was intended to acquaint the regional Crusade organisations with the facts about the Voice of America and to offset any criticism or unfortunate comparison between Radio Free Europe and the Voice of America.

Financial results were as follows:

Expenses;	
Contributions	

### 1952 CAMPAION

The 1952 Crusade Campaign was begun by General Eisenhower, Adlai Stevenson and Henry Ford, II, the 1952 Campaign Chairman. The Campaign was endorsed in a letter from President Truman:

\*I understand that on the success of the 1952 Crusade rests the plans of the Crusade for Freedom to build more radio stations in Free Europe and Asia. If this can be done, and I believe that it will be done, the Free world can nove offectively get the truth behind the Iron Curtain.

"It is essential that the people everywhere know that we are working for peace, freedom and prosperity for all mankind."

The assistance of the Advertising Council was enlisted and for the first time outdoor billboard advertising was used. Records were made containing 2 fifteen minute programs on "The RFE story" and spot films were arranged for television with narration by Henry Fonda.

For the first time, fund raising letters seeking large contributions were sent to all leading corporations.

The Compaign was highly organised on the local level with state chairmen in almost every state. The Post Office Department permitted the use of a local post office address for receipts.

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purposes on a mass scale - a freedomgram to be signed by contributors has been distributed. These freedomgrams, translated into six languages will be broadcast over Radio Free Europe.

13 January 1953

MEMORANDUM FOR:	DEPUTY CHIEF, POLITICAL AND PSYCHOLOGICAL STAFF
Subject:	Request by the Directors of NCFE for a statement from
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Thomas W. Buadou.
THOMAS W. RRADEN
Chief
International Organizations Division

Attachments: As stated above

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CONMUNICATION

MEMORANDUM FOR: Deputy Director Central Intelligence

FROM Chief, International Organizations

THOMAS W. BRADEN

CONFIDENTIAL Security Information

STORY INFORMATION

## SULL BUY OF FACTS OF RADVO FREE TIREFE

Radio Free Europe (RFE) runs established as a securate division of NGFE when the latter was incorporated on lay 11, 15h9. RFE has been on the air since mid-July 2 1000. At the close of 1990, RFE broadcasts were totaling 7% hours daily, programs of 1% hours each being addressed to the people of Februal, Cacchoslevalia, inc. 1879, instable and July prim. The total cost of this c wilest provide, irresult 17 May 19h9 to 30 June 1950, was spin-1937.87, openating and cacchosle costs being roughly even. The next year was to see these cace works pine in the same ratio - capital to operating - to a total of

Today, RFE broadensts to all the shave mentioned countries, with the addition of Albania, at a weekly total rate of 1866 nours, of thick if 190 hours are original programming - some for the total iron torld broadenst bours directed at the Orbit. An original recognition broadensts are directed mainly to Occabonlovakia, Hungary and Folkand. Broadensts to bullfaria, Romania and Albania are presented at releyed from Nou York.

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	operating evenues (only, 12 fel	
for the same period are .	T command of Mr expense forces.	
to date is as follows:		
Por Period 17 Lay Mr t/ 30 June 50 For Period 1 July 50 to 30 June 51 For Period 1 July 51 to 36 June 52 For Period 1 July 52 to 30 June 53		
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RME's reinciral install things are its main breakcating staller and production equipment, located in lamich, learning producting facilities mainlyined in New York City and the hojor relay server at Linbon, Fortugal.

In dermany, transmitters are in operation at Holzkirchen and Eiblis, while monitoring, precording and receiving functions are at applicable in and bookhung. In Portugal, the 50 and 100 by a branchit for booklex is at Cheria, while receiving/monitoring facilities and production/editing are at becomeria and Mahon, respectively.

Original cardital investment in dernmy as pd 30 June 1950 mounted to Original cardital, For Fortugalians of 30 June 1950

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### CRUSATE FOR SET DIFFE

PARE to in part supported by the Orusede for Freedom, a rejor for s-raising mechanism. From Jertember h, 1950 to date, the Orusede has been responsible for some hig million delians in contributions to SOME and RFE. Exceeditures for the Orusede, over the same reried, amounted to nome 2 3/s millions. All monies raised, exceeditures, or a total of 1 Mh millions have been spent at early and a dely on about our last installations, i.e., brance of there, receivers, supporting eq. Speent.

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FFE in July 1950 comloyed 127, of whom 118 were Americans, 21 of whom were employed in Germany. At present, fifth has a botal staif of 1778, of whom 252 are Lorrican. In her Work, the saling and admigstrative headquarters, the staff macher 195. In homion, with in the programming headquarters, there are 1249 employees. It become, the theindeal relay headquarters, there are now 124 invividuals. These figures include only staff employees on the regular payroll.

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RFE in a major instrument in total U.S. political and psychological warfare efforts directed at Sentral and Eastern Europe. It has contributed in the following ways:

Western press agencies by 25 hours ahead of VOA and BNC in amnouncing events of major importance.

Radio Free Europe was the first to inform the Agency of the recent riots in Filsen, the reshuffle of the Hungarian Communist Covernment, etc.

RFE has contributed in the Launchin; of two balloon operations: one in the sugger of 1951, when barrages of balloons were burded at Grechoslovakia and Foland, another on 15 July 1953, when thousands of balloons were launched into Grechoslovakia.

RFE gives hope casts have provided piloto, Freedom Trai	to those behind the Irrn Cartain and incentives to escapes e.g. escape of t	ita bwo	broad- Polish
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PERMITA MEANINES

7 January 1953

MEMORANDUM FOR: DEPUTY DIRECTOR (PLANS)

SUBJECT:

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RFE in Turkey

ACTION NECESSARY: Will you please decide or cause to be decided the following question: Should the National Committee for a Free Europe in its approach to Turkish authorities exploring the possibility of creating an RFE station in Turkey contact Turkish authorities as a

### Background

1. The State Department has asked that RFE not approach Turkish authorities until VOA's attempt to get into Turkey has been accepted or refused by the Turks. The Department has now given the Voice of America until 15 January to conclude its negotiations with the Turkish Government. These negotiations appear to be leading nowhere and, on the assumption that VOA will not pain entrance to Turkey, the Department has authorized RFE to begin negotiations on the above date.

Mouras Braken

THOMAS W. BRADEN Chief

International Organizations Division

SECURITY INFORMATIONS